

NOTICE OF PLANNING PERMISSION

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015

To:

Mr Jim Seymour
Seymour Planning Limited
27 Central Drive
Romiley
Stockport
SK6 4PE

On Behalf Of:

Mr P Cook
Paul Cook Developments (Whitehaven) Ltd
c/o agent

PART 1 - Particulars of Application**Application Number:** 71812**Date of Registration:** 31/03/2025**Proposal:**

Variation of condition no. 12 following approval of planning permission 69463 - To change the wording for the foul and surface water drainage at the site

Location:

Station Works, Bury Road, Radcliffe, Manchester, M26 2UA

PART 2 - Particulars of Decision

Bury Metropolitan Borough Council hereby give notice in pursuance of the provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 that permission has been **GRANTED** for the carrying out of the development referred to in Part 1 hereof in accordance with the application and plans submitted subject to the following conditions:-

- 1 The development must be begun not later than 20th March 2027.
Reason. Required to be imposed by Section 91 Town & Country Planning Act 1990.
- 2 This decision relates to drawings numbered B1-00-DR- A-0800 Rev B and WL_2226_001 Rev P2 and the development shall not be carried out except in accordance with the drawings hereby approved.
Reason. For the avoidance of doubt and to ensure a satisfactory standard of design pursuant to the policies of the Development Plan listed.
- 3 Details/Samples of the (materials/bricks/hard landscaped areas) to be used in the external elevations, and spaces together with details of their manufacturer, type/colour and size, shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to the commencement of any above ground works. Only the approved materials/bricks shall be used for the construction of the development.
Reason. No material samples have been submitted and are required in the interests of visual amenity and to ensure a satisfactory development pursuant to UDP Policy EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design.
- 4 Notwithstanding the details indicated on the approved plans, no development other

than site clearance and remediation shall commence unless and until full details of the following have been submitted to a scope and specification to be agreed on a topographical based survey of the site and adjacent adopted highways to the Local Planning Authority:

1. Formation of the access onto Bury Road, incorporating the reinstatement of all redundant accesses to adjacent footway/verge levels, replacement/relocation of all affected highway drainage gullies, provision of visibility splays appropriate for a design speed of 30mph, tactile paved crossing point in a position to be agreed, demarcation of the limits of the adopted highway, provision of give-way markings and alterations/replacement of all affected existing road markings, replacement of all affected statutory undertakers plant covers and all associated highway and highway drainage remedial works;
2. In the event that the site access/estate roads are not to be considered for adoption by the Council, measures to prevent the discharge of surface water onto the adopted highway;
3. In the event that any retaining structures/boundary walls are required that abut/are sited in close proximity to the adopted highway, an 'Approval In Principle' for the proposed structures, incorporating foundations that do not encroach under the adopted highway and full structural, construction and drainage details, calculations, pedestrian protection measures and a detailed construction method statement;
4. Provision of a street lighting assessment to a scope and specification to be agreed for the junction of the site access with Bury Road and the proposed residential estate roads, and, where necessary, a scheme of improvements;
5. Review of need for the introduction of additional waiting restrictions to a scope to be agreed at the junction of the site access with Bury Road, including, if required, all necessary road markings and signage;
6. A scheme of 20mph traffic calming measures on the proposed estate roads to a scope and specification to be agreed, incorporating the formation of speed tables at all appropriate junctions, road markings and signage as required.

The details subsequently approved shall be implemented to an agreed programme. Reason. To secure the satisfactory development of the site in terms of highway safety, ensure good highway design, ensure the intervisibility of the users of the site and the adjacent highways and maintain the integrity of the adopted highway, all in the interests of highway safety pursuant to Development Plan Policies EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design, H2/2 - The Layout of New Residential Development, JP-C5 Streets for All and JP-C6 Walking and Cycling.

- 5 In the event that it is intended for the proposed residential estate roads to be considered for adoption by the Council, notwithstanding the details indicated on the approved plans, no development other than site clearance and remediation shall commence unless and until full details of the following have been submitted on a topographical based survey of the site and adjacent adopted highways to the Local Planning Authority:

1. Formation of the proposed estate roads (including any necessary land filling operations and method of compaction), incorporating minimum 5.5m carriageway and 2.0m footway widths;
2. Provision of long sections and cross sections at positions to be agreed through the proposed estate roads and turning heads to ensure that adoptable gradients will not exceed 1 in 14 for the purposes of adoption and incorporating a maximum 1 in 20 plateau at each junction within the development and at the interface with the adopted highway;

3. Demarcation of the limits of adoption at all relevant locations;
4. Provision of visibility splays appropriate for a design speed of 20mph at all internal junctions, including car park access, in accordance with the standards in Manual for Streets with no obstructions above the height of 0.6m within them;
5. Swept path analysis of the proposed estate roads to ensure that an 11.85m long refuse collection vehicle can pass a private car at all points and manoeuvre at all turning heads;
6. Facilities for the storage of bins on collection day at the interfaces of all shared accesses with the proposed adopted highway;
7. Provision of a scheme of measures/boundary treatment at the interface of the car park with the future adopted highway to prevent vehicle encroachment of the adjacent footway, incorporating railings that do not restrict visibility at adjacent junctions and foundations that do not encroach under the future adopted highway;
8. Proposed planting/surfacing details and management/maintenance arrangements for all landscaped/car parking areas abutting the proposed adopted highway;
9. Proposed porous/permeable driveway/hardstanding materials and/or measures to prevent the discharge of surface water onto the future adopted highway from all proposed individual and shared driveways.

