

NOTICE OF PLANNING PERMISSION

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015

To:

Mr Gary Dearden
PPY design Ltd
2 Helmsore Road
Holcombe Village
Bury
BL8 4PA

On Behalf Of:

Mr Craig Jones
18 Strangford Street
Radcliffe
Manchester
M26 3TN

PART 1 - Particulars of Application

Application Number: 73116

Date of Registration: 23/04/2026

Proposal:

Erection of 1 no. dwelling

Location:

Land at Bradley Fold Farm Cottages (plot 1),
Bradley Fold, Bolton, BL2 6RW

PART 2 - Particulars of Decision

Bury Metropolitan Borough Council hereby give notice in pursuance of the provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 that permission has been **GRANTED** for the carrying out of the development referred to in Part 1 hereof in accordance with the application and plans submitted subject to the following conditions:-

- 1 The development must be begun not later than three years beginning with the date of this permission.
Reason. Required to be imposed by Section 91 Town & Country Planning Act 1990.
- 2 This decision relates to drawings numbered CJ1-00, CJ1-01, CJ1-03, CJ1-04, CJ1-02A and the development shall not be carried out except in accordance with the drawings hereby approved.
Reason. For the avoidance of doubt and to ensure a satisfactory standard of design pursuant to the policies of the Bury Unitary Development Plan and Places for Everyone Joint Development Plan listed.
- 3 The residential unit ('unit') in the development hereby permitted shall be constructed as a self-build dwelling within the definition of self-build and custom build housing in the 2015 Act:
 - (i) The first occupation of the unit in the development hereby permitted shall be by a person or persons who had a primary input into the design and layout of the unit and who intends to live in the unit for at least 3 years;
 - (ii) The Council shall be notified of the persons who intend to take up first occupation of the unit in the development hereby permitted at least two months prior to first occupation.Reason . The scheme as submitted and subsequently determined, is specifically

based upon the scheme being a Small Scale Self-Build and Custom Housebuilding scheme, which benefits from The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024 to otherwise provide for Biodiversity Net Gain.

- 4 The dwelling hereby approved shall be built in accordance with the 'accessible and adaptable' standard in Part M4(2) of the Building Regulations.
Reason. To secure the satisfactory development of the site pursuant to Places for Everyone Joint Development Plan Policy JP-H3: Type, Size and Design of New Housing.
- 5 No development hereby permitted (except demolition and site clearance) within any approved phase shall take place until the works relating to land contamination detailed below are fully completed:
With consideration to human health, controlled waters and the wider environment, the following documents shall be completed to characterise potential risk to sensitive receptors and submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval:
 - I. Generic Quantitative Risk Assessment (GQRA). Submission of this document only if PRA requires it.
 - II. Detailed Quantitative Risk Assessment (DQRA). Submission of this document if GQRA requires it.
Reason. . To prevent unacceptable risk to Human Health and Controlled Waters and to prevent pollution of the environment in accordance with the aims of Policy P2 - Ground Conditions of Section 17 of the National Planning Policy Framework (August 2026).
- 6 No development hereby permitted (except demolition and site clearance) within any approved phase shall take place until the works relating to land contamination detailed below are fully completed:
In accordance with the findings of site characterisation and risk assessment as previously approved, documents from the following shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval:
 - I. Remedial Options Appraisal.
 - II. Remediation Strategy.
 - III. Verification Plan.
Reason. To prevent unacceptable risk to Human Health and Controlled Waters and to prevent pollution of the environment in accordance with the aims of Policy P2 - Ground Conditions of Section 17 of the National Planning Policy Framework (August 2026).
- 7 The development hereby permitted within any approved phase shall not be occupied/brought into use until the works relating to land contamination detailed below are fully completed:
Where remediation is required, it shall be carried out in full accordance with the approved Remediation Strategy.
A Verification Report must be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval upon completion of remediation works. The Verification Report must include information validating all remediation works carried out; details of imported materials (source/quantity/suitability); details of exported materials; and details of any unexpected contamination.
Reason. To prevent unacceptable risk to Human Health and Controlled Waters and

to prevent pollution of the environment in accordance with the aims of Policy P2 - Ground Conditions of Section 17 of the National Planning Policy Framework (August 2026).

- 8 The development hereby approved within any approved phase shall not be brought into use until written confirmation is provided to the Local Planning Authority that unexpected or previously unidentified contamination was not encountered during the course of development works.

