

NOTICE OF PLANNING PERMISSION

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015

To:

Mr Gary Dearden
PPY design Ltd
2 Helmsore Road
Holcombe Village
Bury
BL8 4PA

On Behalf Of:

Mr Glen Kilroy
56 Dales Lane
Whitefield
Manchester
M45 7NN

PART 1 - Particulars of Application

Application Number: 71979

Date of Registration: 11/08/2025

Proposal:

Erection of 1 no. live/work unit

Location:

Brick House Farm, Griffie Lane, Bury, BL9
8QS

PART 2 - Particulars of Decision

Bury Metropolitan Borough Council hereby give notice in pursuance of the provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 that permission has been **GRANTED** for the carrying out of the development referred to in Part 1 hereof in accordance with the application and plans submitted subject to the following conditions:-

- 1 The development must be begun not later than three years beginning with the date of this permission.
Reason. Required to be imposed by Section 91 Town & Country Planning Act 1990.
- 2 This decision relates to drawings numbered JK9-00, JK9-02, JK9-03, JK9-04, JK9-05 and the development shall not be carried out except in accordance with the drawings hereby approved.
Reason. For the avoidance of doubt and to ensure a satisfactory standard of design pursuant to the policies of the Development Plan listed.
- 3 The business floorspace of the live/work unit shall not be used for any other purpose other than for purposes within Class E(g) in the Schedule to the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (or in any provision equivalent to that class in any statutory instrument revoking or re-enacting that Order with or without modification).
Reason. To safeguard the amenities of the occupiers of nearby residential accommodation pursuant to the following Policies of Development Plan:
JP-J2 - Employment Sites and Premises
Policy EC6/1 - Assessing New Business, Industrial and Commercial Development
- 4 The building shall be occupied and operated only for the dual purposes of business

floorspace with ancillary residential floorspace. The residential floorspace shall not be occupied unless the business floorspace is used for business purposes. The residential floorspace shall be occupied only by the person(s) who operate(s) the business and by members of his, her or their household and the business floorspace shall be operated to the extent that at least one occupant of the residential floorspace shall derive the equivalent of a full time employment from that operation. The only exception to this is where the building is occupied by a person who has retired from employment (or whose business has failed and is unemployed) following demonstrable use of the business floorspace for five years (during which time that person(s) shall have derived the equivalent of full time employment from that operation) or a widow or widower or other dependant of such a person who was residing with him or her when he or she died.

Reason. To retain the unit in employment use and due to its position, residential development would not normally be granted consent pursuant to Policies of the Unitary Development Plan listed below:

Policy EC2/2 - Employment Land and Premises Outside the Employment Generating Areas

- 5 No internal alterations which would lead to a reduction in the area of the building allocated on approved plans as being used for employment purposes shall take place without the prior consent of the Local Planning Authority. In addition no internal openings into the approved business space shall be made or closed up without the prior consent of the Local Planning Authority.

Reason. To ensure the employment use is maintained at the building pursuant to Policy EC2/2 - Employment land and Premises Outside the Employment Generating Areas of the Bury Unitary Development Plan.

- 6 No development hereby permitted (except demolition and site clearance) within any approved phase shall take place until the works relating to land contamination detailed below are fully completed:

In accordance with the findings of site characterisation and risk assessment as previously approved (Remediation and Enabling Works Strategy, REC, Reference: 44349p2r0, January 2014 and gas protection measures gk-let-19 9 February 2015), documents from the following shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval:

- I. Remedial Options Appraisal.
- II. Remediation Strategy.
- III. Verification Plan.

Reason. To prevent unacceptable risk to Human Health and Controlled Waters and to prevent pollution of the environment in accordance with the aims and Paragraphs 187(f), 196 and 197 of the National Planning Policy Framework (December 2024).

- 7 The development hereby permitted within any approved phase shall not be occupied/brought into use until the works relating to land contamination detailed below are fully completed:

Where remediation is required, it shall be carried out in full accordance with the approved Remediation Strategy.