The details subsequently approved shall be implemented to an agreed programme. Reason. To secure the satisfactory development of the site in terms of highway safety, ensure good highway design, ensure the intervisibility of the users of the site and the adjacent highways and maintain the integrity of the adopted highway, all in the interests of highway safety pursuant to Development Plan Policies EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design, H2/2 - The Layout of New Residential Development, JP-C5 Streets for All and JP-C6 Walking and Cycling.

- 6 No development shall commence unless and until a 'Construction Traffic Management Plan' (CTMP), has been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority and shall confirm/provide the following:
 1. Photographic dilapidation survey of the footways and carriageways leading to and abutting the site in the event that subsequent remedial works are required following construction of the development, replacement of all boundary features and as a result of statutory undertakers connections to the site;
 2. Access route for all construction vehicles to the site from the Key Route Network;
 3. Access point/arrangements for construction traffic from Bury Road and all temporary works required to facilitate access for construction vehicles;
 4. If proposed, details of site hoarding/gate positions, incorporating the provision, where necessary, of temporary pedestrian facilities/protection measures on the adopted highway;
 5. A scheme of appropriate warning/construction traffic speed signage in the vicinity of the site and its access onto Bury Road;
 6. Confirmation of hours of operation and number of vehicle movements;
 7. Arrangements for the turning and manoeuvring of vehicles within the curtilage of the site and/or measures to control/manage delivery vehicle manoeuvres;
 8. Parking on site or on land within the applicant's control of operatives' and construction vehicles, together with storage on site of construction materials;
 9. Measures to ensure that all mud and other loose materials are not spread onto the adjacent adopted highways as a result of the groundworks operations or carried on the wheels and chassis of any vehicles leaving the site and measures to minimise dust nuisance caused by the operations.

The approved plan shall be adhered to throughout the demolition/construction period

and the measures shall be retained and facilities used for the intended purpose for the duration of the demolition and construction periods. The areas identified shall not be used for any other purposes other than the turning/parking of vehicles and storage of demolition/construction materials.

Reason. Information not submitted at application stage. To mitigate the impact of the construction traffic generated by the proposed development on the adjacent residential streets, and ensure adequate off street car parking provision and materials storage arrangements for the duration of the construction period and that the adopted highways are kept free of deposited material from the ground works operations, in the interests of highway safety pursuant to Development Plan Policies EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design, JP-C5 Streets for All and JP-C6 Walking and Cycling.

- 7 In the event that it is not intended for the proposed residential estate roads to be considered for adoption by the Council, no development other than site clearance and remediation shall commence unless and until details of the proposed arrangements for future management and maintenance of the proposed estate road within the development have been submitted to and approved by the local planning authority. The estate road shall thereafter be maintained in accordance with the approved management and maintenance details until such time as a private management and maintenance company has been established.
Reason. To ensure that the unadopted estate road serving the development is maintained to an acceptable standard in the interest of residential/highway safety; to ensure a satisfactory appearance to the highways infrastructure serving the development; and to safeguard the visual amenities of the locality and users of the highway pursuant to Development Plan Policies EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design, H2/2 - The Layout of New Residential Development, JP-C5 Streets for All and JP-C6 Walking and Cycling.
- 8 The turning facilities indicated on the approved plans shall be provided before the development is first occupied and the areas used for the manoeuvring of vehicles shall subsequently be maintained free of obstruction at all times.
Reason. To minimise the standing and turning movements of vehicles on the highway in the interests of road safety pursuant to Development Plan Policies EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design, H2/2 - The Layout of New Residential Development, JP-C5 Streets for All and JP-C6 Walking and Cycling.
- 9 Minimum hardstanding lengths of 5.0m at all dwellings/10.0m when in tandem, shall be provided and thereafter maintained.
Reason. To allow adequate space to maintain a vehicle clear of the highway in the interests of pedestrian safety pursuant to Development Plan Policies EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design, H2/2 - The Layout of New Residential Development, JP-C5 Streets for All and JP-C6 Walking and Cycling.
- 10 The car parking indicated on the approved plans shall be surfaced, demarcated and made available for use prior to each dwelling/part of the site to which it relates being occupied and thereafter maintained at all times.
Reason. To ensure adequate off street car parking provision in the interests of road safety pursuant to policy HT2/4 - Car Parking and New Development of the Bury Unitary Development Plan.
- 11 Bin storage arrangements shall be provided within the curtilage of each dwelling/part of the site to which it relates in accordance with Waste Management's 'Guide to Refuse Collection Requirements & Storage Methods for New Developments'.
Reason. To ensure that adequate bin storage arrangements are provided within the curtilage of each dwelling/part of the site pursuant to Bury Unitary Development Plan

- 12 The drainage for the development hereby approved, shall be carried out in accordance with principles set out in the submitted Foul & Surface Water Drainage Design Drawing WL_2226_001 Rev P2 - Dated 04/05/2023 which was prepared by Westlakes Engineering. Notwithstanding the details shown on the approved plans and for the avoidance of doubt no surface water will be permitted to drain directly or indirectly into the public sewer or directly into the Brook during the construction period and until the measures to prevent flooding and pollution of the brook, as shown on the submitted Foul & Surface Water Drainage Design Drawing WL_2226_001 Rev P2 - Dated 04/05/2023 have been implemented in full. Prior to occupation of the proposed development, the drainage schemes shall be completed in accordance with the approved details and retained thereafter for the lifetime of the development.