If, during development, unexpected contamination is found to be present on the site, no further works shall be carried out at the affected location until the following are submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval:

- I. Risk Assessment (GQRA or DQRA);
- II. Remediation Strategy & Verification Plan;

If remediation is required, it shall be carried out in accordance with the approved Remediation Strategy. Upon completion of remediation works, a Verification Report shall be submitted for approval. The Verification Report must include information validating all remediation works carried out; details of imported materials (source/quantity/suitability); details of exported materials; and details of any unexpected contamination.

Reason. To prevent unacceptable risk to Human Health and Controlled Waters and to prevent pollution of the environment in accordance with the aims of Policy P2 - Ground Conditions of Section 17 of the National Planning Policy Framework (August 2026).

- 9 Any soil or soil forming materials to be brought to site for use in garden areas, soft landscaping, filling and level raising shall be tested for contamination and suitability for use.

Proposals for contamination testing including testing schedules, sampling frequencies and allowable contaminant concentrations (as determined by appropriate risk assessment) and source material information shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval prior to any soil or soil forming materials being brought onto site.

The approved contamination testing shall then be carried out and validity evidence (soil descriptions, laboratory certificates, photographs etc.) submitted to Local Planning Authority for approval prior to the development being brought into use.

Reason. To prevent unacceptable risk to Human Health and Controlled Waters and to prevent pollution of the environment in accordance with the aims of Policy P2 - Ground Conditions of Section 17 of the National Planning Policy Framework (August 2026).

- 10 Prior to occupation the applicant shall provide 1 no. electric vehicle (EV) charging point (minimum 7kW*) per dwelling.

*Mode 3, 7kW (32A) single phase, or 22kW (32A) three phase, and for 50kW Mode 4 rapid charging may be required. British Standard BS EN 61851-1:2019 to be used. Further information regarding minimum standards can be found at <https://www.gov.uk/transport/low-emission-and-electric-vehicles>.

Reason. To encourage the uptake of ultra-low emission vehicles and ensure the development is sustainable and to safeguard residential amenity, public health and quality of life with respect to Local Air Quality, in accordance with Policy CC2: Mitigation of climate change of the National Planning Policy Framework (August

- 11 Details/Samples of the (materials/bricks) to be used in the external elevations, together with details of their manufacturer, type/colour and size, shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority before the development is commenced. Only the approved materials/bricks shall be used for the construction of the development.
Reason. No material samples have been submitted and are required in the interests of visual amenity and to ensure a satisfactory development pursuant to UDP Policy EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design
- 12 An ecological enhancement scheme shall be submitted to, and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to the commencement of construction of the dwellings hereby approved. The contents of the plan should include:
1. 1no. bat brick
 2. 1no. bird brick (eg swift brick)
 3. 4no. native trees
 4. 1no. section of native hedging along the northern boundary.
- The approved scheme shall be implemented in full prior to occupation of the dwellings and thereafter maintained.
Reason. To secure the satisfactory development of the site and in order to ensure that no harm is caused to a Protected Species pursuant to policies JP-G8 - A Net Enhancement of Biodiversity and Geodiversity and EN6/3 – Features of Ecological Value of the Development Plan and Policy N2 - Improving the Natural Environment of Section 19 of the National Planning Policy Framework (August 2026).
- 13 Development shall not commence unless and until details of surface water drainage proposals have been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority. The scheme must be based on the hierarchy of drainage options in the National Planning Practice Guidance and be designed in accordance with the Non-Statutory Technical Standards for Sustainable Drainage Systems (March 2015) or subsequent revisions of it. This must include assessment of potential SuDS options for surface water drainage with appropriate calculations and test results to support the chosen solution. Design details should comply with guidance contained in the Greater Manchester's Sustainable Drainage Design Guide, March 25. Details of proposed maintenance arrangements should also be provided.
Reason. The current application contains insufficient information regarding the proposed drainage scheme to fully assess the impact. To promote sustainable development and reduce flood risk pursuant to Development Plan Policies JP-S4 - Flood Risk and the Water Environment, EN7/3 - Water Pollution and EN7/5 - Waste Water Management and Policy F8 - Sustainable Drainage Systems and Watercourses of Section 18 of the National Planning Policy Framework (August 2026).
- 14 No development shall commence until;
- a) a scheme of intrusive investigations has been carried out on site to establish the risks posed to the development by past coal mining activity, and;
 - b) any remediation works and/or mitigation measures to address land instability arising from coal mining legacy, as may be necessary, have been implemented on site in full in order to ensure that the site is safe and stable for the development proposed.
- The intrusive site investigations and remedial works shall be carried out in accordance with authoritative UK guidance.

