

NOTICE OF PLANNING PERMISSION

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015

To:

Mr Sam Golding
Gold Sketch Studios LTD
55a Bury Old Road
Prestwich
Manchester
M25 0FG

On Behalf Of:

C/o Agent

PART 1 - Particulars of Application

Application Number: 72801

Date of Registration: 24/04/2026

Proposal:

Conversion of 1 no. dwelling into 2 no. dwellings with two storey extension at side/rear, front extension and hip to gable roof extension with loft conversion and dormers at front/rear; Alterations to vehicular access/parking provision

Location:

74 Sheepfoot Lane, Prestwich, Manchester, M25 0DT

PART 2 - Particulars of Decision

Bury Metropolitan Borough Council hereby give notice in pursuance of the provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 that permission has been **GRANTED** for the carrying out of the development referred to in Part 1 hereof in accordance with the application and plans submitted subject to the following conditions:-

- 1 The development must be begun not later than three years beginning with the date of this permission.
Reason. Required to be imposed by Section 91 Town & Country Planning Act 1990.
- 2 This decision relates to drawings numbered 002, 003/3, 004/3, 005, 502.3 and 503 and supporting documents
Bat Survey: Presence/Absence Survey, (Verity Webster) May 2026.
The development shall not be carried out except in accordance with the drawings hereby approved.
Reason. For the avoidance of doubt and to ensure a satisfactory standard of design pursuant to the policies of the Bury Unitary Development Plan and Places for Everyone Joint Development Plan listed.
- 3 Notwithstanding the vehicular access alterations shown indicatively on approved plan reference GSS25133 502/ 3, no development shall commence unless and until full details of the following have been submitted to the Local Planning Authority to a scope and specification to be agreed with the Highway Authority on a topographical based survey of the site and adjacent highways:

- Formation of the new vehicular accesses onto Edgeware Avenue serving No.'s 74 & 74A, incorporating the reconstruction of the footway abutting the westerly site boundary, demarcation of the limits of the adopted highway and all associated highway remedial works required as a result of the proposed development and the construction of the boundary wall previously undertaken.
- Reinstatement of the redundant unauthorised vehicular access at the junction of Edgeware Avenue with Sheepfoot Lane, incorporating the demarcation of the limits of the adopted highway, infill boundary wall with foundations that do not encroach under the adjacent adopted highway and all associated highway remedial works required as a result of the proposed development.
- A scheme of highway remedial works on the section of footway on Sheepfoot Lane abutting the site required as a result of the proposed development and the construction of the boundary wall previously undertaken.
- Measures to prevent the discharge of surface water from the proposed driveways onto the adjacent adopted highway.

The details subsequently approved shall be implemented to an agreed programme and fully completed to the satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority prior to the development hereby approved being brought into use/first occupied.

Reason. To secure the satisfactory development of the site in terms of highway safety, ensure good highway design, ensure adequate off street car parking arrangements for disabled users and maintain the integrity of the adopted highway, all in the interests of highway safety pursuant to UDP Policy H2/2 The Layout of New Residential Development.

- 4 The car parking and bin storage arrangements indicated on approved plan reference GSS25133 502 Revision 3 shall be surfaced/provided and made available for use to the written satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority prior to the development hereby approved being brought into use/first occupied and thereafter maintained at all times.
Reason. To ensure adequate off street car parking provision and refuse collection arrangements, in the interests of highway safety.
- 5 The development hereby approved shall not be commenced unless and until facilities for the storage of construction materials have been provided within the curtilage of the site to the satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority. The facilities shall be retained for the intended purpose and the area identified shall not be used for any other purposes other than the storage of construction materials for the duration of the construction period.
Reason. To ensure adequate off-highway materials storage arrangements for the duration of the construction period, in the interests of highway safety.
- 6 Notwithstanding the terms of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015, as subsequently amended, no development shall be carried out within the terms of Classes A to G of Part 1 of Schedule 2 of the Order, without the submission and approval of a relevant planning application.
Reason. To ensure that future inappropriate alterations or extensions do not occur pursuant to policies of the Unitary Development Plan listed.
- 7 The Reasonable Avoidance measures (RAM) set out in the Bat Survey: Presence/Absence Survey, May 2026 (Verity Webster) shall be implemented in full, prior to, and during construction.
Reason. In order to minimise any risk to bats, pursuant to the NPPF, The Joint Development Plan and UDP Policies listed.
- 8 No development shall commence unless and until surface water drainage proposals have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The

scheme should be in accordance with the submitted Surface Water Sustainable Drainage Assessment and must be based on the hierarchy of drainage options in the National Planning Practice Guidance and be designed in accordance with the Non-Statutory Technical Standards for Sustainable Drainage Systems (March 2015). This must include assessment of potential SuDS options for surface water drainage with appropriate calculations and test results to support the chosen solution. Details of proposed maintenance arrangements should also be provided. The approved scheme only shall be implemented prior to first occupation and thereafter maintained.