Reason. To ensure a satisfactory form of development and to prevent an undue increase in surface water run-off and to reduce the risk of flooding pursuant to Development Plan Policies JP-S4 Flood Risk and Water Environment , EN7/3 - Water Pollution and EN7/5 - Waste Water Management and chapter 14 - Meeting the challenge of climate change, flooding and coastal change of the NPPF.

- 13 The development shall be carried out in accordance with the submitted flood risk assessment (ref 1557/RE/02-16/01 REVISION A) and the following mitigation measures it details:

1. Finished floor levels shall be set no lower than 69.60 metres above Ordnance Datum (AOD)

These mitigation measures shall be fully implemented prior to occupation and subsequently in accordance with the scheme's timing/ phasing arrangements. The measures detailed above shall be retained and maintained thereafter throughout the lifetime of the development.

Reason. To reduce the risk of flooding to the proposed development and future occupants pursuant to Development Plan Policy JP-S4: Flood Risk and the Water Environment and Chapter 14 - Meeting the challenge of climate change, flooding and coastal change of the NPPF.

- 14 No development shall commence unless and until:-
1. A contaminated land Preliminary Risk Assessment report to assess the actual/potential contamination and/or ground gas/landfill gas risks at the site and a detailed assessment of the risk to all receptors that may be affected, including those off-site shall be submitted to, and approved in writing by, the Local Planning Authority;
 2. Where actual/potential contamination and/or ground gas/landfill gas risks have been identified, detailed site investigation and suitable risk assessment shall be submitted to, and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority;
 3. Where remediation/protection measures is/are required, a detailed Remediation Strategy that includes identifying any requirements for longer-term monitoring of pollutant linkages, maintenance, and arrangements for contingency action shall be submitted to, and approved in writing by, the Local Planning Authority.

Reason. The scheme does not provide full details of the actual contamination and subsequent remediation, which is required to secure the satisfactory development of the site in terms of human health, controlled waters, ground gas and the wider environment and pursuant to National Planning Policy Framework Section 15 - Conserving and enhancing the natural environment.

- 15 Following the provisions of Condition 14 of this planning permission, where remediation is required, the approved Remediation Strategy must be carried out to the satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority within agreed timescales; and A Site Verification Report detailing the actions taken and conclusions at each stage of the remediation works, including substantiating evidence, shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to the development being brought into use.
Reason. To secure the satisfactory development of the site in terms of human health, controlled waters and the wider environment and pursuant to National Planning Policy Framework Section 15 - Conserving and enhancing the natural environment.
- 16 Prior to occupation the applicant shall provide one electric vehicle (EV) charging point (minimum 7kW*) per unit (dwelling with dedicated parking) or a minimum 20% EV chargepoints (minimum 7kW*) (for unallocated parking).

*Mode 3, 7kW (32A) single phase, or 22kW (32A) three phase, and for 50kW Mode 4 rapid charging may be required. British Standard BS EN 61851-1:2019 to be used. Further information regarding minimum standards can be found at <https://www.gov.uk/transport/low-emission-and-electric-vehicles>.

Reason. In accordance with the NPPF, to encourage the uptake of ultra-low emission vehicles and ensure the development is sustainable. To safeguard residential amenity, public health and quality of life.
- 17 No works to trees or shrubs shall occur between the 1st March and 31st August in any year unless a detailed bird nest survey by a suitably experienced ecologist has been carried out immediately prior to clearance and written confirmation provided that no active bird nests are present which has been agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority.
Reason. In order to ensure that no harm is caused to a Protected Species pursuant to policies JP-G8: A Net Enhancement of Biodiversity and Geodiversity and EN6/3 - Features of Ecological Value of the Development Plan and National Planning Policy Framework Section 15 - Conserving and enhancing the natural environment.
- 18 No development, site clearance, earth moving shall take place or material or machinery brought on site until a method statement to protect the unnamed brook from accidental spillages, dust and debris has been supplied to and agreed by the Local Planning Authority. Measures will include capping of any existing surface drains to the Brook and blocking of any gaps between the site and the Brook with silt fencing. All measure will be implemented and maintained for the duration of the construction period in accordance with the approved details.
Reason. Information not submitted at application stage. To ensure a safe and satisfactory development of the site in relation to the protection of the watercourse that runs adjacent to the site from any pollutants and construction disturbance which may cause risk, pursuant to Chapter 15 - Conserving and enhancing the natural environment of the National Planning Policy Framework.
- 19 The landscaping scheme hereby approved shall be implemented not later than 12 months from the date the buildings are first occupied. Any trees or shrubs removed, dying or becoming severely damaged or becoming seriously diseased within 5 years of planting shall be replaced by trees or shrubs of a similar size and species to those originally required to be planted.
Reason. To secure the satisfactory development of the site and in the interests of

visual amenity pursuant to Policy EN8/2 – Woodland and Tree Planting of the Bury Unitary Development Plan..

