



**BROWNFIELD
SOLUTIONS LTD**

GEO-ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING EXCELLENCE

BURY COUNCIL

Spurr House, Bury

Phase I Geo-Environmental Assessment Report

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PROJECT QUALITY CONTROL DATA SHEET

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DRAWINGS

Drawing Number	Rev	Title
2022.00296.000 SK-003	-	Site Plan
C5102/01	-	Site Location Plan
C5102/02	-	Site Features Plan

APPENDICES	
Appendix	Title
Photographs	Site Walkover Photographs
Appendix A	BSL Methodology and Guidance
Appendix B	Historical Maps
Appendix C	Geo-Environmental Data Report
Appendix D	Mining Search Report
Appendix E	UXO Screening Map

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Context

This report describes a desk-based Phase I Geo-Environmental Assessment Report carried out by Brownfield Solutions Limited (BSL) for Bury Council as instructed by Gardiner & Theobald LLP on a site at Spurr House Bury and has been completed in general accordance with the following guidance:

- Environment Agency guidance - Land Contamination: Risk Management (LCRM).
- BS 10175:2011+A2:2017 Investigation of Potentially Contaminated Sites.
- BS5930: 2015+A1:2020 Code of Practice for Ground Investigations.
- BS EN 1997-1:2004+A1:2013 Eurocode 7. Geotechnical design. General rules plus UK National Annex.
- BS EN 1997-2:2007 Eurocode 7 Geotechnical design. Ground investigation and testing plus UK National Annex.

Definitions of terms and acronyms used within this report is presented in Section 8.0.

1.2 Proposed Development

The project comprises refurbishment and renovation of the existing structure for a change of use from a care home into a school with external areas of soft landscaping, car parking, hard play and multi-use games areas as shown on drawing ref. 2022.00296.000 SK-003 provided to BSL by the client.

1.3 Objectives and Scope

The objectives of this assessment were to determine the environmental setting and ground conditions of the site, highlighting potential areas of concern that may govern the redevelopment.

The scope of works comprises a Phase I Assessment and site walk-over, with a review of the site, surroundings, historical uses and environmental setting in order to develop a preliminary Conceptual Site Model (CSM).

This report is intended to meet the requirements of a Preliminary Investigation as defined in BS10175:2011+A2:2017 and has been produced in general accordance with the recommendations for a Tier 1 Preliminary Risk Assessment as described in LCRM guidance.

1.4 Limitations

This Phase 1 Geo-Environmental Assessment Report has been prepared in accordance with the relevant legislative framework, guidance and risk assessment methodology as outlined in Appendix A.

The findings and opinions conveyed via this assessment are based on information obtained from a number of sources as detailed within this report, BSL have assumed this information is correct and reliable. Nevertheless, BSL cannot and does not guarantee the authenticity or reliability of the information it has relied upon.

BSL have used reasonable skill, care and diligence in the production of this report. There may be other conditions prevailing on the site which are outside the scope of work and have not been highlighted by this assessment and therefore have not been taken into account by this report. Responsibility cannot be accepted for such site conditions not revealed by the assessment.

This report has been prepared for the sole use and reliance of the Client, Bury Council. No other third party may rely upon or reproduce the contents of this report without the written permission of Brownfield Solutions Ltd (BSL); a charge may be levied against such approval. If any unauthorised third party comes into possession of this report, then they rely on it at their own risk and BSL do not owe them any Duty of Care.

Any recommendations made in this report should be confirmed with the Regulatory Authorities prior to implementation to ensure compliance.

This assessment has been based on the proposed planning layouts provided. Any subsequent change to the planning layout may have an impact on the validity of recommendations made within this report. Furthermore, new information, changed practices or new legislation may necessitate revised interpretation of the report after the date of its submission.

The site plans enclosed in this report should not be scaled off. Any site boundary line depicted on plans does not imply legal ownership of land.

Notwithstanding site observations concerning the presence or otherwise of archaeological issues, asbestos-containing materials (ACM) or invasive weeds (e.g. Japanese knotweed), this report does not constitute a formal survey of these potential issues and specialist advice should be sought.

2.0 THE SITE

2.1 Location

The site is located off Pole Lane, Bury, BL9 8QL, centred on National Grid Reference 382101 , 406993 as shown on the Site Location Plan, Drawing No. C5102/01.

2.2 Site Description

A site reconnaissance survey was carried out at the site on 11th August 2022. The main site features and potential issues identified during this survey are detailed below and are shown on the Site Features Plan, Drawing No. C5102/02.

Feature	Description
Site Area	Approximately 0.47 hectares.
Site Access	Access to the site is gained off Pole Lane to the west.
Current Land Use and Site Features	The site comprises an single storey building which was previously a care home with associated hardstanding car park and soft landscaping areas.
Potential Sources of Gross Contamination	No significant sources of contamination were identified onsite.
Vegetation	There are sporadic mature/semi-mature trees across the perimeter of the site.
Topography	The site is generally flat however there is gentle gradient on the grassed area within the north-west of the site.
Site Boundaries	The northern boundary is fencing associated with the residential homes and mature and semi mature trees and hedges. The eastern and southern boundary is wooden fencing . Whilst the western boundary is open access.
Surrounding Area	The site is set within a residential area with a cricket ground is to the south-east of the site.
Anecdotal Information	

3.0 GEO-ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

3.1 Historical Setting

A review of the available historical Ordnance Survey Maps and satellite imagery has been conducted, with the pertinent issues that may have affected the site, or its environs, summarised below. The Historical Maps are presented in Appendix B. A review of the historical industrial data within the geo-environmental data report has also been undertaken below, the report is presented in Appendix C.

Notable features on site, and potentially contaminative or geotechnically relevant features within 100m of the site boundary have been presented. Any features that have potentially been infilled will be considered up to 250m from the site boundary.

Feature	Distance (m) & Direction	Years Present	Description
Spurr House Care home	Onsite	1981-Present	The site remained as open fields until 1981 when Spurr House care home was developed and is still present.
Ponds	Circa 17m W Circa 43m N Circa 100m S Circa 180m W	1845-1893 1845-1957 1845-2001 1891-1893	Several former ponds have been shown to be present within the surrounding area on the earliest mapping.: The pond circa 17m NW is no longer present on mapping after 1893. It is assumed it has been infilled between circa 1893 and 1907. The pond circa 43m N is no longer present on mapping after 1955. It is assumed it has been infilled between circa 1957 and 1965. The pond circa 100m S is no longer present on mapping after 2001. It is assumed it has been infilled between circa 2001 and 2003. The pond circa 180m W is no longer present on mapping after 1893 it is assumed it has been infilled between circa 1893 and 1907.
Works	Circa 70m NW	1956-1965	A motor body works is shown to be present within the surrounding area on mapping from 1956 and is no longer present after 1965. It is assumed it has been demolished between circa 1965 and 1981.
Smithy	Circa 81m NW	1891-1932	Several smithies have been shown to be present within the surrounding area: The smithy circa 81m NW is no longer present on mapping after 1932. By 1956 it is assumed it has been demolished and redeveloped into a motor body works.

In summary, the map evidence indicates that the site has remained as open fields until 1981 with the development of the care home.

Historical land use in the surrounding area has been predominantly residential.

3.2 Published Geology

The following publications of the British Geological Survey (BGS) were examined in respect of the geology underlying the site:

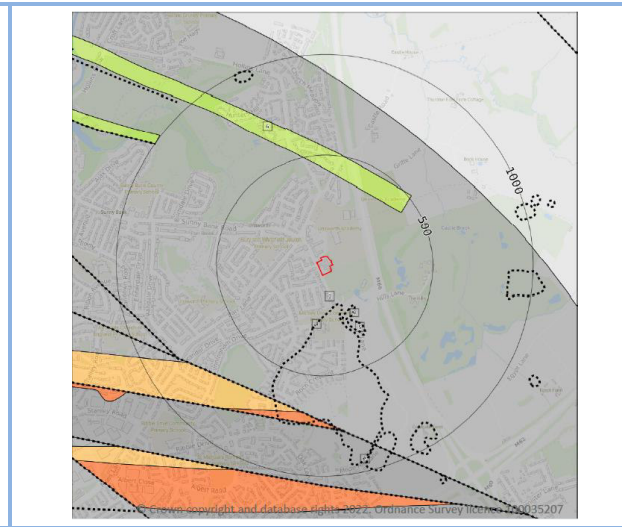
- British Geological Survey (BGS) 1:50,000 Scale Geological Map Sheet 085 Manchester. Solid and Drift Edition.
- BGS GeoIndex Onshore.
- BGS 6-inch Geological Map (Ince).
- Coal Authority Interactive Map.
- Geo-Environmental Data Report.

Extracts of the 1:10,000 geological mapping from the Geo-Environmental Data Report are presented below for reference:

BGS 1:10 000 Superficial Geology



BGS 1:10 000 Solid Geology



Made Ground

BGS mapping does not display any made ground deposits on site, however based on the historical mapping and the development that has taken place, made ground deposits are highly likely to be present.

Superficial Deposits

The site is indicated to be underlain by Hummocky Glacial Deposits. This stratum typically comprises of rock debris, clayey till and poorly- to well-stratified sand and gravel.

Solid Geology

The deeper solid geology is indicated to be part of the Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation which typically comprises mudstone, siltstone and sandstone.

No faults are shown on or within an influencing distance of the site.

3.3 BGS Exploratory Hole Records

There are no BGS exploratory hole records within a relevant distance of the site (assumed as an approximate 50m radius).

3.4 Mining and Mineral Extraction

The online Coal Authority Interactive Map layers have been reviewed and the details are summarised in the table below:

Relevant Interactive Map Data	Issue at Subject Site?
Coal Authority Reporting Area	Yes
High Risk Development Area	No

As the site lies within the Coal Authority Reporting Area, a mining search has been undertaken as the site could be affected by past or current coal mining.

The mining searches are presented in Appendix D, the main findings of which are presented below.

Highlighted Evidence	Issue	Details
Past Underground Mining	No	The property does not lie within the potential zone of influence of any recorded underground coal workings.
Present Underground Mining	No	
Future Underground Mining	No	The property is not in an area where the Coal Authority has plans to grant a licence, or a licence has been granted to remove coal using underground methods. The property is not in an area likely to be affected from any planned future underground coal mining. No notices have been given, under section 46 of the Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991, stating that the land is at risk of subsidence.
Mine Entries	No	There are no known coal mine entries within, or within 20 metres of, the boundary of the property.
Past, present and future opencast coal mining	No	
Coal mining subsidence	No	
Mine gas	No	
Withdrawal of support	No	
Information from the Cheshire Brine Subsidence Compensation Board	No	

Non-Coal Mining

The Groundsure Report notes The Hills Gravel Pit which is 377m south-east of the site was a surface mineral working which has now ceased operation.