Reason. The current application contains insufficient information regarding the proposed drainage scheme to fully assess the impact. To promote sustainable development and reduce flood risk pursuant to Unitary Development Plan Policies EN5/1- New Development and Flood Risk , EN7/3 - Water Pollution and EN7/5 - Waste Water Management and chapter 14 - Meeting the challenge of climate change, flooding and coastal change of the NPPF.

- 9 The development hereby approved within any approved phase shall not be brought into use until written confirmation is provided to the Local Planning Authority that unexpected or previously unidentified contamination was not encountered during the course of development works.

If, during development, unexpected contamination is found to be present on the site, no further works shall be carried out at the affected location until the following are submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval:

- I. Risk Assessment (GQRA or DQRA);
- II. Remediation Strategy & Verification Plan;

If remediation is required, it shall be carried out in accordance with the approved Remediation Strategy. Upon completion of remediation works, a Verification Report shall be submitted for approval. The Verification Report must include information validating all remediation works carried out; details of imported materials (source/quantity/suitability); details of exported materials; and details of any unexpected contamination.

Reason. To prevent unacceptable risk to Human Health and Controlled Waters and to prevent pollution of the environment in accordance with the aims and Paragraphs 187(f), 196 and 197 of the National Planning Policy Framework (December 2024).

- 10 Any soil or soil forming materials to be brought to site for use in garden areas, soft landscaping, filling and level raising shall be tested for contamination and suitability for use.

Proposals for contamination testing including testing schedules, sampling frequencies and allowable contaminant concentrations (as determined by appropriate risk assessment) and source material information shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval prior to any soil or soil forming materials being brought onto site.

The approved contamination testing shall then be carried out and validity evidence (soil descriptions, laboratory certificates, photographs etc.) submitted to Local Planning Authority for approval prior to the development being brought into use.

Reason. To prevent unacceptable risk to Human Health and Controlled Waters and to prevent pollution of the environment in accordance with the aims and Paragraphs 187(f), 196 and 197 of the National Planning Policy Framework (December 2024).

- 11 Prior to occupation the applicant shall provide one electric vehicle (EV) charging point (minimum 7kW*) per dwelling/parking space.
Certification and photographic evidence of the installation of the agreed electric vehicle charge points shall be submitted to Local Planning Authority for approval

prior to the development being brought into use. The infrastructure shall be maintained and operational in perpetuity.

*Mode 3, 7kW (32A) single phase, or 22kW (32A) three phase, and for 50kW Mode 4 rapid charging may be required. British Standard BS EN 61851-1:2019 to be used. Further information regarding minimum standards can be found at <https://www.gov.uk/transport/low-emission-and-electric-vehicles>.

Reason. To encourage the uptake of ultra-low emission vehicles and ensure the development is sustainable and to safeguard residential amenity, public health and quality of life with respect to Local Air Quality, in accordance with paragraphs 112e, 117e, 187e and 199 of the National Planning Policy Framework (December 2024) and Places for Everyone Policy JP-S5 (Clean Air).

- 12 The proposed driveways and paved areas of the properties shall be constructed of permeable/porous materials as set out in the Dept of Communities and Local Government publication "Guidance on the Permeable Surfacing of Front Gardens".
Reason: To secure the satisfactory development of the site pursuant to UDP Policy EN5/1 New Development and Flood Risk.

Statement in accordance with Article 35(2) Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) (Amendment) Order 2015

The Local Planning Authority worked positively and proactively with the applicant to identify various solutions during the application process to ensure that the proposal comprised sustainable development and would improve the economic, social and environmental conditions of the area and would accord with the development plan. These were incorporated into the scheme and/or have been secured by planning condition. The Local Planning Authority has therefore implemented the requirement in Paragraph 38 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

The following policies of the Bury Unitary Development Plan, National and Regional Government were considered relevant:

H1/2	H1/2 - Further Housing Development
H2/1	H2/1 - The Form of New Residential Development
H2/2	H2/2 - The Layout of New Residential Development
H2/3	H2/3 - Extensions and Alterations
H2/4	H2/4 - Conversions
EN1/2	EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design
EN6	EN6 - Conservation of the Natural Environment
NPPF	National Planning Policy Framework
JP-H3	Type, Size and Design of New Housing
JP-P1	Sustainable Places
EN7	EN7 - Pollution Control
EN4	EN4 - Energy Conservation
EN5/1	EN5/1 - New Development and Flood Risk

This decision relates only to the Town and Country Planning Acts and does not include any consent or approval under any other enactment or under the Building Regulations. Any other consent or approval which is necessary must be obtained from the appropriate authority.