- 20 Notwithstanding the details shown on the approved landscaping scheme, a scheme for the provision of bat and bird boxes shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to the commencement of any above ground works. The approved scheme shall thereafter be implemented not later than 12 months from the date the building(s) is first occupied.
Reason. To secure the satisfactory development of the site and in order to ensure that no harm is caused to a Protected Species pursuant to policies JP-G8: A Net Enhancement of Biodiversity and Geodiversity and EN6/3 - Features of Ecological Value of the Development Plan and National Planning Policy Framework Section 15 - Conserving and enhancing the natural environment.
- 21 The residential accommodation hereby approved shall include:
1. Glazing for facades within 20m of Bury Rd min. RW 38dB / RW + Ctr 33dB, other facades min. RW 32dB / RW + Ctr 28dB
2. System 4 whole dwelling Mechanical Ventilation with Heat Recovery (MVHR) for dwellings falling within 20m of Bury Rd:
3. Minimum sound insulation RW 54dB for external walls
in accordance with the submitted Noise Impact Assessment Ref: AA0430 Rev A. The acoustic attenuation scheme hereby approved shall be implemented in full and available for use before use of the residential premises first commences.
Reason. To protect the amenity of the occupants of the premises once the development hereby approved is occupied pursuant to Bury Unitary Development Plan Policy EN7/2 - Noise Pollution.
- 22 All trees to be retained on and off site shall be protected in accordance with BS 5837:2012 "Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction" and in accordance with the submitted Arboricultural Impact Assessment with Arboricultural Method Statement - September 2023. The development shall not commence unless and until the measures required by the British Standard are implemented and all measures required shall remain in situ until the development has been completed.
Reason. To avoid the loss of trees which are of amenity value to the area pursuant to Policy EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design and EN8/2 – Woodland and Tree Planting of the Bury Unitary Development Plan.
- 23 Notwithstanding the terms of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015, as subsequently amended, no development shall be carried out within the terms of Classes A to G of Part 1 of Schedule 2 of the Order, without the submission and approval of a relevant planning application.
Reason. To ensure that future inappropriate alterations or extensions do not occur pursuant to policies of the Unitary Development Plan listed.

Statement in accordance with Article 35(2) Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) (Amendment) Order 2015

The proposal complies with the development plan and would improve the economic, social and environmental conditions of the area. It therefore comprises sustainable development and the Local Planning Authority worked proactively and positively to issue the decision without delay. The Local Planning Authority has therefore implemented the requirement in Paragraph 38 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

The following policies of the Bury Unitary Development Plan, National and Regional Government were considered relevant:

EC2/2	EC2/2 - Employment Land and Premises Outside the Employment Generating Areas
H1/2	H1/2 - Further Housing Development
H2/1	H2/1 - The Form of New Residential Development
H2/2	H2/2 - The Layout of New Residential Development
H3/2	H3/2 - Existing Incompatible Uses
H4/1	H4/1 - Affordable Housing
EN1/2	EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design
EN1/5	EN1/5 - Crime Prevention
EN1/7	EN1/7 - Throughroutes and Gateways
EN7/2	EN7/2 - Noise Pollution
EN7/3	EN7/3 - Water Pollution
EN7/5	EN7/5 - Waste Water Management
EN8/2	EN8/2 - Woodland and Tree Planting
RT2/2	RT2/2 - Recreation Provision in New Housing Development
HT2/4	HT2/4 - Car Parking and New Development
HT5/1	HT5/1 - Access For Those with Special Needs
HT6/1	HT6/1 - Pedestrian and Cyclist Movement
JP-J2	Employment Sites and Premises
JP-S4	Flood Risk and the Water Environment
JP-P1	Sustainable Places
JP-C5	Streets For All
JP-C6	Walking and Cycling
JP-C8	Transport Requirements of New Development
JP-H1	Scale of New Housing Development
JP-H2	Affordability of New Housing
JP-H3	Type, Size and Design of New Housing
JP-H4	Density of New Housing
SPD1	Supplementary Planning Document 1 - Open Space, Sport and Recreation Provision in New Housing Development
SPD5	Development Control Policy Guidance Note 5: Affordable Housing Provision in New Residential Developments
SPD6	Supplementary Planning Document 6 - Alterations and Extensions to Residential Properties.
SPD11	Development Control Policy Guidance Note 11 - Parking Standards in Bury
SPD14	Development Control Policy Guidance Note 14 - Employment Land and Premises
NPPF	National Planning Policy Framework

This decision relates only to the Town and Country Planning Acts and does not include any consent or approval under any other enactment or under the Building Regulations. Any other consent or approval which is necessary must be obtained from the appropriate authority.