3.5 Hydrogeology

Based on the inferred geology, a summary of the Environment Agency aquifer designations is presented in the table below:

Stratum	Coverage	Aquifer Designation
Hummocky Glacial Deposits.	Full Site	Secondary Aquifer (Undifferentiated). The classification is assigned where it is not possible to attribute either category A or B to the aquifer.
Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation	Full Site	Secondary (A) Aquifer. These are permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers.

A summary of the pertinent hydrogeological features within the Geo-Environmental Data Report are provided below:

Feature	Distance (m) & Direction	Details
Nearest Active Groundwater Abstraction	513m E	Licence No: 2569002273/R01 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: Borehole at Hills Lane Unsworth Bury Annual Volume (m3): 8,000 Original Start Date: 01/04/2014
Nearest Active Potable Groundwater Abstraction	-	No active potable abstractions within 2000m. The closest historical abstraction was 1709m N and was for Drinking, Cooking, Sanitary, Washing, (Small Garden) - Commercial/Industrial/Public Services licenced to Castlebrook Water Co. LTD
Source Protection Zones	-	None within 500m.

3.6 Hydrology

A summary of the pertinent hydrological aspects within the Geo-Environmental Data Report are provided below:

Feature	Distance (m) & Direction	Details
Nearest Watercourse	1488m W	River Roch (tributary of the River Irwell)
Nearest Surface Water Abstraction	947m SW	HISTORICAL Licence No: NW/069/0004/002 Details: Process Water Direct Source: Surface, Non-Tidal - North West Region Point: Point "C" on Whitfield Brook
Closest Active Licenced Discharge Consent	-	None within 2000m.

Information obtained from the Environment Agency (EA) Risk of Flooding from Rivers and the Sea (RoFRaS) database indicates that the site is not at risk of flooding by rivers and seas.

The site is indicated to lie within an EA designated Zone 1 flood plain.

The British Geological Survey indicate there is a potential for groundwater flooding at the subject site, with a low risk rating.

No further consideration of flood risk is undertaken in this report. Specialist flood risk advice should be sought with regards to drainage and flooding.

3.7 Landfill and Waste Management Sites

There are no landfill sites recorded within 500m.

There are no current waste management sites recorded within 250m of the site.

3.8 Environmental Regulatory Data

A summary of the relevant environmental aspects, both on site and within 250m of the site contained in the Geo-Environmental Data Report, are presented in the table below:

Entry	On-site	0 – 50m	50 – 250m	Details
Recent Industrial Land Uses			8	100m NW: Atkins beds from consumer products (Beds and Bedding) others include electricity substations, chimneys and masts.
Current or Recent Fuel Stations		1		7m SW: Parr Lane, Status: Obsolete. Actually positioned >100m west of the site.
Licensed Industrial Activities (Part A(1))				
Licensed Pollutant Release (Part A(2)/B)				
Radioactive Substances				
Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW)				

3.9 Radon

Information from the environmental database report indicates the property is in an area where <1% of properties are above the Action Level for radon, and therefore radon protective measures are not required in accordance with BRE Report 211 'Radon – Guidance on protective measures for new dwellings' 2015 Edition.

3.10 UXO Risk

In accordance with CIRIA Report C681, BSL have reviewed non-specialist UXO data for the site using the online Zetica Bomb Risk Mapping data.

There is no indication of former military use from the Phase I Assessment. The map indicates the site to be in an area where the bomb risk is low. A copy of the map is presented in Appendix E.

4.0 PHASE 1 SUMMARY AND RISK ASSESSMENT

4.1 Introduction

The risk posed by any contaminants in soil or groundwater will depend on the nature and level of the source, the probability of exposure occurring, the potential pollution pathway and the likely effects on the receptors.

A contaminant is defined as a substance that has the potential to cause harm, a risk is considered to exist if such a substance is present at sufficient concentrations to cause harm and if a pathway is present through which a receptor could be exposed to the contaminant.

The following sections discuss the identified potential on-site and off-site sources, and any pollution that could impact receptors via the pathways associated with the proposed development. Pollution linkages are assessed which may represent a risk to human health and/or controlled water receptors from the information gained from the Phase I Assessment searches. The assessment has been carried out on a qualitative basis and aims to produce a complete and comprehensive Preliminary Conceptual Site Model.

Three potential impacts exist for any given site and all three need to be considered in the qualitative risk assessment, these are:

On-site impacts.
The site impacting its surroundings.
Off-site sources impacting the subject site.

4.2 Potential Contaminative Sources

On-site

The following on-site sources have been identified which may affect the redevelopment of the site:

-
- Localised made ground associated with the existing building.
-

Off-Site

The following off-site sources have been identified which may affect the redevelopment of the site:

-
- Smithy (circa 81m NW).
 - Ponds (from circa 17m W).
 - Works (circa 70m NW).
 - Smithy (circa 81m NW).
-

Associated Contaminants

The contaminants commonly associated with the potential sources of contamination identified are tabulated below:

Contaminative Sources	Department of the Environment Industry Profile or Other Source	Commonly Associated Contaminants
On Site		
Made ground	-	Heavy metals, PAHs, asbestos, ground gases (carbon dioxide and methane)
Off Site		
Potentially infilled ponds	CIRIA C665	Ground gases (carbon dioxide, methane, carbon monoxide and hydrogen sulphide)
Works	-	Heavy metals, PAHs, TPH, PCBs, asbestos
Smithy	Land Contamination at Foundry Sites	Heavy metals, PAHs.

4.3 Pathways

A pathway is defined as a medium by which a contaminant comes into contact with, or otherwise impacts a receptor.

At this stage the potential contaminants identified above are considered to present potential risks to site end users and controlled waters through the following pathways:

Potential Pathways	
Pathways in respect to Human Health	• Ingestion of contaminated soils. • Dermal contact with contamination. • Inhalation of dusts. • Inhalation of gases or vapours in both indoor and outdoor air.
Pathways in respect to Controlled Waters – Surface water	• Surface run-off /over land flow. • Drainage discharge. • Base flow from groundwater.
Pathways in respect to Controlled Waters – Groundwater	• Leaching of mobile contamination into groundwater via the unsaturated zone. • Migration of perched groundwater in any permeable soils or along existing or proposed service runs. • Migration into the saturated zone and flow through the aquifers underlying the site.
Pathways in respect to Property/structures/water pipes	• Direct contact with substances deleterious to building materials and potable water supply pipelines. • Migration of ground gases (methane) into confined spaces (explosion and damage to property).

4.4 Receptors

The identified receptors are listed below:

- Residential end users (human health).
- Structures/Property/Potable water supply pipes.
- Nearest watercourse. River Roch (1488m W) (Controlled waters).
- Superficial Aquifer. Hummocky Glacial Deposits (Controlled waters).
- Bedrock Aquifer. Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation (Controlled waters).

Under current UK health and safety legislation, employers are required to carry out their own appropriate site-specific risk assessments and mitigation to protect employees. It has been assumed that any future construction works onsite will be undertaken in compliance with these requirements. Therefore, construction workers have not been specifically considered as part of this assessment.

4.5 Preliminary Conceptual Site Model (CSM)

The information obtained in the previous sections has been used to compile a Preliminary CSM. The identified potential contaminants and receptors have been assessed in the table below as to whether a plausible source-pathway-receptor pollutant linkage for the proposed end use of the site exists. The risk classification has been estimated in accordance with information in the BSL Guidance and Methodology in Appendix A.

The Preliminary CSM's are presented in the tables overleaf, any assessed risk above moderate will possibly require further action:

Human Health						
Potential Source	Potential Pathway	Potential Receptor	Likelihood	Severity	Level of Risk	Justification
On site Made ground Metals, PAHs, asbestos	Root uptake, ingestion, direct contact, inhalation of dusts	End-users	Unlikely	Medium	Low	Made ground deposits associated with the previous developments are not anticipated to be substantial in thickness and are anticipated to be localised to the existing buildings. The site has only been occupied by the care home therefore significant contamination is not anticipated. The overall risk is considered to be low at this stage but further investigation and assessment will be required to confirm.
On site Made Ground Metals and organic contamination	Migration into/chemical attack of water supply pipelines	Water Pipelines / End users	Unlikely	Medium	Low	Made ground, if present, is likely to be localised and unlikely to contain significant concentrations of contaminants based on the limited historical uses of the site. Contaminants within the soil/groundwater could potentially attack the clean potable water supply pipe, contaminants should be assessed to determine the correct pipe material and level of precautions required.
On site Made ground Ground Gas (carbon dioxide and methane)	Migration into confined spaces, inhalation and asphyxiation/explosion	End-users / property / structures	Unlikely	Severe	Moderate/ Low	Made ground associated with the previous developments are not anticipated to be widespread or substantial thickness as the site has not undergone any significant development. The gas generation potential is deemed very low and a moderate / low risk is considered to exist, although this is driven by the severity whilst, in reality, there is considered to be no credible risk of explosive levels of gases occurring from this source. Further investigation is required to confirm the risk.
Off site Infilled ponds Ground Gas (carbon dioxide and methane)	Migration into confined spaces	End-users/ Buildings	Unlikely	Severe	Moderate/ Low	Various ponds were present in the surrounding area, although the vast majority are likely to have been infilled at some stage between 1893 and 1995 which is a significant period of time over which degassing may have occurred. Migration of ground gases laterally onto the site is considered low likelihood due to the site is indicated to likely be underlain by low permeability strata. The risk therefore considered to be moderate at this stage, with further assessment and ground gas monitoring required to confirm the risk.
Offsite Works Heavy metals, PAHs, TPH, PCBs, asbestos	Ingestion, direct contact, inhalation of dusts	End-users	Unlikely	Medium	Low	The historical motor body works was located 70m north-west from the site. There is a considerable distance between the former works and the site, over which degradation of any contaminants is likely to occur. In addition, the proposed development will be utilising the present building which is expected to break the pathway to site end users. Therefore, the risk is considered low.