Reason. The undertaking of intrusive site investigations, prior to the commencement of development, is considered to be necessary to ensure that adequate information pertaining to ground conditions and coal mining legacy is available to enable appropriate remedial and mitigatory measures to be identified and carried out before building works commence on site. This is in order to ensure the safety and stability of the development, in accordance with Policy P2 - Ground Conditions of Section 17 of the National Planning Policy Framework (August 2026).

- 15 Prior to the occupation of the development, or it being taken into beneficial use, a signed statement or declaration prepared by a suitably competent person confirming that the site is, or has been made, safe and stable for the approved development shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval in writing. This document shall confirm the methods and findings of the intrusive site investigations and the completion of any remedial works and/or mitigation necessary to address the risks posed by past coal mining activity.

Reason. The undertaking of intrusive site investigations, prior to the commencement of development, is considered to be necessary to ensure that adequate information pertaining to ground conditions and coal mining legacy is available to enable appropriate remedial and mitigatory measures to be identified and carried out before building works commence on site. This is in order to ensure the safety and stability of the development, in accordance with Policy P2 - Ground Conditions of Section 17 of the National Planning Policy Framework (August 2026).

- 16 The car parking and cycle storage indicated on the approved plans shall be surfaced, demarcated and made available for use prior to the use hereby approved commencing and thereafter maintained at all times.

Reason. To ensure adequate off street car and cycle parking provision in the interests of road safety pursuant to policy HT2/4 - Car Parking and New Development of the Bury Unitary Development Plan and Policy TR2: Local parking standards of the of the National Planning Policy Framework (August 2026).

- 17 No development shall commence unless and until a 'Construction Traffic Management Plan' (CTMP), has been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority and shall confirm/provide the following:

1. Hours of operation and number of vehicle movements;
2. Arrangements for the turning and manoeuvring of vehicles within the curtilage of the site;
3. Parking on site of operatives' and demolition/construction vehicles together with storage on site of demolition/construction materials;
4. Measures to ensure that all mud and other loose materials are not carried on the wheels and chassis of any vehicles leaving the site and measures to minimise dust nuisance caused by the operations

The approved plan shall be adhered to throughout the demolition/construction period and the measures shall be retained and facilities used for the intended purpose for the duration of the demolition and construction periods. The areas identified shall not be used for any other purposes other than the turning/parking of vehicles and storage of demolition/construction materials.

Reason. Information not submitted at application stage. To mitigate the impact of the construction traffic generated by the proposed development on the adjacent residential streets, and ensure adequate off street car parking provision and materials storage arrangements for the duration of the construction period and that the adopted highways are kept free of deposited material from the ground works operations, in the interests of highway safety pursuant to Bury Unitary Development

Plan Policy EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design, Places for Everyone Joint Development Plan Policies JP-C5 - Streets for All, JP-C6 - Walking and Cycling, JP-C8 - Transport Requirements of New Development and JP-P1 - Sustainable Places and Policy TR4: Street design, access and parking of the of the National Planning Policy Framework (August 2026).

- 18 Notwithstanding the details indicated on the approved plans, no further development shall commence unless and until full details of the following have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority:

1. Scheme of public right of way demarcation works at the interface with Footpath 23 Christchurch, Radcliffe and the proposed porous tarmac hardstanding/paving/landscaping to the front of the dwelling.
2. A dilapidation survey of Footpath 23 Christchurch, Radcliffe leading to the proposed site access in the event that subsequent remedial works are required following construction of the development.

The highway works subsequently approved shall be implemented to an agreed programme before the development hereby approved is brought into use. Any required remedial works shall be implemented to an agreed programme.

Reason. To ensure good highway design and the intervisibility of the users of the site and the adjacent public right of way in the interests of road safety and to maintain the integrity of the adopted highway and public right of way pursuant to Bury Unitary Development Plan Policies EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design, RT3/3 - Access to the Countryside, Places for Everyone Joint Development Plan Policies JP-C5 - Streets for All, JP-C6 - Walking and Cycling, JP-C8 - Transport Requirements of New Development and JP-P1 - Sustainable Places and Policy TR4: Street design, access and parking of the of the National Planning Policy Framework (August 2026).

- 19 The dwelling hereby approved shall be built in accordance with the mitigations set out within the approved Environmental Noise Assessment for Planning Application 2627-235687 and shall include:

- Non glazed elements minimum acoustic performance 50(dB Rw)
- Glazing minimum single figure weighted sound reduction 28dB
- Standard trickle vents

The scheme hereby approved shall be implemented in full and available for use before use of the premises first commences.