Applicant Plan Numbers:

Drawings numbered 002, 003/3, 004/3, 005, 502.3 and 503

NOTES TO APPLICANT

1. ***The local planning authority considers that approval of a BIODIVERSITY GAIN***

PLAN WILL BE REQUIRED BEFORE DEVELOPMENT COMMENCES

Biodiversity Net Gain

The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is that planning permission granted for the development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition “(the biodiversity gain condition”) that development may not begin unless:

- (a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority,
- and
- (b) the planning authority has approved the plan.

The planning authority, for the purposes of determining whether to approve a Biodiversity Gain Plan if one is required in respect of this permission would be Bury Council.

There are statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements which mean that the biodiversity gain condition does not always apply. These are listed below.

Based on the information available this permission is considered to be one which will require the approval of a biodiversity gain plan before development is begun because none of the statutory exemptions or transitional arrangements listed below are considered to apply.

The permission which has been granted has the effect of requiring or permitting the development to proceed in phases. The modifications in respect of the biodiversity gain condition which are set out in Part 2 of the Biodiversity Gain (Town and Country Planning) (Modifications and Amendments) (England) Regulations 2024 apply.

In summary: Biodiversity gain plans are required to be submitted to, and approved by, the planning authority before development may be begun (the overall plan), and before each phase of development may be begun (phase plans).]

Statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements in respect of the biodiversity gain condition.

1. The application for planning permission was made before 12 February 2024.
2. The planning permission relates to development to which section 73A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (planning permission for development already carried out) applies.
3. The planning permission was granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and
 - (i) the original planning permission to which the section 73 planning permission relates* was granted before 12 February 2024; or
 - (ii) the application for the original planning permission* to which the section 73 planning permission relates was made before 12 February 2024.
4. The permission which has been granted is for development which is exempt being:
 - 4.1 Development which is not ‘major development’ (within the meaning of article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015) where:
 - i) the application for planning permission was made before 2 April 2024;

- ii) planning permission is granted which has effect before 2 April 2024; or
- iii) planning permission is granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 where the original permission to which the section 73 permission relates* was exempt by virtue of (i) or (ii).

4.2 Development below the de minimis threshold, meaning development which:

- i) does not impact an onsite priority habitat (a habitat specified in a list published under section 41 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006); and
- ii) impacts less than 25 square metres of onsite habitat that has biodiversity value greater than zero and less than 5 metres in length of onsite linear habitat (as defined in the statutory metric).

4.3 Development which is subject of a householder application within the meaning of article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015. A “householder application” means an application for planning permission for development for an existing dwellinghouse, or development within the curtilage of such a dwellinghouse for any purpose incidental to the enjoyment of the dwellinghouse which is not an application for change of use or an application to change the number of dwellings in a building.

4.4 Development of a biodiversity gain site, meaning development which is undertaken solely or mainly for the purpose of fulfilling, in whole or in part, the Biodiversity Gain Planning condition which applies in relation to another development, (no account is to be taken of any facility for the public to access or to use the site for educational or recreational purposes, if that access or use is permitted without the payment of a fee).

4.5 Self and Custom Build Development, meaning development which:

- i) consists of no more than 9 dwellings;
- ii) is carried out on a site which has an area no larger than 0.5 hectares; and
- iii) consists exclusively of dwellings which are self-build or custom housebuilding (as defined in section 1(A1) of the Self-build and Custom Housebuilding Act 2015).

4.5 Development forming part of, or ancillary to, the high speed railway transport network (High Speed 2) comprising connections between all or any of the places or parts of the transport network specified in section 1(2) of the High Speed Rail (Preparation) Act 2013.

* “original planning permission means the permission to which the section 73 planning permission relates” means a planning permission which is the first in a sequence of two or more planning permissions, where the second and any subsequent planning permissions are section 73 planning permissions.