Controlled Waters						
Potential Source	Potential Pathway	Potential Receptor	Likelihood	Severity	Level of Risk	Justification
Made Ground PAHs, Metals	Overland flow, / migration through saturated zone	River Roch (Surface waters)	Unlikely	Medium	Low	Due to the lack of historical development across the site, significant thickness or widespread made ground deposits are unlikely to be present. It is considered contaminants associated with the made ground are unlikely to impact the surface water receptor. This is due to the River Roch lying at a distance of 1488m away from the site which is a considerable distance for contaminants to migrate and degradation is likely to occur over this distance. Therefore the risk is considered to be low.
	Leaching through unsaturated zone / Migration through saturated zone	Secondary Aquifer (undifferentiated) (Ground-water)	Low Likelihood	Mild	Low	As stated above, significant thicknesses or widespread made ground deposits are unlikely to be present. The superficial Secondary Undifferentiated Aquifer is not considered to be a sensitive receptor. The presence of hard standing across the majority of the site in the current and proposed layouts should significantly reduce the potential for leaching of any contaminants into the Secondary A Aquifer through surface water infiltration. Therefore the risk is considered to be low.
	Migration through saturated zone	Secondary A Aquifer (Ground-water)	Unlikely	Medium	Low	There are no SPZs or groundwater abstraction licences within 500m of the site. There is also not expected to be significant contamination present at the site. As stated above, the site is currently surfaced in hardstanding and will remain so. Therefore the risk is considered to be low.

Human Health Risk – Soils Contamination Summary

Based on the preliminary CSM and the current use of the site, the overall risk from land contamination at the site is considered to be **low** for a redeveloped site. This would need to be confirmed by appropriate intrusive investigation, testing and assessment.

Human Health Risk – Ground Gas Summary

A potential on-site gas source has been identified associated with made ground. Off site potential sources include potentially infilled pond circa 17m west. Potentially viable linkages are considered to exist and the preliminary CSM considers these sources to be of **moderate to low** risk.

In accordance with BS8576 and CIRIA C665 as set out in Appendix A of this report, the gas generation potential is considered to be very low. The sensitivity of the development is moderate on account of the proposed commercial/public use.

In line with current guidance, it is recommended that ground gas monitoring should comprise 4 visits over a 1 month period.

Controlled Waters Risk - Summary

Based on the preliminary CSM, BSL believes the overall risk to controlled waters at the site is **low**.

The above assessed level of risk will need to be confirmed by intrusive investigation and quantitative risk assessment.

5.0 PRELIMINARY GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT

5.1 Hazard Identification

A preliminary geotechnical hazard identification exercise has been undertaken in general accordance with the Highways England document CD 622, 'Managing geotechnical risk'. Potential geotechnical hazards based on the expected ground conditions are listed below:

- Made ground of unknown nature; if placed in a non-engineered manner may cause excessive settlement of foundations, highways and infrastructure.
- Low strength, compressible ground (peat and soft organic clays); may cause excessive settlement of foundations, highways and infrastructure.
- Attack of buried concrete by aggressive ground conditions; the site may contain unknown made ground and potentially sulphate bearing soils. The coal measures are known to be high in naturally occurring sulphates or potentially pyritic.
- Shrink / swell of clay; settlement / heave of foundations and floor slabs when located within the influence of trees and vegetation.

Whilst the site lies within a Coal Authority reporting area, based on the available information, the risk from mining induced instability is considered to be very low and needs no further consideration.

The above identified geotechnical hazards will need to be considered as part of further investigations and assessments.

5.2 Foundation and Geotechnical Design

The proposed development will be utilising the current foundations. The type of foundation solution for the extensions should be informed by an onsite intrusive investigation to confirm ground conditions and obtain geotechnical parameters for preliminary foundation and floor slab design. Intrusive investigation should also obtain data to allow appropriate concrete classification in accordance with BRE SD1 and for preliminary highways/pavement design.

5.3 Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS)

Drainage to SuDS is a potentially viable option for the site, given the indicated presence of permeable Hummocky Glacial deposits, subject to the depth to the groundwater and test results. However it is assumed that the current drainage will be utilised.

This would need to be confirmed by an onsite intrusive investigation to confirm ground conditions and infiltration rates. Testing should be carried out in general accordance with BRE Digest 365 "Soakaway design" and CIRIA C753 "The SuDS Manual".

6.0 OTHER DEVELOPMENT CONSTRAINTS

6.1 Constraint Identification

A formal survey of asbestos within structures is not covered in this report. It should be noted that an asbestos refurbishment survey will be required prior to any refurbishment of structures. If asbestos is present in soils, these will need to be dealt with in accordance with the Control of Asbestos Regulations (CAR) 2012.

No invasive species have been noted during the walkover, however it would be prudent to undertake a specialist survey prior to any works on site.

Notwithstanding any site observations concerning archaeological or ecological features, this report does not constitute a formal survey of these potential issues and specialist advice should be sought.

There are known services on site, these may need to be disconnected prior to any construction activities.

The preliminary risk assessment undertaken within this Phase I Assessment may identify potential risks to site demolition and construction workers. However, full consideration of occupational health and safety issues is beyond the scope of this report, with employers required to carry out their own site-specific risk assessments and mitigation as appropriate.

7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 Geo-Environmental Summary

The site has remained as open fields until 1981 with the development of the care home. Based on the proposed development as a school, the overall risk to human health from on site soils contamination is considered to be low.

The risk from off-site sources of contamination is considered to be low.

The risk from permanent ground gases is considered to be moderate to low.

The overall risk to controlled waters is considered to be low.

Intrusive investigations will be required to confirm the above assessed levels of risks and determine remedial requirements, if any.

7.2 Geotechnical Summary

Intrusive investigations will be required to confirm the most suitable foundation solution and to obtain parameters for concrete classification, floor slab and highways design.

Drainage to SuDS is likely to be a viable option for the site, subject to intrusive investigation and testing, however it is assumed the current drainage will be utilised.

7.3 Further Work

To confirm the risks to the identified receptors and confirm the ground conditions in respect to the identified geotechnical and geo-environmental risks, an appropriate intrusive investigation will need to be undertaken. The following further works are recommended, although this list is not exhaustive and should be read in conjunction with any planning conditions that are applicable to the site:

-
- Topographical survey / utility mapping.
 - Intrusive ground investigation comprising:
 - Trial pitting, windowless sampling
 - Installation of standpipes in boreholes to allow gas concentrations and groundwater levels to be monitored.
 - Geotechnical testing of soils.
 - Contamination analyses of soil.
 - Assessment and recommendations based on the above, including requirements for further work, if necessary.
-

8.0 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

GLOSSARY	
Term / Abbreviation	Definition
AST	Above Ground Storage Tank.
B(a)P	Benzo (a) Pyrene.
BGS	British Geological Survey.
BRE	Building Research Establishment.
BS	British Standard.
BSL	Brownfield Solutions Ltd.
BTEX	Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes.
CBR	California Bearing Ratio (used in pavement/highways design).
CAR 2012	Control of Asbestos Regulations (2012).
CBCB	Cheshire Brine Compensation Board.
CBCD	Cheshire Brine Compensation District.
CBR	California Bearing Ratio.
CIEH	Chartered Institute of Environmental Health.
CIRIA	Construction Industry Research Association.
CL:AIRE	Contaminated Land: Applications in Real Environments.
CLEA	Contaminated Land Exposure Assessment.
CLO	Contaminated Land Officer.
COMAH	Control of Major Accident Hazards.
Contamination	Presence of a substance which is in, on or under land, and which has the potential to cause significant harm or to cause significant pollution of controlled water. There is no assumption in this definition that harm results from the presence of the contamination. Naturally enhanced concentrations of harmful substances can fall within this definition of contamination. Contamination may relate to soils, surface water, groundwater or ground gas.
Controlled Waters	Inland freshwater (any lake, pond or watercourse above the freshwater limit), water contained in underground strata and any coastal water between the limit of highest tide or the freshwater line to the three-mile limit of territorial waters.
CPT	Cone Penetration Test.
CSM	Conceptual Site Model. A schematic hypothesis of the nature and sources of contamination, potential migration pathways (including description of the ground and groundwater) and potential receptors, developed on the basis of the information from the preliminary investigation and refined during subsequent phases of investigation and which is an essential part of the risk assessment process. The conceptual site model is initially derived from the information obtained by the preliminary investigation (i.e. the Phase I Phase I Assessment). This conceptual model is used to focus subsequent investigations, where these are considered to be necessary, in order to meet the objectives of the investigations and the risk assessment. The results of intrusive investigations can provide additional data that can be used to further refine the conceptual site model.
DCP	Dynamic Cone Penetrometer.
DNAPL	Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid.
DoWCoP	Definition of Waste Code of Practice.
DWS	Drinking Water Standard.
EA	Environment Agency.
EHO	Environmental health Officer.
EQS	Environmental Quality Standard.
GAC	Generic Assessment Criteria.