Reason. To protect the amenity of the occupants of the premises once the development hereby approved is occupied pursuant to Bury Unitary Development Plan Policy EN7/2 - Noise Pollution.

Statement in accordance with Article 35(2) Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) (Amendment) Order 2015

The Local Planning Authority worked positively and proactively with the applicant to identify various solutions during the application process to ensure that the proposal comprised sustainable development and would improve the economic, social and environmental conditions of the area and would accord with the development plan. These were incorporated into the scheme and/or have been secured by planning condition. The Local Planning Authority has therefore implemented the requirement in Paragraph 38 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

The following policies of the Bury Unitary Development Plan, National and Regional Government were considered relevant:

RT3/3	RT3/3 - Access to the Countryside
EC2/1	EC2/1 - Employment Generating Areas
EN1/2	EN1/2 - Townscape and Built Design
EN6/3	EN6/3 - Features of Ecological Value
EN7/2	EN7/2 - Noise Pollution
EN7/5	EN7/5 - Waste Water Management
EN8/2	EN8/2 - Woodland and Tree Planting
H1/2	H1/2 - Further Housing Development
H2/1	H2/1 - The Form of New Residential Development
H2/2	H2/2 - The Layout of New Residential Development
HT2/4	HT2/4 - Car Parking and New Development
JP-H1	Scale of New Housing Development
JP-H3	Type, Size and Design of New Housing
JP-H4	Density of New Housing
JP-G8	A Net Enhancement of Biodiversity and Geodiversity
JP-P1	Sustainable Places
JP-C2	Digital Connectivity
JP-C5	Streets For All
JP-C6	Walking and Cycling
JP-S2	Carbon and Energy
JP-S4	Flood Risk and the Water Environment
JP-S1	Sustainable Development
JP-S5	Clean Air
SPD6	Supplementary Planning Document 6 - Alterations and Extensions to Residential Properties.
SPD11	Development Control Policy Guidance Note 11 - Parking Standards in Bury
NPPF	National Planning Policy Framework

This decision relates only to the Town and Country Planning Acts and does not include any consent or approval under any other enactment or under the Building Regulations. Any other consent or approval which is necessary must be obtained from the appropriate authority.

Applicant Plan Numbers:

CJ1-00, CJ1-01, CJ1-03, CJ1-04, CJ1-02A

NOTES TO APPLICANT

1. In order to discharge conditions, the actions required by Conditions 5 - 9 shall be completed in accordance with the following guidance: Land Contamination Risk Management (Environment Agency, 2023).

The applicant is advised that they have a duty to adhere to the regulations of Part 2A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990, the National Planning Policy Framework 2026 and the Building Control Regulations with regards to contaminated land. The responsibility to ensure the safe development of land affected by contamination rests primarily with the developer.

Purchasers, where applicable, are advised that they should satisfy themselves that land contamination issues, if present, have been satisfactorily discharged given that the Council expects full compliance with any contaminated land requirements prior to the occupation of the site. Upon occupation such matters could then be the responsibility of the owner to remedy.

2. In accordance with S93G of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (As amended by Section 111 Levelling Up & Regeneration Act 2023) there is a legal requirement for you to inform the Council of the date when you intend to commence the development on site via submission of a Commencement Notice. This notice is mandatory for all developments and came into effect on 31 March 2024. You can find more information and download a copy of the Commencement Notice under the Before Starting Work section on our website at <https://www.bury.gov.uk/planning-building-control/planning-permission/planning-application-process>
3. ***The local planning authority considers that approval of a BIODIVERSITY GAIN PLAN WILL NOT BE REQUIRED BEFORE DEVELOPMENT COMMENCES***

Biodiversity Net Gain

The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is that planning permission granted for development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition (biodiversity gain condition) that development may not begin unless:

- (a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority,
- and
- (b) the planning authority has approved the plan.

The planning authority, for the purposes of determining whether to approve a Biodiversity Gain Plan, if one is required in respect of this permission would be Bury Council.

There are statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements which mean that the biodiversity gain condition does not always apply. These are listed below.

Based on the information available this permission is considered to be one which will not require the approval of a biodiversity gain plan before development is begun because one or more of the statutory exemptions or transitional arrangements in the list below is/are considered to apply.

Statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements in respect of the biodiversity gain condition.