Applicant Plan Numbers:

B1-00-DR- A-0800 Rev B and WL_2226_001 Rev P2

NOTES TO APPLICANT

1. The applicant's attention is drawn to the need to consult the Department of Operations regarding the specification for and implementation of the required highway works and implementation of any required traffic regulation orders. The cost of the works will be the responsibility of the developer.
2. The applicant's attention is drawn to the need to complete a Section 38 Agreement under the Highways Act 1980, and a Section 104 Agreement under the Water Industry Act 1991, regarding the future adoption of the proposed roads and sewers.
3. The applicant's attention is drawn to Section 167 of the Highways Act 1980 which requires Highway Authority approval of all structural details and calculations of retaining structures adjacent to the highway, prior to works commencing.
4. The applicant's attention is drawn to the requirements of Section 179 of the Highways Act 1980 which prohibits the construction of any foundations required for the boundary walls under the adjacent adopted highway.
5. It would be advantageous for the land affected by the highway proposals to be in the control of the Highway Authority. An appropriate course of action would be the free dedication of the land to the Highway Authority by the freeholder.
6. It is brought to the attention of the applicant that if the proposed estate roads are not eligible for adoption by the Council, the applicant is advised that to discharge the relevant condition regarding future maintenance of the estate roads, the Local Planning Authority will details of a private management and maintenance company confirming funding, management and maintenance regimes.
7. The Council currently operates a curtilage system of refuse collection. The applicant is advised to liaise with Environment & Development Services, Waste Management & Transport - Bradley Fold, on 0161 253 7010/6635, regarding the operation of this system and the specification for the proposed refuse collection facilities at the interface with the adopted highway.
8. **UNITED UTILITIES PROPERTY, ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE**
Where United Utilities' assets cross the proposed red line boundary, developers must contact our Developer Services team prior to commencing any works on site, including trial holes, groundworks or demolition. Please see 'Contacts' section below.

Water pipelines

United Utilities will not allow building over or in close proximity to a water main.

Wastewater pipelines

United Utilities will not allow a new building to be erected over or in close proximity to a public sewer or any other wastewater pipeline. This will only be reviewed in exceptional circumstances.

Nb. Proposals to extend domestic properties either above, or in close proximity to a public sewer will be reviewed on a case by case basis by either by a building control professional or following a direct application to United Utilities (see our website for further details).

Important information regarding water and wastewater pipelines and apparatus

It is the applicant's responsibility to investigate and demonstrate the exact relationship between United Utilities' assets and the proposed development.

A number of providers offer a paid for mapping service, including United Utilities (see 'Contacts' section below). The position of the underground apparatus shown on water and wastewater asset maps is approximate only and is given in accordance with the best information currently available. Therefore, we strongly recommend the applicant, or any future developer, does not rely solely on the asset maps to inform decisions relating to the detail of their site and instead investigates the precise location of any underground pipelines and apparatus. Where additional information is requested to enable an assessment of the proximity of proposed development features to United Utilities assets, the proven location of pipelines should be confirmed by site survey; an extract of asset maps will not suffice. The applicant should seek advice from our Developer Services team on this matter. See 'Contacts' Section below. United Utilities Water will not accept liability for any loss or damage caused by the actual position of our assets and infrastructure being different from those shown on asset maps.

Developer's should investigate the existence and the precise location of water and wastewater pipelines as soon as possible as this could significantly impact the preferred site layout and/or diversion of the asset(s) may be required. Unless there is specific provision within the title of the property or an associated easement, any necessary disconnection or diversion of assets to accommodate development, will be at the applicant/developer's expense. In some circumstances, usually related to the size and nature of the assets impacted by proposals, developers may discover the cost of diversion is prohibitive in the context of their development scheme.

Any agreement to divert our underground assets will be subject to a diversion application, made directly to United Utilities. This is a separate matter to the determination of a planning application. We will not guarantee, or infer acceptance of, a proposed diversion through the planning process (where diversion is indicated on submitted plans). In the event that an application to divert or abandon underground assets is submitted to United Utilities and subsequently rejected (either before or after the determination of a planning application), applicants should be aware that they may need to amend their proposed layout to accommodate United Utilities' assets.

Where United Utilities' assets exist, the level of cover to United Utilities pipelines and apparatus must not be compromised either during or after construction and there should be no additional load bearing capacity on pipelines without prior agreement from United Utilities. This would include sustainable drainage features, earth movement and the transport and position of construction equipment and vehicles.

Any construction activities in the vicinity of United Utilities' assets, including any assets or infrastructure that may be located outside the applicant's red line boundary, must comply with national building and construction standards and where applicable, our 'Standard Conditions for Works Adjacent to Pipelines', a copy of which is available on our website. The applicant, and/or any subsequent developer should note that our 'Standard Conditions' guidance applies to any design and construction activities in close proximity to water pipelines and apparatus that are no longer in service, as well as pipelines and apparatus that are currently operational.

It is the applicant's responsibility to ensure that United Utilities' required access is provided within any proposed layout and that our infrastructure is appropriately protected. The developer would be liable for the cost of any damage to United Utilities' assets resulting from their activity.

WATER AND WASTEWATER SERVICES

If the applicant intends to receive water and/or wastewater services from United

Utilities they should visit our website or contact the Developer Services team for advice at the earliest opportunity. This includes seeking confirmation of the required metering arrangements for the proposed development. See 'Contacts' Section below.