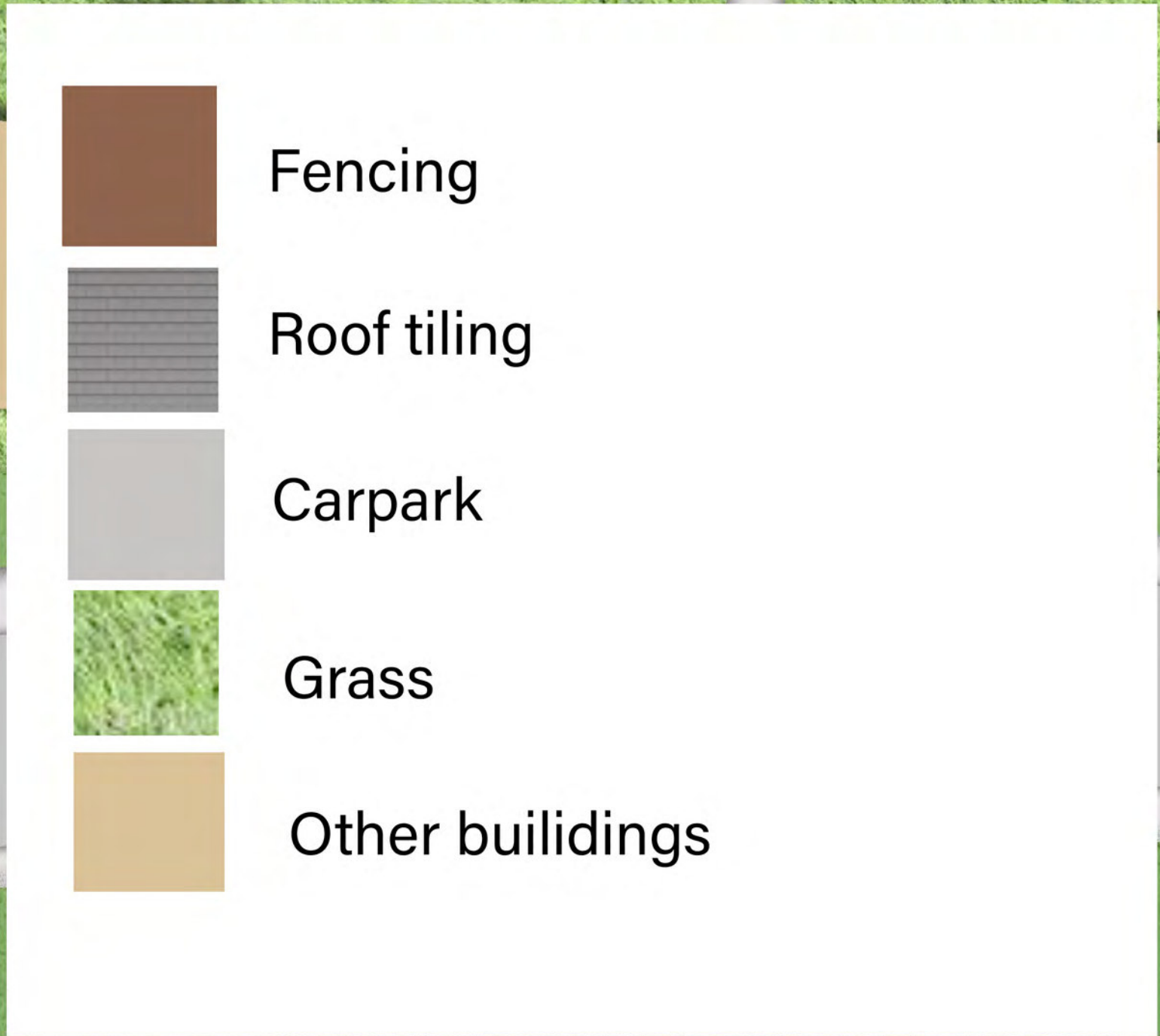
GLOSSARY	
Term / Abbreviation	Definition
GDR	Geotechnical Design Report.
GFR	Geotechnical Feedback Report.
GIR	Ground Investigation Report.
GSV	Gas Screening Value.
Harm	Adverse effect on the health of living organisms, or other interference with ecological systems of which they form part, and, in the case of human health, including property/structures and water supply pipelines.
Hazard	Inherently dangerous quality of a substance, procedure or event.
HDPE	High Density Polyethylene.
HSV	Hand Shear Vane.
K	Modulus of Subgrade Reaction.
LCRM	Land Contamination: Risk Management (EA guidance).
LNAPL	Light Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid (petrol, diesel, kerosene).
LOD	Limit of Detection (for particular method adopted).
MMP	Materials Management Plan.
Mv	Modulus of Volume of Compressibility.
ND	Not Detected.
NHBC	National House Building Council.
NR	Not Recorded.
OS	Ordnance Survey.
PAH	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon.
Pathway	Mechanism or route by which a contaminant comes into contact with, or otherwise affects, a receptor.
PCB	Poly-Chlorinated Biphenyl.
PCSM	Preliminary Conceptual Site Model.
pH	Scale used to specify how acidic or basic a water-based solution is.
PHC	Petroleum Hydrocarbons.
PID	Photo Ionisation Detector.
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration.
Precision	Level of agreement within a series of measurements of a parameter.
PSD	Particle Size Distribution.
PVC	Polyvinyl Chloride.
Receptor	Human health, living organisms, ecological systems, controlled waters (surface waters and groundwater within aquifers), atmosphere, structures and utilities that could potentially be adversely affected by contaminant(s).
Risk	Probability of the occurrence, magnitude and consequences of an unwanted adverse effect on a receptor.
Risk Assessment	Process of establishing, to the extent possible, the existence, nature and significance of risk.
Sampling	Methods and techniques used to obtain a representative sample of the material under investigation.
SOM	Soil Organic Matter.
Source	Location from which contamination is, or was, derived. This could possibly be the location of the highest soil, groundwater or gas concentration of the contaminant(s).
SPT	Standard Penetration Test.
SVOCs	Semi Volatile Organic Compounds.
TOC	Total Organic Carbon.
TPH CWG	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon (Criteria Working Group).

GLOSSARY	
Term / Abbreviation	Definition
TVOCs	Total volatile organic compounds.
UCS	Unconfined Compressive Strength.
Uncertainty	Parameter, associated with the result of a measurement that characterises the dispersion of the values that could reasonably be attributed to the measurement.
UST	Underground Storage Tank.
UXO	Unexploded Ordnance.
VCCs	Vibro Concrete Columns.
VSCs	Vibro Stone Columns
VOCs	Volatile Organic Compounds.
WAC	Waste Assessment Criteria.
WFD (in waste context)	Waste Framework Directive.
WFD (in water context)	Water Framework Directive.
Units	Definition
°	Degrees
Φ	Phi angle (in degrees)
g/l	Grams per Litre
Km	Kilometres
kPa	Kilo Pascal (Equivalent to kN/m ²)
KN/m ² /mm	Kilo Newton per metered squared per millimeter
kN/m ²	Kilo Newtons per metre squared
kPa	Kilo Pascal (Equivalent to kN/m ²)
l/hr	Litres per hour
MJ/kg	Mega joule per kilogram
MN	Mega Newton
M ² /MN	Mega Newton per metre squared
M	Metres
m bgl	Metres Below Ground Level
m OD	Metres Ordnance Datum (sea level)
µg/l	Micrograms per Litre (parts per billion)
µm	Micrometre
mb	Millibars (atmospheric pressure)
mg/kg	Milligrams per kilogram (parts per million)
mg/m ³	Milligram per metre cubed
mm	Millimetre
ppb	Parts Per Billion
Ppm	Parts Per Million

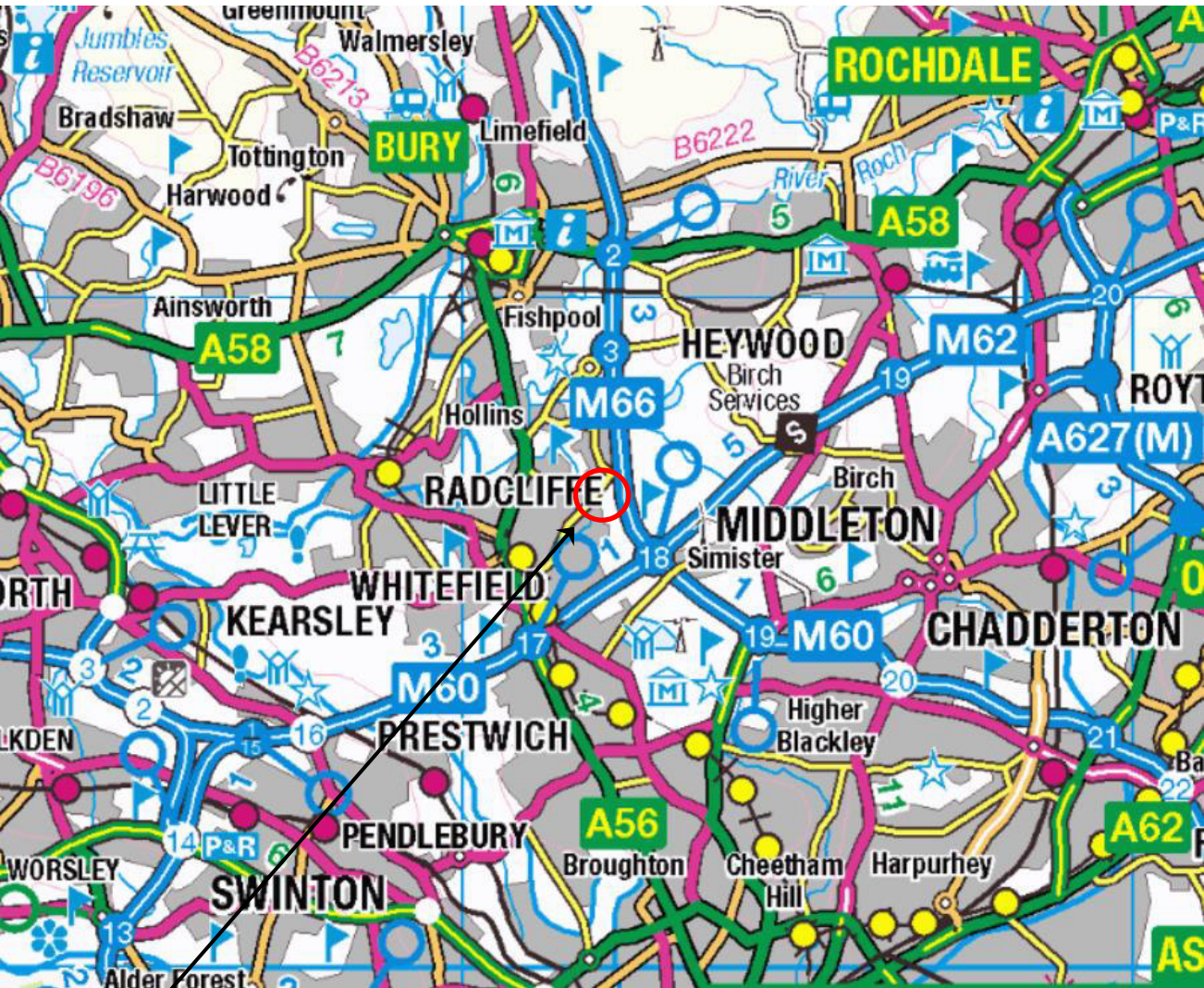
9.0 REFERENCES

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- CIRIA C681 'Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) A guide for the construction industry'. 2009.
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DRAWINGS



Rev	Description	Date	App by
originated by EB		date issued 21/04/22	Approved by Approver
		AHR Architects 5th Floor 55, Piccadilly Stn Manchester M2 4EW United Kingdom	
		T +44(0)161 8200 E manchester@ www.ahr.co.uk	
client name Spring Lane Consultancy			
project Spring Lane PRU			
drawing Site Plan			
computer file I:\06-000000\0006-000- Spring Lane PRU - Architecture\A002 project number 2022.00296.000		plot date 16/04/22	
drawing number SK-003		scale 1 : 200 by @A0 sheet total 10 of 10	