A Verification Report must be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval upon completion of remediation works. The Verification Report must include information validating all remediation works carried out; details of imported materials (source/quantity/suitability); details of exported materials; and details of any unexpected contamination.

Reason. To prevent unacceptable risk to Human Health and Controlled Waters and

to prevent pollution of the environment in accordance with the aims and Paragraphs 187(f), 196 and 197 of the National Planning Policy Framework (December 2024).

- 8 The development hereby approved within any approved phase shall not be brought into use until written confirmation is provided to the Local Planning Authority that unexpected or previously unidentified contamination was not encountered during the course of development works.

If, during development, unexpected contamination is found to be present on the site, no further works shall be carried out at the affected location until the following are submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval:

- I. Risk Assessment (GQRA or DQRA);
- II. Remediation Strategy & Verification Plan;

If remediation is required, it shall be carried out in accordance with the approved Remediation Strategy. Upon completion of remediation works, a Verification Report shall be submitted for approval. The Verification Report must include information validating all remediation works carried out; details of imported materials (source/quantity/suitability); details of exported materials; and details of any unexpected contamination.

Reason. To prevent unacceptable risk to Human Health and Controlled Waters and to prevent pollution of the environment in accordance with the aims and Paragraphs 187(f), 196 and 197 of the National Planning Policy Framework (December 2024).

- 9 Any soil or soil forming materials to be brought to site for use in garden areas, soft landscaping, filling and level raising shall be tested for contamination and suitability for use.

Proposals for contamination testing including testing schedules, sampling frequencies and allowable contaminant concentrations (as determined by appropriate risk assessment) and source material information shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval prior to any soil or soil forming materials being brought onto site.

The approved contamination testing shall then be carried out and validatory evidence (soil descriptions, laboratory certificates, photographs etc.) submitted to Local Planning Authority for approval prior to the development being brought into use.

Reason. To prevent unacceptable risk to Human Health and Controlled Waters and to prevent pollution of the environment in accordance with the aims and Paragraphs 187(f), 196 and 197 of the National Planning Policy Framework (December 2024).

- 10 The development hereby approved shall be carried out in accordance with the drainage scheme approved as part of condition 13 of permission 57530.

Reason. To reduce the risk of flooding by ensuring the satisfactory storage/disposal of surface water pursuant to Policy JP-S4- Flood Risk and the Water Environment and Policy EN7/5 - Waste Water management of the Development Plan and the National Planning Policy Framework.

- 11 The external finishing materials shall be those materials approved as part of condition 10 of permission 57530 and non material amendment application 67694.

Reason. In the interests of visual amenity and to ensure a satisfactory development pursuant to Policy EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design of Bury Unitary Development Plan.

- 12 No works shall be carried out to the trees that would disturb nesting birds between

1st March and 31st August inclusive in any year .

Reason. In order to ensure that no harm is caused to a Protected Species pursuant to policies JP-G8: A Net Enhancement of Biodiversity and Geodiversity and EN6/3 – Features of Ecological Value of the Development Plan and the National Planning Policy Framework.