If the proposed development site benefits from existing water and wastewater connections, the applicant should not assume that the connection(s) will be suitable for the new proposal or that any existing metering arrangements will suffice. In addition, if reinforcement of the water network is required to meet potential demand, this could be a significant project and the design and construction period should be accounted for.

In some circumstances we may require a compulsory meter is fitted. For detailed guidance on whether the development will require a compulsory meter please visit <https://www.unitedutilities.com/my-account/your-bill/our-household-charges-20212022/> and go to section 7.7 for compulsory metering.

To promote sustainable development United Utilities offers a reduction in infrastructure charges for applicant's delivering water efficient homes and draining surface water sustainably (criteria applies). For further information, we strongly recommend the applicant visits our website when considering any water or wastewater design
<https://www.unitedutilities.com/builders-developers/your-development/planning/building-sustainable-homes/>

Business customers can find additional information on our sustainable drainage incentive scheme at

<https://www.unitedutilities.com/Business-services/retailers/incentive-schemes/>

To avoid any unnecessary costs and delays being incurred by the applicant or any subsequent developer, we strongly recommend the applicant seeks advice regarding water and wastewater services, and metering arrangements, at the earliest opportunity. Please see 'Contacts' Section below.

CONTACTS

Website

For detailed guidance on water and wastewater services, including application forms and the opportunity to talk to the Developer Services team using the 'Live Chat' function, please visit:

<http://www.unitedutilities.com/builders-developers.aspx>

Email

For advice on water and wastewater services or to discuss proposals near to pipelines, email the Developer Services team as follows:

Water mains and water supply, including metering -

DeveloperServicesWater@uuplc.co.uk

Public sewers and drainage - WastewaterDeveloperServices@uuplc.co.uk

Telephone - 0345 072 6067

Property Searches (for asset maps):

A number of providers offer a paid for mapping service including United Utilities. For more information, or to purchase a sewer and water plan from United Utilities, please visit <https://www.unitedutilities.com/property-searches/>

Water and sewer records can be viewed for free at our Warrington Head Office by calling 0370 751 0101. Appointments must be made in advance. Public sewer records can be viewed at local authority offices. Arrangements should be made directly with the local authority.

9. **Model Procedures and good practice**

Due to the former land use(s), soil and /or groundwater contamination may exist at the site and the associated risks to controlled waters should be addressed by: We recommend that developers should:

- Follow the risk management framework provided in Guidance on Land contamination risk management (LCRM) [Land contamination risk management \(LCRM\) - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#), when dealing with land affected by contamination
- Refer to our [Guiding principles for land contamination](#) for the type of information that we require in order to assess risks to controlled waters from the site - the local authority can advise on risk to other receptors, such as human health
- Consider using the [National Quality Mark Scheme for Land Contamination Management](#) which involves the use of competent persons to ensure that land contamination risks are appropriately managed
- Refer to the [contaminated land](#) pages on gov.uk for more information
- Refer to '[The Environment Agency's approach to groundwater protection](#)'

All investigations of land potentially affected by contamination should be carried out by or under the direction of a suitably qualified competent person and in accordance with BS 10175 (2001) Code of practice for the investigation of potentially contaminated sites. Where the remediation / redevelopment of the site will involve waste management issues we offer the following advice:

Waste on-site

The CL:AIRE Definition of Waste: Development Industry Code of Practice (version 2) provides operators with a framework for determining whether or not excavated material arising from site during remediation and/or land development works is waste or has ceased to be waste. Under the Code of Practice:

- excavated materials that are recovered via a treatment operation can be reused on-site providing they are treated to a standard such that they are fit for purpose and unlikely to cause pollution
- treated materials can be transferred between sites as part of a hub and cluster project
- some naturally occurring clean material can be transferred directly between sites

Developers should ensure that all contaminated materials are adequately characterised both chemically and physically, and that the permitting status of any proposed on-site operations are clear. If in doubt, the Environment Agency should be contacted for advice at an early stage to avoid any delays. We recommend that developers should refer to:

- the position statement on the Definition of Waste: Development Industry Code of Practice
- The waste management page on GOV.UK

Waste to be taken off-site Contaminated soil that is (or must be) disposed of is waste. Therefore, its handling, transport, treatment, and disposal are subject to waste management legislation, which includes:

- Duty of Care Regulations 1991
- Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005
- Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016
- The Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011

Developers should ensure that all contaminated materials are adequately characterised both chemically and physically in line with British Standard BS EN 14899:2005 'Characterization of Waste - Sampling of Waste Materials - Framework for the Preparation and Application of a Sampling Plan' and that the permitting status of any proposed treatment or disposal activity is clear. If in doubt, the Environment Agency should be contacted for advice at an early stage to avoid any delays. If the total quantity of hazardous waste material produced or taken off-site is 500kg or greater in any 12-month period, the developer will need to register with us as a hazardous waste producer. Refer to the hazardous waste pages on GOV.UK for more information.