SITE LOCATION

NEAREST POSTCODE: BL9 8QL

SITE ENTRANCE WHAT3WORDS:
///MARCH.NURSES.SUPPER



REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CKD
 BROWNFIELD SOLUTIONS LTD CEO ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING EXCELLENCE				
CLIENT BURY COUNCIL				
PROJECT TITLE SPURR HOUSE, BURY				
DRAWING TITLE SITE LOCATION PLAN				
DRAWING No. C5102/01	REVISION -	SCALE NTS	DATE 10/08/22	
DRAWN BY SD		CHECKED BY NS		



WOODEN FENCING



GENTLE SLOPE



LANDSCAPED AREA

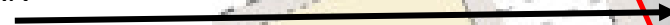
PLASTIC SHED

POSSIBLE STORAGE
OUTBUILDING

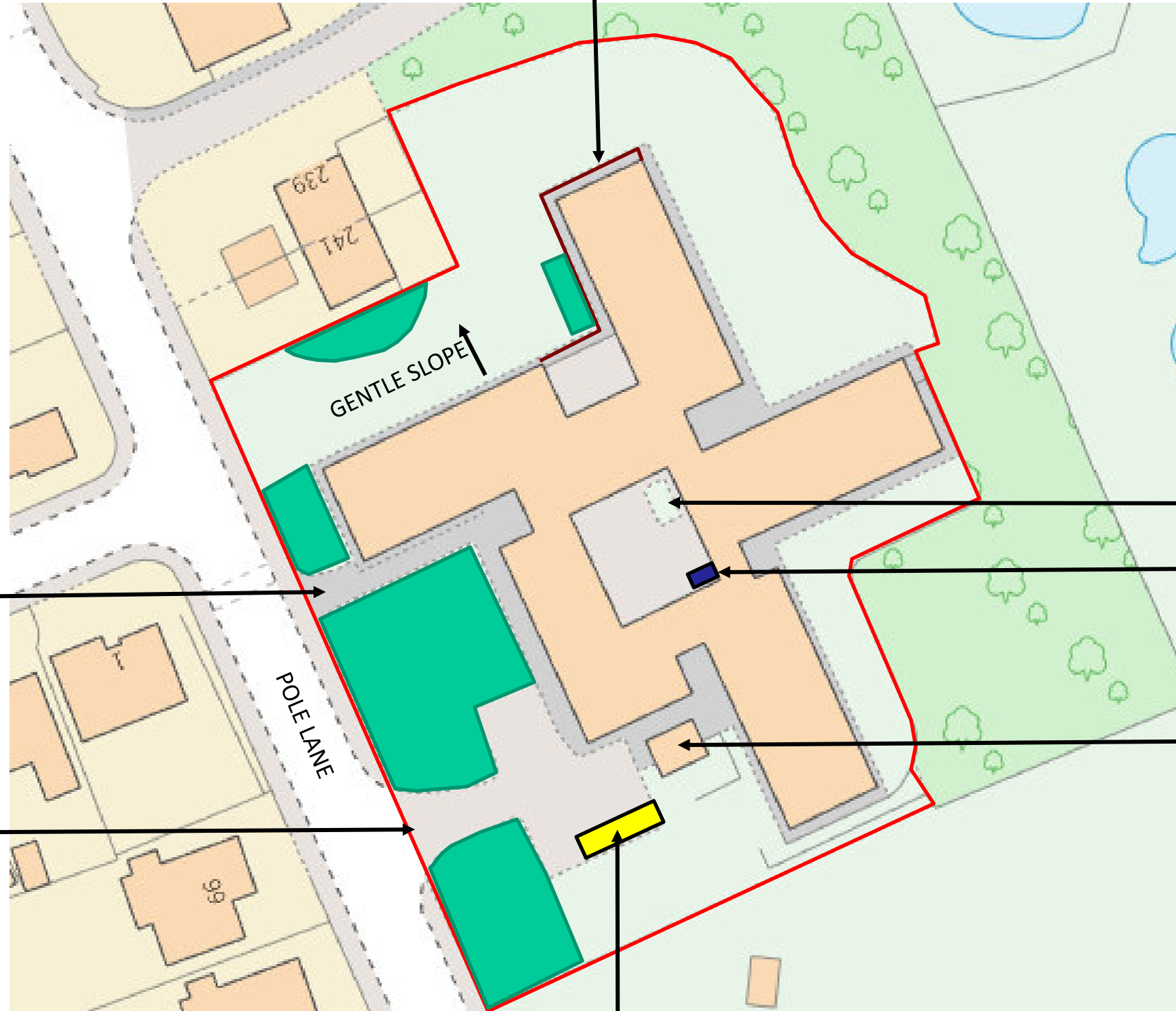
LARGE METAL
WHEELED BINS



PEDESTRIAN
ACCESS



VEHICLE ACCESS



KEY

-  APPROXIMATE SITE BOUNDARY
-  AREAS WITH MATURE AND SEMI MATURE TREES

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CKD



CLIENT
BURY COUNCIL

PROJECT TITLE
SPURR HOUSE, BURY

DRAWING TITLE
SITE FEATURES PLAN

DRAWING No. C5102	REVISION -	SCALE NTS	DATE 17/08/22
DRAWN BY CM		CHECKED BY NS	

PHOTOGRAPHS



Photograph 1: Site Entrance into building



Photograph 2: North- western boundary



Photograph 3: Looking to the north-west



Photograph 4: South-western area of site showing car park and outbuilding



Photograph 5: The courtyard in the centre of the building



Photograph 6: Paved area in the north of the site.

APPENDIX A

BSL Methodology and Guidance

BSL Phase I Geo-Environmental Assessment Reports - Methodology and Guidance

This Appendix provides information on the approaches, methods and guidance used by Brownfield Solutions Ltd in the preparation of this report.

The term 'geo-environmental' is used to describe aspects relating to ground-related environmental issues (such as potential soils and groundwater contamination). The term 'geotechnical' is used to describe aspects relating to the physical nature of the site (such as foundation requirements). It should be noted that this is an integrated investigation and these two main aspects are related, unless otherwise specified within the report.

Phase I reports are written in general accordance with the description of a Preliminary Investigation as defined in BS10175:2011+A2:2017 and are also produced in general accordance with the recommendations for a Tier 1 Preliminary Risk Assessment as described in LCRM guidance

The first stage of the investigation and assessment of a site is the Preliminary Investigation/Tier 1 Preliminary Risk Assessment, often referred to as a Phase 1 Desk Study, comprising a desk study and walk-over survey and collation of desk-based searches, which culminates in the Preliminary Risk Assessment and the development of a preliminary/initial Conceptual Site Model (CSM). From this are identified any potential geotechnical and geo-environmental hazards and the qualitative degree of risk associated with them.

From the geo-environmental perspective, the hazard Identification process uses professional judgement to evaluate all the hazards in terms of possible contaminant linkages (of source-pathway-receptor). Possible contaminant linkages are potentially unacceptable risks in terms of the current contaminated land regime legal framework and require either remediation or further assessment. These are normally addressed via intrusive ground investigation and generic risk assessment as part of Phase II investigations and reports.

Contaminated Land - Legislative Background

Land contamination can be addressed in several ways, e.g. during planning, under Part 2A, following an incident, during an investigation into environmental damages, or during the application of an environmental permit, or its surrender.

For the planning process the key test is **as a minimum the site cannot be determined as contaminated land**, e.g. there is not significant harm, significant possibility of significant harm to human health or that there is not significant harm to, or the significant possibility that the pollution of controlled waters will occur.

Environmental liabilities and risks have been evaluated in terms of a source -pathway - target relationship in accordance with the approach set out in:

- The 1995 Environment Act.
- The Contaminated Land Statutory Guidance, DEFRA – April 2012.
- The Contaminated Land (England) Regulations 2006.
- The Contaminated Land (England) Amendment Regulations 2012.
- Water Resources Act.
- Water Framework Directive.
- Environmental Damage Regulations.
- Environment Agency (EA) - Land Contamination Risk Management (LCRM) 2019.

Contaminated land is defined within the legislative framework as land which is in such condition by reason of substances in, on or under the land that:

- 1) Significant harm is being caused or there is a significant possibility of such harm being caused.
- 2) Significant pollution of controlled waters is being or is likely to be caused.

The potential for harm is based on the presence of three factors:

Source - substances that are potential contaminants or pollutants that may cause harm.

Pathway - a potential route by which contaminants can move from the source to the receptor , and the impact of that migration on the source e.g. ;attenuation.

Receptor - a receptor that may be harmed, for example the water environment, humans and water, considering the sensitivity of the receptor

Where a source, pathway and target are all present a pollutant linkage exists and there is potential for harm to be caused. The presence of a source does not automatically imply that a contamination problem exists, since contamination must be defined in terms of pollutant linkages and unacceptable risk of harm. The nature and importance of both pathways and receptors are site specific and will vary according to the intended end use of the site, its characteristics and its surroundings.

The key principle which supports the SPR approach is 'suitable for use' criteria. This requires remedial action only where contamination is considered to pose unacceptable actual or potential risks to health or the environment and, taking into account the proposed use of the site.

Relevant Guidance Documents

This report has been prepared in accordance with the list of guidance below, however the list is not exhaustive:

- DETR: Circular 02/2000: Environmental Protection Act 1990: Part IIA: Contaminated land. 2012.
 - Environment Agency technical advice to third parties on Pollution of Controlled Waters for Part IIA of the EPA1990, May 2002.
 - BS 10175:2011+A2:2017.
 - Environment Agency (EA) - Land Contamination Risk Management (LCRM). 2019.
-

- Groundwater Protection - <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/groundwater-protection>.
- UK Technical Advisory Group (UKTAG) - - Water Framework Directive
- Incidents and their classification: the Common Incident Classification Scheme (CICS) – Used by the Environment Agency to classify pollution incidents.