- 13 The proposed development shall be carried out in full accordance with the Ecology Report, dated April 2019, containing a Great Crested Newt Method Statement and the provision of a new pond as shown on plan reference GK-03.1P.
Reason. To protect a protected species and its habitat within and adjacent to the development site pursuant to Policy EN6/3 - Features of Ecological Value of the Bury Unitary Development Plan.
- 14 The car parking indicated on the approved plans shall be surfaced, demarcated and made available for use prior to the residential live/work unit hereby approved being occupied and thereafter maintained at all times.
Reason. To ensure adequate off street car parking provision in the interests of road safety pursuant to Policy HT2/4 - Car Parking and New Development of the Bury Unitary Development Plan.
- 15 The development hereby approved shall only be carried out in accordance with the details approved as part of condition 14 of permission 57530.
Reason. To ensure compliance with the requirements of the Greater Manchester Fire & Rescue Service, in the interests of highway safety, pursuant to the following Policies of the Bury Unitary Development Plan:
Policy H1/2 - Further Housing Development
Policy H2/2 - The Layout of New Residential Development
Policy EC6/1 - Assessing New Business, Industrial and Commercial Development.
- 16 The boundary treatment shall be as stated on approved plan JK9-02.
Reason - To secure the satisfactory development of the site and in the interests of the visual amenities of the area pursuant to Policy EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design of Bury Unitary Development Plan.
- 17 Notwithstanding the terms of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (Amendment) (No.2) Order 2008, or as subsequently amended, no development shall be carried out within the terms of Classes A to H of Part 1 of Schedule 2 of the Order and Class A of Part 2 of Schedule 2 of the Order, without the prior written consent of the Local Planning Authority.
Reason. To ensure that future inappropriate alterations or extensions do not occur pursuant to policies of the Unitary Development Plan listed below.
- 18 The residential unit (Plot 9) in the development hereby permitted shall be constructed as a self-build dwelling within the definition of self-build and custom build housing in the 2015 Act: i.) The first occupation of the unit in the development hereby permitted shall be by a person or persons who had a primary input into the design and layout of the unit and who intends to live in the unit for at least 3 years;
ii.) The Council shall be notified of the persons who intend to take up first occupation of the unit in the development hereby permitted at least two months prior to first occupation.
Reason. The development would on the basis of the details applied for would meet the criteria for an exemption under the Environment Act 2021.
- 19 The dwelling hereby approved shall be built in accordance with the 'accessible and adaptable' standard in Part M4(2) of the Building Regulations.

Reason. To secure the satisfactory development of the site pursuant to Places for Everyone Joint Development Plan Policy JP-H3: Type, Size and Design of New Housing.

20 Prior to occupation the applicant shall provide:

1 no. electric vehicle (EV) charging point (minimum 7kW*) per dwelling.

*Mode 3, 7kW (32A) single phase, or 22kW (32A) three phase, and for 50kW Mode 4 rapid charging may be required. British Standard BS EN 61851-1:2019 to be used. Further information regarding minimum standards can be found at <https://www.gov.uk/transport/low-emission-and-electric-vehicles>.

Reason. To encourage the uptake of ultra-low emission vehicles and ensure the development is sustainable and to safeguard residential amenity, public health and quality of life with respect to Local Air Quality, in accordance with paragraphs 112e, 117e, 187e and 199 of the National Planning Policy Framework (December 2024) and Places for Everyone Policy JP-S5 (Clean Air).

21 Prior to occupation of the development hereby approved the applicant shall install a house sparrow terrace on the new build and replace any trees that are to be removed from the site with native trees.

Reason. To secure the satisfactory development of the site and ensure enhancements and net gains for biodiversity pursuant to policies JP-G8: A Net Enhancement of Biodiversity and Geodiversity and EN6/3 - Features of Ecological Value of the Development Plan and National Planning Policy Framework Section 15 - Conserving and enhancing the natural environment.

Statement in accordance with Article 35(2) Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) (Amendment) Order 2015

The proposal complies with the development plan and would improve the economic, social and environmental conditions of the area. It therefore comprises sustainable development and the Local Planning Authority worked proactively and positively to issue the decision without delay. The Local Planning Authority has therefore implemented the requirement in Paragraph 38 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

The following policies of the Bury Unitary Development Plan, National and Regional Government were considered relevant:

EC2/2	EC2/2 - Employment Land and Premises Outside the Employment Generating Areas
EC4/1	EC4/1 - Small Businesses
EC6/1	EC6/1 - New Business, Industrial and Commercial Development
H1/2	H1/2 - Further Housing Development
H2/1	H2/1 - The Form of New Residential Development
H2/2	H2/2 - The Layout of New Residential Development
EN1/2	EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design
EN1/5	EN1/5 - Crime Prevention
EN2/3	EN2/3 - Listed Buildings
EN6/3	EN6/3 - Features of Ecological Value
EN7/2	EN7/2 - Noise Pollution
EN7/5	EN7/5 - Waste Water Management
EN8/2	EN8/2 - Woodland and Tree Planting
RT3/4	RT3/4 - Recreational Routes

HT2/4	HT2/4 - Car Parking and New Development
HT5/1	HT5/1 - Access For Those with Special Needs
JP-J1	Supporting Long-Term Economic Growth
JP-J2	Employment Sites and Premises
JP-C1	Our Integrated Network
JP-P1	Sustainable Places
JP-P2	Heritage
JP-S4	Flood Risk and the Water Environment
JP-G1	Landscape Character
JP-G7	Trees and Woodland
JP-G8	A Net Enhancement of Biodiversity and Geodiversity
JP-C8	Transport Requirements of New Development
JP-H3	Type, Size and Design of New Housing
JP-H4	Density of New Housing
JP-C5	Streets For All
JP-C6	Walking and Cycling
JP-S2	Carbon and Energy
JP-C2	Digital Connectivity
SPD1	Supplementary Planning Document 1 - Open Space, Sport and Recreation Provision in New Housing Development
SPD6	Supplementary Planning Document 6 - Alterations and Extensions to Residential Properties.
SPD11	Development Control Policy Guidance Note 11 - Parking Standards in Bury
NPPF	National Planning Policy Framework
RT3/3	RT3/3 - Access to the Countryside

This decision relates only to the Town and Country Planning Acts and does not include any consent or approval under any other enactment or under the Building Regulations. Any other consent or approval which is necessary must be obtained from the appropriate authority.

Applicant Plan Numbers:

JK9-00, JK9-02, JK9-03, JK9-04, JK9-05

NOTES TO APPLICANT

1. In accordance with S93G of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (As amended by Section 111 Levelling Up & Regeneration Act 2023) there is a legal requirement for you to inform the Council of the date when you intend to commence the development on site via submission of a Commencement Notice. This notice is mandatory for all developments and came into effect on 31 March 2024. You can find more information and download a copy of the Commencement Notice under the Before Starting Work section on our website at <https://www.bury.gov.uk/planning-building-control/planning-permission/planning-application-process>
2. In order to discharge conditions, the actions required by Conditions **[CL01 – CL06]** shall be completed in accordance with the following guidance: Land Contamination Risk Management (Environment Agency, 2023).

The applicant is advised that they have a duty to adhere to the regulations of Part 2A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990, the National Planning Policy Framework 2024 and the Building Control Regulations with regards to contaminated land. The responsibility to ensure the safe development of land affected by contamination rests primarily with the developer.

Purchasers, where applicable, are advised that they should satisfy themselves that land contamination issues, if present, have been satisfactorily discharged given that the Council expects full compliance with any contaminated land requirements prior to the occupation of the site. Upon occupation such matters could then be the responsibility of the owner to remedy.

3. ***The local planning authority considers that approval of a BIODIVERSITY GAIN PLAN WILL NOT BE REQUIRED BEFORE DEVELOPMENT COMMENCES***

Biodiversity Net Gain

The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is that planning permission granted for development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition (biodiversity gain condition) that development may not begin unless:

- (a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority,
- and
- (b) the planning authority has approved the plan.

The planning authority, for the purposes of determining whether to approve a Biodiversity Gain Plan, if one is required in respect of this permission would be Bury Council.

There are statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements which mean that the biodiversity gain condition does not always apply. These are listed below.

Based on the information available this permission is considered to be one which will not require the approval of a biodiversity gain plan before development is begun because one or more of the statutory exemptions or transitional arrangements in the list below is/are considered to apply.

Statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements in respect of the biodiversity gain condition.

1. The application for planning permission was made before 12 February 2024.
2. The planning permission relates to development to which section 73A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (planning permission for development already carried out) applies.
3. The planning permission was granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and
 - (i) the original planning permission to which the section 73 planning permission relates* was granted before 12 February 2024; or
 - (ii) the application for the original planning permission* to which the section 73 planning permission relates was made before 12 February 2024.
4. The permission which has been granted is for development which is exempt being:
 - 4.1 Development which is not 'major development' (within the meaning of article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015) where:

iv) the application for planning permission was made before 2 April 2024;
v) planning permission is granted which has effect before 2 April 2024; or

vi) planning permission is granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 where the original permission to which the section 73 permission relates* was exempt by virtue of (i) or (ii).

4.2 Development below the de minimis threshold, meaning development which:

iii) does not impact an onsite priority habitat (a habitat specified in a list published under section 41 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006); and

iv) impacts less than 25 square metres of onsite habitat that has biodiversity value greater than zero and less than 5 metres in length of onsite linear habitat (as defined in the statutory metric).

4.6 Development which is subject of a householder application within the meaning of article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015. A “householder application” means an application for planning permission for development for an existing dwellinghouse, or development within the curtilage of such a dwellinghouse for any purpose incidental to the enjoyment of the dwellinghouse which is not an application for change of use or an application to change the number of dwellings in a building.

4.7 Development of a biodiversity gain site, meaning development which is undertaken solely or mainly for the purpose of fulfilling, in whole or in part, the Biodiversity Gain Planning condition which applies in relation to another development, (no account is to be taken of any facility for the public to access or to use the site for educational or recreational purposes, if that access or use is permitted without the payment of a fee).

4.8 Self and Custom Build Development, meaning development which:

iv) consists of no more than 9 dwellings;
v) is carried out on a site which has an area no larger than 0.5 hectares; and

vi) consists exclusively of dwellings which are self-build or custom housebuilding (as defined in section 1(A1) of the Self-build and Custom Housebuilding Act 2015).

4.5 Development forming part of, or ancillary to, the high speed railway transport network (High Speed 2) comprising connections between all or any of the places or parts of the transport network specified in section 1(2) of the High Speed Rail (Preparation) Act 2013.

* “original planning permission means the permission to which the section 73 planning permission relates” means a planning permission which is the first in a sequence of two or more planning permissions, where the second and any subsequent planning permissions are section 73 planning permissions.

Irreplaceable habitat

If the onsite habitat includes irreplaceable habitat (within the meaning of the Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Irreplaceable Habitat) Regulations 2024) there are additional requirements for the content and approval of Biodiversity Gain Plans.

The Biodiversity Gain Plan must include, in addition to information about steps taken

or to be taken to minimise any adverse effect of the development on the habitat, information on arrangements for compensation for any impact the development has on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat.

The planning authority can only approve a Biodiversity Gain Plan if satisfied that the adverse effect of the development on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat is minimised and appropriate arrangements have been made for the purpose of compensating for any impact which do not include the use of biodiversity credits.

The effect of section 73D of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990

If planning permission is granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (application to develop land without compliance with conditions previously attached) and a Biodiversity Gain Plan was approved in relation to the previous planning permission ("the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan") there are circumstances when the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan is regarded as approved for the purpose of discharging the biodiversity gain condition subject to which the section 73 planning permission is granted.

Those circumstances are that the conditions subject to which the section 73 permission is granted:

- i) do not affect the post-development value of the onsite habitat as specified in the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan, and
- ii) in the case of planning permission for a development where all or any part of the onsite habitat is irreplaceable habitat the conditions do not change the effect of the development on the biodiversity of that onsite habitat (including any arrangements made to compensate for any such effect) as specified in the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan.

Signed:



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On behalf of the Council

Date of Decision: 03/10/2025