Piling and Penetrative ground improvement methods:

Piling or any other foundation designs using penetrative methods can result in risks to potable supplies from, for example, pollution / turbidity, risk of mobilising contamination, drilling through different aquifers and creating preferential pathways. Thus, it should be demonstrated that any proposed piling will not result in contamination of groundwater.

Dewatering

Dewatering is the removal/abstraction of water (predominantly, but not confined to, groundwater) to locally lower water levels near the excavation. This can allow operations to take place, such as mining, quarrying, building, engineering works or other operations, whether underground or on the surface. Any dewatering activities on-site could have an impact upon local wells, water supplies and/or nearby watercourses and environmental interests. This activity was previously exempt from requiring an abstraction licence. Since 1 January 2018, most cases of new planned dewatering operations above 20 cubic metres a day will require a water abstraction licence from us prior to the commencement of dewatering activities at the site. More information is available on gov.uk:

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/water-management-apply-for-a-water-abstraction-or-impoundment-licence#apply-for-a-licence-for-a-previously-exempt-abstraction>.

Regulatory position statements If dewatering and discharging into surface water is required during development, the following Regulatory Position Statement will apply: 'Temporary dewatering from excavations to surface water.'

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/temporary-dewatering-from-excavations-to-surface-water>

10. **INFORMATIVE - The Control of Noise (Appeals) Regulations 1975, Section 60. Control of Noise on Construction Sites**

Works carried out in connection with the planning permission shall comply with the above regulations which require the following:

1. All works and ancillary operations which are audible at the boundary of the nearest house or noise receptor, or at such other place as may be agreed with the Council, shall be carried out only between the hours of 0800 and 1800 on Mondays to Fridays and between the hours of 0900 and 1400 on Saturdays and at no time on Sundays and Bank Holidays.

2. The best practicable means, as defined in section 72 of the Control of Pollution Act 1974, to reduce noise to a minimum shall be employed at all times.

3. All plant and machinery in use shall be properly silenced and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

4. Any emergency deviation from the above (1 - 3) shall be notified to Bury Council

without delay.

Any contravention of these requirements will trigger the serving of a Notice under Section 60 of The Control of Noise Regulations 1975.

11. **Informative Note**

The proposed development lies within an area that has been defined by the Coal Authority as containing coal mining features at surface or shallow depth. These features may include: mine entries (shafts and adits); shallow coal workings; geological features (fissures and break lines); mine gas and former surface mining sites. Although such features are seldom readily visible, they can often be present and problems can occur, particularly as a result of new development taking place.

Any form of development over or within the influencing distance of a mine entry can be dangerous and raises significant land stability and public safety risks. As a general precautionary principle, the Coal Authority considers that the building over or within the influencing distance of a mine entry should be avoided. In exceptional circumstance where this is unavoidable, expert advice must be sought to ensure that a suitable engineering design which takes into account all the relevant safety and environmental risk factors, including mine gas and mine-water. Your attention is drawn to the Coal Authority Policy in relation to new development and mine entries available at:

www.gov.uk/government/publications/building-on-or-within-the-influencing-distance-of-mine-entries

Any intrusive activities which disturb or enter any coal seams, coal mine workings or coal mine entries (shafts and adits) requires a Coal Authority Permit. Such activities could include site investigation boreholes, excavations for foundations, piling activities, other ground works and any subsequent treatment of coal mine workings and coal mine entries for ground stability purposes. Failure to obtain a Coal Authority Permit for such activities is trespass, with the potential for court action.

If any coal mining features are unexpectedly encountered during development, this should be reported immediately to the Coal Authority on 0345 762 6848. Further information is available on the Coal Authority website at:
www.gov.uk/government/organisations/the-coal-authority

Informative Note valid from 1st January 2023 until 31st December 2024

12. *Cadent Gas Ltd own and operate the gas infrastructure within the area of your development. There may be a legal interest (easements and other rights) in the land that restrict activity in proximity to Cadent assets in private land. The applicant must ensure that the proposed works do not infringe on legal rights of access and or restrictive covenants that exist.*

If buildings or structures are proposed directly above the apparatus the development may only take place following diversion of the apparatus. The applicant should apply online to have apparatus diverted in advance of any works, by visiting cadentgas.com/diversions

Prior to carrying out works, including the construction of access points, please register on www.lineearchbeforeudig.co.uk to submit details of the planned works for review, ensuring requirements are adhered to.

Your responsibilities and obligations

Cadent may have a Deed of Easement on the pipeline, which provides us with a right of access for a number of functions and prevents change to existing ground levels, storage of materials. It also prevents the erection of permanent/temporary buildings, or structures. If necessary Cadent will take action to legally enforce the terms of the easement.

This letter does not constitute any formal agreement or consent for any proposed development work either generally or related to Cadent's easements or other rights, or any planning or building regulations applications.

Cadent Gas Ltd or their agents, servants or contractors do not accept any liability for any losses arising under or in connection with this information. This limit on liability applies to all and any claims in contract, tort (including negligence), misrepresentation (excluding fraudulent misrepresentation), breach of statutory duty or otherwise. This limit on liability does not exclude or restrict liability where prohibited by the law nor does it supersede the express terms of any related agreements.