Relevant Legislative Documents

The following is a non-exhaustive list of legislative framework documents that has been considered in the production of this report:

- The Environmental Protection Act 1990: Part 2A Contaminated Land Statutory Guidance (2012).
- The Environment Protection Act (1990).
- The Water Resources Act (1991).
- The Environment Act (1995).
- The Contaminated Land (England) Act (2000).
- The Pollution Prevention and Control (England and Wales) Regulations (2000).
- The Landfill Regulations (England and Wales) Regulations (2002).
- The Landfill (England and Wales) (Amendment) Regulations (2004).
- Contaminated Land (England) Regulations (2012).
- The Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations (2009).
- Environmental Permitting Regulations (England and Wales) Regulations (2010).
- The Water Environment (Water Framework Directive) (England and Wales) Regulations 2017
- Health and Safety at Work Act.
- National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)(2021).

Contaminated Land Risk Assessment Approach

Contaminated Land Risk Assessment is a technique that identifies and considers the associated risk, determines whether the risks are significant and whether action needs to be taken. The four main stages of risk assessment are:

Hazard Identification ➡ Hazard Assessment ➡ Risk Estimation ➡ Risk Evaluation.

LCRM outlines the framework to be followed for risk assessment in the UK. The framework is designed to be consistent with UK legislation and policies including planning. The starting point of the risk assessment is to identify the context of the problem and the objectives of the process. Under LCRM, three tiers of risk assessment exist – Stage/Tier Preliminary Risk Assessment, Stage 2 Generic Quantitative and Stage 3 Detailed Quantitative.

Further information can be found at the below site:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/land-contamination-risk-management-lcrm>

Formulating and developing a conceptual model for the site is an important requirement of risk assessment, this supports the identification and assessment of pollutant linkages. Development of the conceptual model forms the main part of preliminary risk assessment, and the model is subsequently refined or revised as more information and understanding is obtained through the risk assessment process.

Risk is a combination of the likelihood of an event occurring and the magnitude of its consequences. Therefore, both the likelihood and the consequences of an event must be taken into account when assessing risk.

The risk assessment process needs to take into account the degree of confidence required in decisions. Identification of uncertainties is an essential step in risk assessment.

The likelihood of an event is classified on a four-point system using the following terms and definitions from CIRIA C552, with reference to Incidents and their classification: the Common Incident Classification Scheme

(CICS), Environmental Protection Act 1990: Part 2A – Contaminated Land Statutory Guidance 2012 and other guidance as appropriate which will be detailed within the main body of the report if applied.

The likelihood of a given receptor being impacted is related to a number of factors, e.g. the geology which could inhibit contaminant migration. For example, a site with a significant thickness of clay between it and a receptor may reduce migration of contamination via the subsurface, which will reduce the likelihood of a given receptor being impacted. The geology or drainage for example could offer a preferential pathway e.g. mines shafts/faults increasing the likelihood and potential magnitude of an impact. The depth of contamination will also affect the exposure pathway, for example petroleum hydrocarbons at depth are unlikely to reach a receptor via dermal contact but could via vapour pathways which will influence the likelihood of an impact being felt e.g. if there are no buildings on site.

The terms and definitions used for the assessment of the likelihood are provided below:

High likelihood: There is a pollution linkage and an event appears very likely in the short term and almost inevitable over the long term, or there is evidence at the receptor of harm or pollution.

Examples - Extensive areas with concentrations above saturation limits for mobile contamination e.g. petroleum hydrocarbons within the water table.

Likely: There is a pollution linkage and all the elements are present and in the right place, which means it is probable that an event will occur. Circumstances are such that the event is not inevitable, but possible in the short term and likely over the long term.

Examples – Localised areas of contaminants with concentrations above saturation limits for mobile contamination e.g. localised petroleum hydrocarbons within the water table; shallow contamination above relevant human health generic assessment criteria is present with little or no hardstanding,

Low likelihood: There is a pollution linkage and circumstances are possible under which an event could occur. However, it is by no means certain even over a longer period such event would take place, and is less likely in the short term.

Examples - A thickness/distance of low permeability deposits preventing contaminant migration to a receptor is present; a site is mostly covered hard standing preventing exposure to soil contamination.

Unlikely: There is a pollution linkage but circumstances are such that it is improbable the event would occur even in the long term.

Examples – A site is underlain by a substantial thickness of low permeability clays, between the source and potential receptors which will inhibit significantly, but not completely rule out migration to sensitive receptors.

The severity is also classified using a system based on CIRIA C552, with reference to Incidents and their classification: the Common Incident Classification Scheme (CICS), Environmental Protection Act 1990: Part 2A – Contaminated Land Statutory Guidance 2012 and other guidance as appropriate which will be detailed within the main body of the report, if applied. The terms and definitions are:

Severe: Short term (acute) risk to human health likely to result in ‘significant harm’ as defined by the Environment Protection Act 1990, Part IIA. Short-term risk of pollution of sensitive water resources. Catastrophic damage to buildings or property. A short-term risk to a particular ecosystem or organism forming part of that ecosystem (note definition of ecosystem in ‘Draft Circular on Contaminated Land’, DETR 2000);

Examples – High concentrations of contaminant on surface of recreation area, major spillage of contaminants from site into controlled waters, explosion causing building to collapse.

Medium: Chronic damage to human health (‘significant harm’ as defined in DETR 2000). Pollution of sensitive water resources. A significant change in a particular ecosystem or organism forming part of that ecosystem (note definition of ecosystem in ‘Draft Circular on Contaminated Land’, DETR 2000);

Examples - Concentrations of contaminants exceed the generic assessment criteria, leaching of contaminants from a site to a Principal or Secondary Aquifer, death of species within a designated nature reserve.

Mild: Pollution of non-sensitive water resources. Significant damage to crops, buildings, structures and services ('significant harm' as defined in 'Draft Circular on Contaminated Land', DETR 2000). Damage to sensitive buildings, structures, services or the environment.

Examples – Pollution of non-classified groundwater or damage to buildings rendering it unsafe to occupy.

Minor: harm, not necessarily significant harm, which may result in financial loss or expenditure to resolve. Non-permanent health effects to human health (easily prevented by use of personal protective clothing etc). Easily repairable effects of damage to buildings, structures and services.

Examples – Presence of contaminants at such concentrations PPE is required during site work, loss of plants in landscaping scheme or discolouration of concrete.

Once the likelihood and severity have been determined, a risk category can be assigned using the table below.

		Consequences			
		Severe	Medium	Mild	Minor
Probability	Highly likely	Very high	High	Moderate	Moderate/low
	Likely	High	Moderate	Moderate/low	Low
	Low likelihood	Moderate	Moderate/low	Low	Very low
	Unlikely	Moderate/low	Low	Very Low	Very low
	No Linkage	Negligible			

Definitions of the risk categories obtained from the above table are as follows together with an assessment of the further work that might be required:

Very high: There is a high probability that severe harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard or there is evidence that severe harm is currently happening. This risk, if realised, could result in substantial liability. Urgent investigation and remediation are likely to be required.

High: Harm is likely to arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard. Realisation of the risk is likely to present a substantial liability. Urgent investigation is required and remedial works may be necessary in the short term and are likely over the longer term.

Moderate: It is possible that harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard. However, it is either relatively unlikely that any such harm would be severe, or if any harm were to occur it would be more likely to be relatively mild. Investigation is normally required to clarify the risk and determine the liability. Some remedial works may be required in the longer term.

Low: It is possible that harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard, but it is likely that this harm, if realised, would at worst normally be mild.

Very Low: There is a low possibility that harm could arise to a receptor. In the event of such harm being realised, it is not likely to be severe.

Some linkages may be identified which constitutes a theoretical connection between a source and a receptor, but professional judgement shows them not to be possible for some reason. These are labelled 'no linkage' in the summary table, which give rise to a **negligible** risk category and no further action is required.

Ground Gas Risk Assessment Guidance

BS8485:2015+A1:2019, BS 8576:2013, CIRIA C665 and CL:AIRE RB17 are the current guidance which gives up-to-date advice on all aspects of ground gas. They outline good practice in investigation, the collection of relevant data and monitoring programmes in a risk-based approach to ground gas contamination.

Within BS8485:2015+A1:2019, BS 8576:2013 and CIRIA C665, two semi-quantitative methods are set out for the assessment of risk:

- 1 For low rise housing with a ventilated under floor void at minimum 150 mm (Boyle and Witherington).
- 2 For all other development types (Wilson and Card).

Both methods use the concept of Gas Screening Values (GSVs) to identify levels of risk. The mitigation and management of potentially unacceptable risk is described with reference to both passive and active systems of gas. Source removal is also discussed as an option. A separate approach is discussed under the RB17 header further below.

The aim of the guidance is for a consistent approach to decision making, particularly relating to the scope of protective design measures on a site-specific basis.

Legislative Framework

BS8485:2015+A1:2019, BS 8576:2013 and CIRIA C665 provides technical guidance, however they also recognise the context into which the guidance has to be employed. Government policy is based upon a “suitable for use approach”, which is relevant to both the current and proposed future use of land. When considering the current use of land, Part IIA of the Environment Protection Act 1990 provides the regulatory regime. The presence of hazardous ground gases could provide the “source” in a “pollutant linkage” which could lead the regulator to determine that considerable harm or there is a significant possibility of such harm being caused. Under such circumstances, the regulator would determine the land to be “contaminated land” under the provisions of the Act, setting out the process of remediation as described in the DETR Circular 02/2000 *Statutory guidance on contaminated land*.

Generation Potential of Sources

BS 8576:2013 Figure 6 provides a basis for assessing the generation potential from sources identified as part of the Phase I Assessment. These are summarised below:

Generation Potential	Typical Sources
Very Low	- Natural carbonate soil and strata, e.g. chalk and limestone. - Natural soil strata with a low degradable organic content, e.g. alluvium, peat. - In-filled pond less than 15 m diameter, in-filled before 1930s to 1940s. - Made ground with low degradable organic content (e.g. up to 5% organic material such as pieces of wood, pieces of paper, rags, etc. with a high proportion of ash and no food or other easily degradable waste). - Mine workings shallow or shaft (where there is clear evidence that they are flooded). - Inert landfill sites.
Low	- Natural soil strata with a high degradable organic content (DOC). - Made ground with total organic carbon (TOC) up to 6% (e.g. dock silt, no food or other easily degradable waste). - Foundry sand (includes phenolic binders, rags and wood that decay, albeit at low rates). - Landfill 1945 to mid 1960s (see also Moderate below).
Moderate	- Sewage sludge. - Mine workings – unflooded, more than 50 years since last worked (gas is liberated from coal when mine workings are excavated; this continues for up to about 50 years). - Landfill 1945 to mid 1960s (this could also be “low” or, if disturbed, “high”).