1. The application for planning permission was made before 12 February 2024.
2. The planning permission relates to development to which section 73A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (planning permission for development already carried out) applies.
3. The planning permission was granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and
 - (i) the original planning permission to which the section 73 planning permission relates* was granted before 12 February 2024; or
 - (ii) the application for the original planning permission* to which the section 73 planning permission relates was made before 12 February 2024.
4. The permission which has been granted is for development which is exempt being:

4.1 Development which is not 'major development' (within the meaning of article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015) where:

- iv) the application for planning permission was made before 2 April 2024;
- v) planning permission is granted which has effect before 2 April 2024; or
- vi) planning permission is granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 where the original permission to which the section 73 permission relates* was exempt by virtue of (i) or (ii).

4.2 Development below the de minimis threshold, meaning development which:

- iii) does not impact an onsite priority habitat (a habitat specified in a list published under section 41 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006); and
- iv) impacts less than 25 square metres of onsite habitat that has biodiversity value greater than zero and less than 5 metres in length of onsite linear habitat (as defined in the statutory metric).

4.6 Development which is subject of a householder application within the meaning of article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015. A "householder application" means an application for planning permission for development for an existing dwellinghouse, or development within the curtilage of such a dwellinghouse for any purpose incidental to the enjoyment of the dwellinghouse which is not an application for change of use or an application to change the number of dwellings in a building.

4.7 Development of a biodiversity gain site, meaning development which is undertaken solely or mainly for the purpose of fulfilling, in whole or in part, the Biodiversity Gain Planning condition which applies in relation to another development, (no account is to be taken of any facility for the public to access or to use the site for educational or recreational purposes, if that access or use is permitted without the payment of a fee).

4.8 Self and Custom Build Development, meaning development which:

- iv) consists of no more than 9 dwellings;
- v) is carried out on a site which has an area no larger than 0.5 hectares; and
- vi) consists exclusively of dwellings which are self-build or custom housebuilding (as defined in section 1(A1) of the Self-build and Custom Housebuilding Act 2015).

4.5 Development forming part of, or ancillary to, the high speed railway transport network (High Speed 2) comprising connections between all or any of the places or parts of the transport network specified in section 1(2) of the High Speed Rail (Preparation) Act 2013.

* "original planning permission means the permission to which the section 73 planning permission relates" means a planning permission which is the first in a sequence of two or more planning permissions, where the second and any subsequent planning permissions are section 73 planning permissions.

Irreplaceable habitat

If the onsite habitat includes irreplaceable habitat (within the meaning of the

Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Irreplaceable Habitat) Regulations 2024) there are additional requirements for the content and approval of Biodiversity Gain Plans.

The Biodiversity Gain Plan must include, in addition to information about steps taken or to be taken to minimise any adverse effect of the development on the habitat, information on arrangements for compensation for any impact the development has on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat.

The planning authority can only approve a Biodiversity Gain Plan if satisfied that the adverse effect of the development on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat is minimised and appropriate arrangements have been made for the purpose of compensating for any impact which do not include the use of biodiversity credits.

The effect of section 73D of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990

If planning permission is granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (application to develop land without compliance with conditions previously attached) and a Biodiversity Gain Plan was approved in relation to the previous planning permission ("the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan") there are circumstances when the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan is regarded as approved for the purpose of discharging the biodiversity gain condition subject to which the section 73 planning permission is granted.

Those circumstances are that the conditions subject to which the section 73 permission is granted:

- i) do not affect the post-development value of the onsite habitat as specified in the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan, and
- ii) in the case of planning permission for a development where all or any part of the onsite habitat is irreplaceable habitat the conditions do not change the effect of the development on the biodiversity of that onsite habitat (including any arrangements made to compensate for any such effect) as specified in the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan.

4. The site is to be drained on a separate system of drainage with surface water and foul sewage being combined at the last manhole before connection to public sewer.
5. Surface water discharge to be limited to existing flow from site less a minimum 40% reduction in run-off to allow for climate change to prevent surcharge of public sewerage system downstream of the proposed development National Planning Policy Framework and Unitary Development Plan Policy EN5/1 - New Development and Flood Risk and its associated SPD 16 Design and Layout of New Development in Bury. Climate change allowance should be increased to 70% for sites which fall within Flood Zone 3
6. Application forms for permission to connect to the public sewer should be obtained by telephoning United Utilities PLC on 08456 020406 or online at www.unitedutilities.com
7. Applications for Building Over Agreements or sewer diversions should be obtained by telephoning United Utilities PLC on 01925 464714.
8. Applications for sewer requisitions should be obtained by telephoning United Utilities PLC at either Dawson House (01925 235871) or Hathersage Road (0161 609 7513)