13. This planning permission needs to be read in conjunction with the binding Deed of Variation of S106 Planning Agreement signed on 18th September 2025.
14. In accordance with S93G of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (As amended by Section 111 Levelling Up & Regeneration Act 2023) there is a legal requirement for you to inform the Council of the date when you intend to commence the development on site via submission of a Commencement Notice. This notice is mandatory for all developments and came into effect on 31 March 2024. You can find more information and download a copy of the Commencement Notice under the Before Starting Work section on our website at <https://www.bury.gov.uk/planning-building-control/planning-permission/planning-application-process>
15. ***The local planning authority considers that approval of a BIODIVERSITY GAIN PLAN WILL NOT BE REQUIRED BEFORE DEVELOPMENT COMMENCES***

Biodiversity Net Gain

The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is that planning permission granted for development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition (biodiversity gain condition) that development may not begin unless:

- and
- (a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority,
 - (b) the planning authority has approved the plan.

The planning authority, for the purposes of determining whether to approve a Biodiversity Gain Plan, if one is required in respect of this permission would be Bury Council.

There are statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements which mean that the biodiversity gain condition does not always apply. These are listed below.

Based on the information available this permission is considered to be one

which will not require the approval of a biodiversity gain plan before development is begun because one or more of the statutory exemptions or transitional arrangements in the list below is/are considered to apply.

Statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements in respect of the biodiversity gain condition.

1. The application for planning permission was made before 12 February 2024.
2. The planning permission relates to development to which section 73A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (planning permission for development already carried out) applies.
3. The planning permission was granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and

(i) the original planning permission to which the section 73 planning permission relates* was granted before 12 February 2024; or

(ii) the application for the original planning permission* to which the section 73 planning permission relates was made before 12 February 2024.

4. The permission which has been granted is for development which is exempt being:

4.1 Development which is not 'major development' (within the meaning of article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015) where:

- iv) the application for planning permission was made before 2 April 2024;
- v) planning permission is granted which has effect before 2 April 2024; or
- vi) planning permission is granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 where the original permission to which the section 73 permission relates* was exempt by virtue of (i) or (ii).

4.2 Development below the de minimis threshold, meaning development which:

iii) does not impact an onsite priority habitat (a habitat specified in a list published under section 41 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006); and

iv) impacts less than 25 square metres of onsite habitat that has biodiversity value greater than zero and less than 5 metres in length of onsite linear habitat (as defined in the statutory metric).

4.6 Development which is subject of a householder application within the meaning of article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015. A "householder application" means an application for planning permission for development for an existing dwellinghouse, or development within the curtilage of such a dwellinghouse for any purpose incidental to the enjoyment of the dwellinghouse which is not an application for change of use or an application to change the number of dwellings in a building.

4.7 Development of a biodiversity gain site, meaning development which is undertaken solely or mainly for the purpose of fulfilling, in whole or in part, the Biodiversity Gain Planning condition which applies in relation to another development, (no account is to be taken of any facility for the public to access or to use the site for educational or recreational purposes, if that access or use is

permitted without the payment of a fee).

4.8 Self and Custom Build Development, meaning development which:
iv) consists of no more than 9 dwellings;
v) is carried out on a site which has an area no larger than 0.5 hectares; and
vi) consists exclusively of dwellings which are self-build or custom housebuilding (as defined in section 1(A1) of the Self-build and Custom Housebuilding Act 2015).

4.5 Development forming part of, or ancillary to, the high speed railway transport network (High Speed 2) comprising connections between all or any of the places or parts of the transport network specified in section 1(2) of the High Speed Rail (Preparation) Act 2013.

* “original planning permission means the permission to which the section 73 planning permission relates” means a planning permission which is the first in a sequence of two or more planning permissions, where the second and any subsequent planning permissions are section 73 planning permissions.

Irreplaceable habitat

If the onsite habitat includes irreplaceable habitat (within the meaning of the Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Irreplaceable Habitat) Regulations 2024) there are additional requirements for the content and approval of Biodiversity Gain Plans.

The Biodiversity Gain Plan must include, in addition to information about steps taken or to be taken to minimise any adverse effect of the development on the habitat, information on arrangements for compensation for any impact the development has on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat.

The planning authority can only approve a Biodiversity Gain Plan if satisfied that the adverse effect of the development on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat is minimised and appropriate arrangements have been made for the purpose of compensating for any impact which do not include the use of biodiversity credits.

The effect of section 73D of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990

If planning permission is granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (application to develop land without compliance with conditions previously attached) and a Biodiversity Gain Plan was approved in relation to the previous planning permission (“the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan”) there are circumstances when the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan is regarded as approved for the purpose of discharging the biodiversity gain condition subject to which the section 73 planning permission is granted.

Those circumstances are that the conditions subject to which the section 73 permission is granted:

- i) do not affect the post-development value of the onsite habitat as specified in the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan, and
- ii) in the case of planning permission for a development where all or any part of the onsite habitat is irreplaceable habitat the conditions do not change the effect of the development on the biodiversity of that onsite habitat (including any arrangements made to compensate for any such effect) as specified in the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan.

Signed:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'for havi'.

18 of 18

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On behalf of the Council

Date of Decision: 19/09/2025