Irreplaceable habitat

If the onsite habitat includes irreplaceable habitat (within the meaning of the Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Irreplaceable Habitat) Regulations 2024) there are additional requirements for the content and approval of Biodiversity Gain Plans.

The Biodiversity Gain Plan must include, in addition to information about steps taken or to be taken to minimise any adverse effect of the development on the habitat, information on arrangements for compensation for any impact the development has on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat.

The planning authority can only approve a Biodiversity Gain Plan if satisfied that the adverse effect of the development on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat is minimised and appropriate arrangements have been made for the purpose of compensating for any impact which do not include the use of biodiversity credits.

The effect of section 73D of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990

If planning permission is granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (application to develop land without compliance with conditions previously attached) and a Biodiversity Gain Plan was approved in relation to the previous planning permission ("the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan") there are circumstances when the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan is regarded as approved for the purpose of discharging the biodiversity gain condition subject to which the section 73 planning permission is granted.

Those circumstances are that the conditions subject to which the section 73 permission is granted:

- i) do not affect the post-development value of the onsite habitat as specified in the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan, and
- ii) in the case of planning permission for a development where all or any part of the onsite habitat is irreplaceable habitat the conditions do not change the effect of the development on the biodiversity of that onsite habitat (including any arrangements made to compensate for any such effect) as specified in the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan.

2. The applicant's attention is drawn to the need to consult the Department for Place (Engineering & Streetscene) regarding the specification for, technical approval and implementation of the required highway works. The cost of the works will be the responsibility of the applicant.

3. **AIR QUALITY - CONDITION**

The site is located within close proximity to an Air Quality Management Area. Due to the scale of the development, it is considered very unlikely that the development would create an increase of more than 500 AADT (annual average daily traffic). Therefore, in line with the EPUK Guidance, an air quality assessment will not be required.

The proposed development will have off-street parking. Bury Council has been identified by DEFRA as an area requiring to significantly improve air quality. To support the principles of the Greater Manchester Clean Air Plan in reducing levels of nitrogen dioxide and in order to manage current and future levels of air pollution Bury Council is encouraging the use of cleaner vehicles. As such and in line the requirements of the Building Regulations (The Building Regulations 2010, Approved Document S, Infrastructure for the charging of electric vehicles), this Section recommends the following condition to be placed on any grant of permission:

AQ01 - ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGE POINTS

1 no. electric vehicle (EV) charging point (minimum 7kW*) per dwelling/parking space.

Certification and photographic evidence of the installation of the agreed electric vehicle charge points shall be submitted to Local Planning Authority for approval prior to the development being brought into use. The infrastructure shall be maintained and operational in perpetuity.

Mode 3, 7kW (32A) single phase, or 22kW (32A) three phase, and for 50kW Mode 4 rapid charging may be required. British Standard BS EN 61851-1:2019 to be used. Further information regarding minimum standards can be found at <https://www.gov.uk/transport/low-emission-and-electric-vehicles>.

Reason: To encourage the uptake of ultra-low emission vehicles and ensure the development is sustainable and to safeguard residential amenity, public health and quality of life with respect to Local Air Quality, in accordance with paragraphs 112e, 117e, 187e and 199 of the National Planning Policy Framework (December 2024) and Places for Everyone Policy JP-S5 (Clean Air).

4. The site is to be drained on a separate system of drainage with surface water and foul sewage being combined at the last manhole before connection to public sewer.
5. Surface water discharge to be limited to existing flow from site less a minimum 35% reduction in run-off to allow for climate change to prevent surcharge of public sewerage system downstream of the proposed development Chapter 10 of the National Planning Policy Framework - Meeting the Challenge of Climate Change, Flooding and Coastal Change and Unitary Development Plan Policy EN5/1 - New Development and Flood Risk and its associated SPD 16 Design and Layout of New Development in Bury. Climate change allowance should be increased to 70% for sites which fall within Flood Zone 3
6. Application forms for permission to connect to the public sewer should be obtained by telephoning United Utilities PLC on 08456 020406 or on line at www.unitedutilities.com
7. Applications for sewer requisitions should be obtained by telephoning United Utilities PLC at either Dawson House (01925 235871) or Hathersage Road (0161 609 7513)
8. The applicant should ensure that any proposed driveways/paved areas (in excess of 5m²) situated at the front of properties are constructed of permeable or porous materials. The applicant should refer to Dept. of Communities & Local Government publication "Guidance on the Permeable Surfacing of Front Gardens" for design & construction details.

Signed:



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On behalf of the Council

Date of Decision: 15/06/2026