9. The applicant should note that a 450mm diameter combined sewer passes through the proposed development. The applicant must plot the exact position of the public sewer in relation to any proposed buildings.
10. No building should be constructed within 3m of the centreline of the public sewer without the approval of United Utilities PLC.
11. The applicant should ensure that any proposed driveways/paved areas (in excess of 5m²) situated at the front of properties are constructed of permeable or porous materials. The applicant should refer to Dept. of Communities & Local Government publication "Guidance on the Permeable Surfacing of Front Gardens" for design & construction details.
12. **UNITED UTILITIES**

All options for the sustainable management of surface water must be thoroughly investigated before we will accept any surface water connections from new development to the public sewer. Where a new surface water connection to the public sewer is proposed, we will require robust evidence to demonstrate the drainage hierarchy has been fully investigated and there are no more sustainable options available for the management of surface water.

When considering their drainage proposal, it is the applicant's responsibility to investigate the existence of any infrastructure that might impact their detailed design. This includes water, wastewater, operational and/or abandoned pipelines. United Utilities will not routinely review proximity or positioning of drainage proposals in relation to existing pipelines when assessing the suitability of a specific drainage design. Where infrastructure exists, the drainage design must comply with the relevant United Utilities guidelines and/or Building Regulations. Further information is available on our website: [Working near our pipes - United Utilities](#). Failure to consider existing infrastructure when designing a drainage proposal may result in the applicant having to redesign proposals at a later date.

UNITED UTILITIES' PROPERTY, ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Water Mains

Email: DeveloperServicesWater@uuplc.co.uk

A water main runs along the boundary of the site. It must not be built over, or our access to the pipeline compromised in any way. We require an access strip as detailed in our 'Standard Conditions for Works Adjacent to Pipelines'. The applicant must comply with this document to ensure pipelines are adequately protected both during and after the construction period.

It is the applicant's responsibility to investigate the existence of any pipelines that might cross or impact their proposed site and also to demonstrate the exact relationship between United Utilities' assets and the proposed development. The applicant should not rely solely on the detail contained within asset maps when considering a proposed layout.

It is important that the supporting information contained in the Appendix, Section 3.0 'United Utilities' Property, Assets and Infrastructure', is read in conjunction with this letter. This provides information that might impact a proposed layout and additional guidance that an applicant or developer must consider when United Utilities assets are located in, or in the locality of, the proposed site. Additional information is available on our website: [Working near our pipes - United Utilities](#)

The applicant should also review United Utilities' '**Standard Conditions for Works**

Adjacent to Pipelines' document which can be found on our website:
[standard-conditions-for-works-adjacent-to-pipelines-issued-july-2015.pdf](#).

They, or any subsequent developer working on the proposed site must adhere to the details contained within this document.

WATER EFFICIENCY IN NEW DEVELOPMENT

All new homes are required to meet the mandatory national standard of 125 litres of water used per person per day (l/p/d) as set out in Building Regulations Approved Document G. If your adopted development plan includes a policy that implements the tighter water efficiency standard of 110 l/p/d for new-build dwellings in Part 3 of Building Regulations, you should ensure that this is a condition of any planning permission you may grant. You should also consider whether there is any adopted development plan policy relating to water efficiency in the construction of non-residential development. As this is a matter for the local planning authority / building control body, United Utilities would not be involved in the discharge of conditions relating to water efficiency.

13. 1 – Ground Investigations

Any intrusive activities which disturb or enter any coal seams, coal mine workings or coal mine entries (shafts and adits) requires a Mining Remediation Authority Permit. Such activities could include site investigation boreholes, excavations for foundations, piling activities, other ground works and any subsequent treatment of coal mine workings and coal mine entries for ground stability purposes. Application forms for Mining Remediation Authority permission and further guidance can be obtained from The Mining Remediation Authority's website at:
www.gov.uk/get-a-permit-to-deal-with-a-coal-mine-on-your-property
What is a permit and how to get one? – GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

2 – Shallow Coal Seams

In areas where shallow coal seams are present caution should be taken when carrying out any on site burning or heat focused activities.

To check your site for coal mining features on or near to the surface the Coal Authority interactive map viewer allows you to view selected coal mining information in your browser graphically. To check a particular location either enter a post code or use your mouse to zoom in to view the surrounding area.

Signed:



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On behalf of the Council

Date of Decision: 28/08/2026