Generation Potential	Typical Sources
High	- Landfill mid 1960s to early 1990s. - Mine workings – unflooded – less than 50 years since last worked.
Very High	- Municipal landfill sites. - Landfill early 1990s onward.

Frequency and Duration of Monitoring

The monitoring period for a specific site covers the “worst case” scenario. A “worst case” scenario will typically occur during falling atmospheric pressure and, in particular, weather conditions such as rainfall, frost and dry weather.

The benefits of the additional information and whether it is likely to change the scope of gas protection should be considered, as are the consequences of failing to characterise adequately pollutant linkages. Investigations concerned with soil gas are required to provide monitoring data sufficient to allow prediction of worst case conditions enabling the confident assessment of risk and subsequent design of appropriate gas protection schemes. Monitoring programmes should not be an academic exercise in data collection. CL:AIRE publication TB17 “Ground Gas Monitoring and ‘Worst-Case’ Conditions” provides further guidance.

Below are matrices that will aid in determining an appropriate number of gas monitoring visits and the length of monitoring period.

Typical/idealised periods of monitoring

		Generation of Potential Source				
		Very Low	Low	Moderate	High	Very High
Sensitivity of Development	Low (Commercial)	1 month	2 months	3 months	6 months	12 months
	Moderate (Apartments)	2 months	3 months	6 months	12 months	24 months
	High (Low rise Residential)	3 months	6 months	6 months	12 months	24 months

Typical/idealised frequency of monitoring/Number of Visits Required

		Gas Generation of Potential Source				
		Very Low	Low	Moderate	High	Very High
Sensitivity of Development	Low (Commercial)	4	6	6	12	12
	Moderate (Apartments)	6	6	9	12	24
	High (Low rise Residential)	6	9	12	24	24

Note

- NHBC guidance also recommends this period of monitoring (Boyle and Witherington, 2007).
- Generation potential of sources based on descriptions within BS 8576:2013.
- At least two sets of readings should be at low and falling atmospheric pressure (but not restricted to periods below <1000 mb) known as worst case conditions. Historical data can be used as part of the data set (Table 5.5b).

It is recommended that newly installed monitoring wells are left for 24 hours to allow the soil gas to reach equilibrium. It should be recognised, however, that some soil gas regimes could take considerably longer (up to seven days). Interpretation of any initial readings should take this equilibrium process into account.

RB17 Approach

CL:AIRE RB17 (Card et al 2012) is a pragmatic approach to ground gas risk assessment and was developed because gas concentration, pressure and flow rate measured in a well headspace may not be representative of the conditions in the surrounding formation.

In these low-risk situations, the approach is to use the conceptual site model and the estimation of the likely gas generation from a source to identify where or if gas monitoring is required to better define the risks.

Under this approach, for sites with natural soils only with no credible methane source, then no action is required (no monitoring or gas protection measures) as this represents Characteristic Situation 1 (CS1).

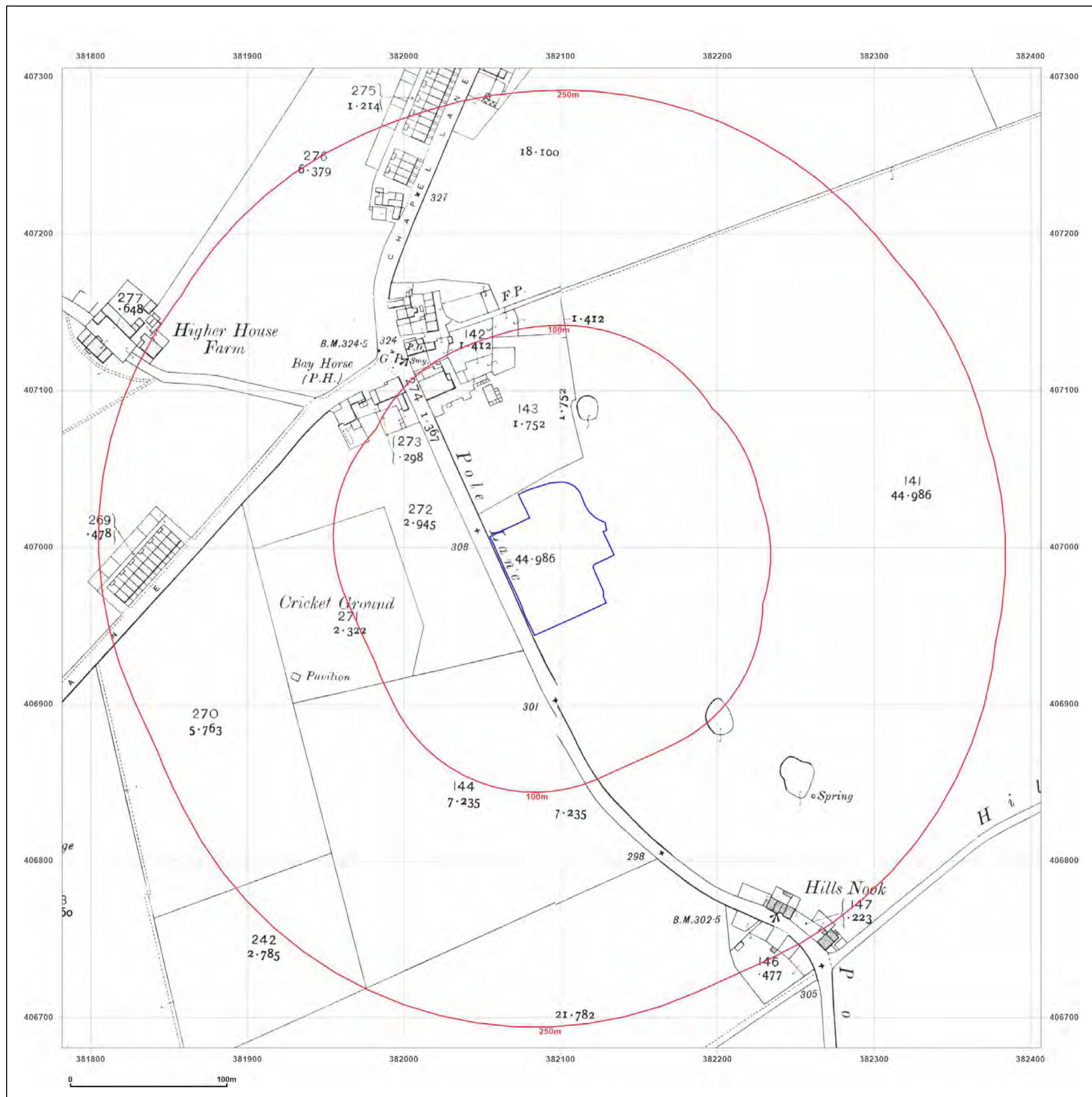
Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) Guidance

Clients have a legal duty under the CDM 2015 Regulations to provide designers and contractors with project-specific health and safety information needed to identify hazards and risks. This includes the possibility of unexploded ordnance (UXO) being encountered on the site. Further details are given in CIRIA report C681.

BSL carry out non-specialist UXO screening exercises by considering any evidence of UK defence activities on or near the site evident from gathered desk study information and the unexploded aerial delivered bomb (UXB) online risk maps produced by Zetica. Other data sources are available, but as a first stage screening exercise the freely available online Zetica maps have been used. The level of risk stated is that determined by Zetica, a company experienced and considered competent in the assessment of UXO.

APPENDIX B

Historical Maps



**BROWNFIELD
SOLUTIONS LTD**
GEO-ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING EXCELLENCE

Site Details:

SPURR HOUSE, POLE LANE,
BURY, BL9 8QL

Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: County Series

Map date: 1909

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



Surveyed 1909
Revised 1909
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A



Surveyed 1909
Revised 1909
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

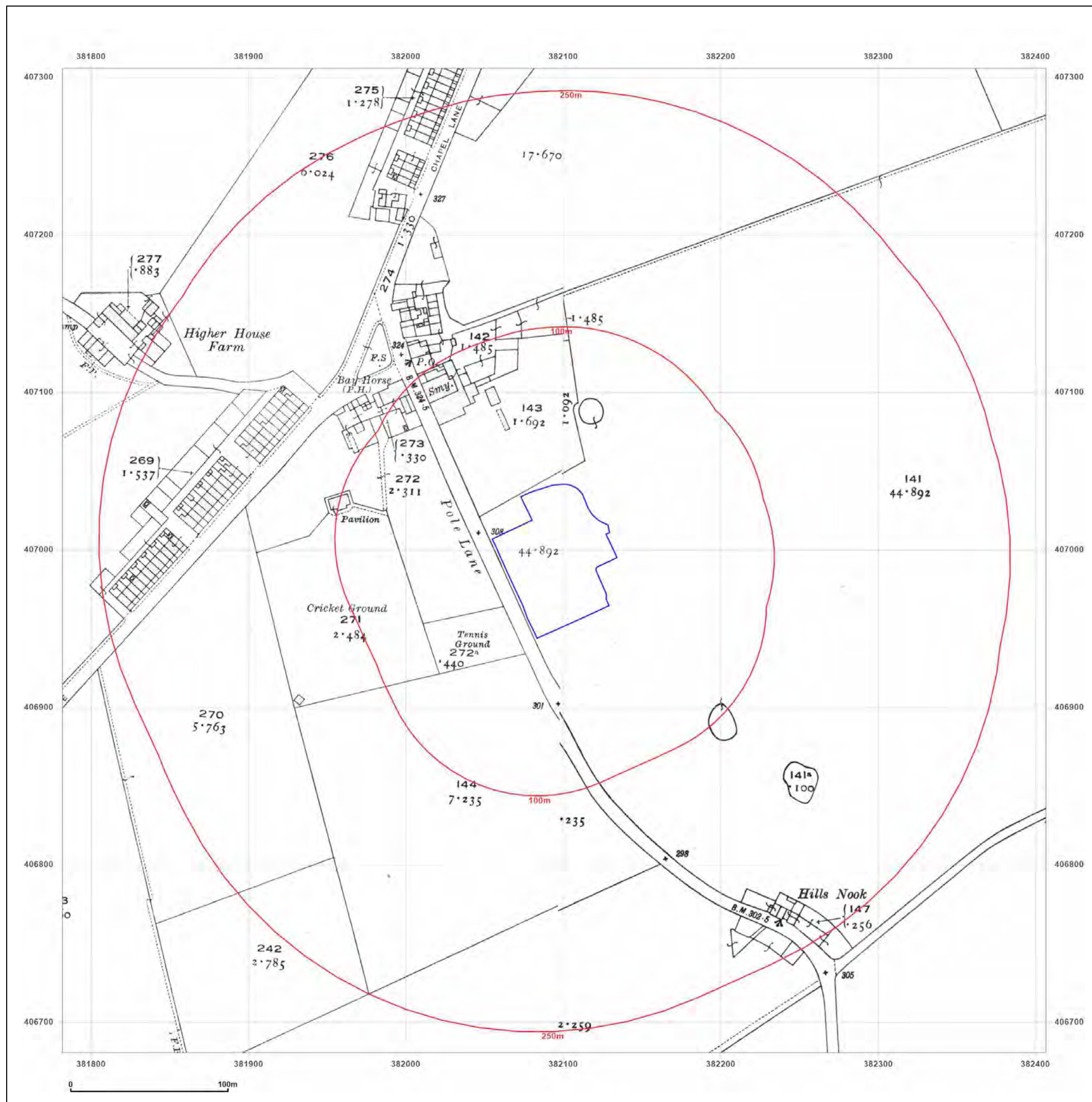


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Site Details:

SPURR HOUSE, POLE LANE,
BURY, BL9 8QL

Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: County Series

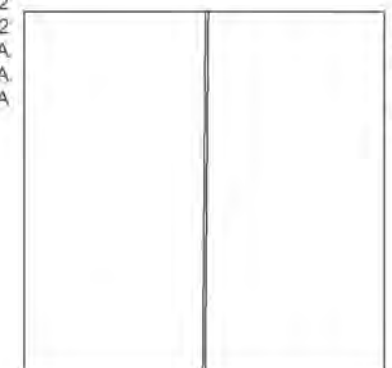
Map date: 1922

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



Surveyed 1922
Revised 1922
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A



Surveyed 1922
Revised 1922
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

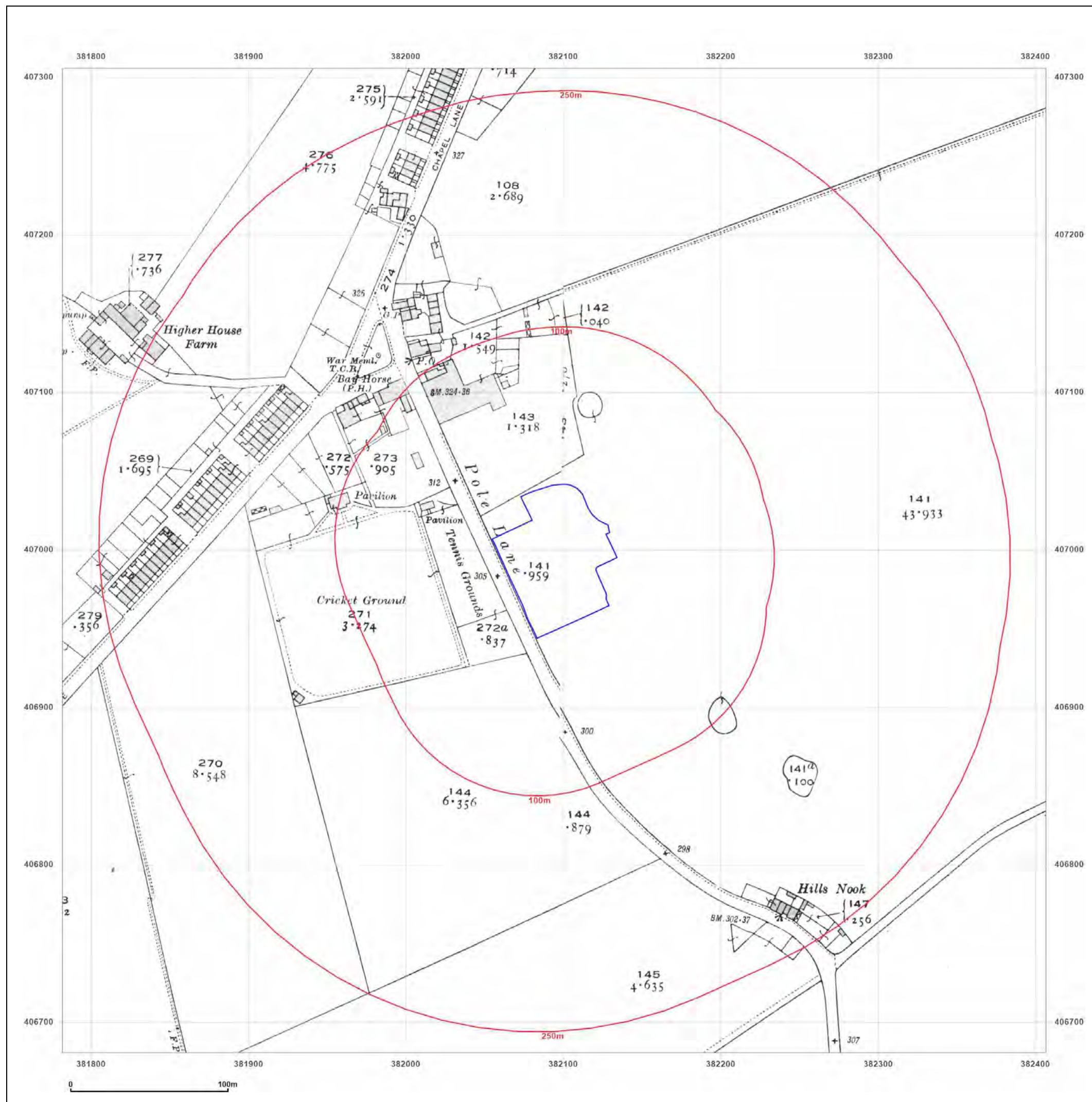


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Site Details:

SPURR HOUSE, POLE LANE,
BURY, BL9 8QL

Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: County Series

Map date: 1932

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



Surveyed 1932
Revised 1932
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A



Surveyed 1932
Revised 1932
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

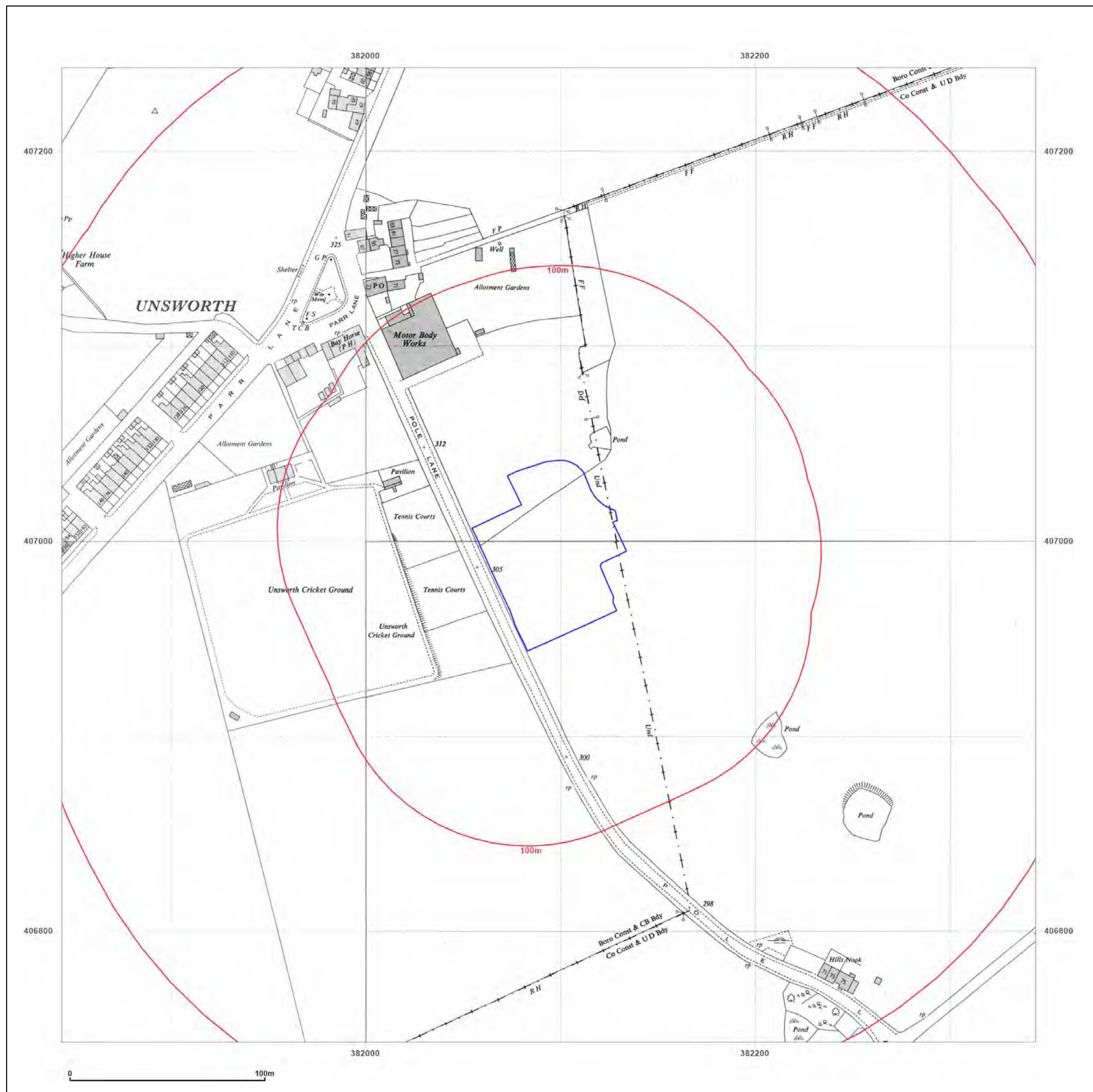


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Site Details:

SPURR HOUSE, POLE LANE,
BURY, BL9 8QL

Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1955-1956

Scale: 1:1,250

Printed at: 1:2,000



Surveyed 1956
Revised 1956
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
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Surveyed 1956
Revised 1956
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled 1927

Surveyed 1955
Revised 1955
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
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Surveyed 1955
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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1956-1957

Scale: 1:1,250

Printed at: 1:2,000



Surveyed N/A
Revised N/A
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1955
Revised N/A
Edition N/A
Copyright 1956
Levelled 1927

Surveyed N/A
Revised N/A
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

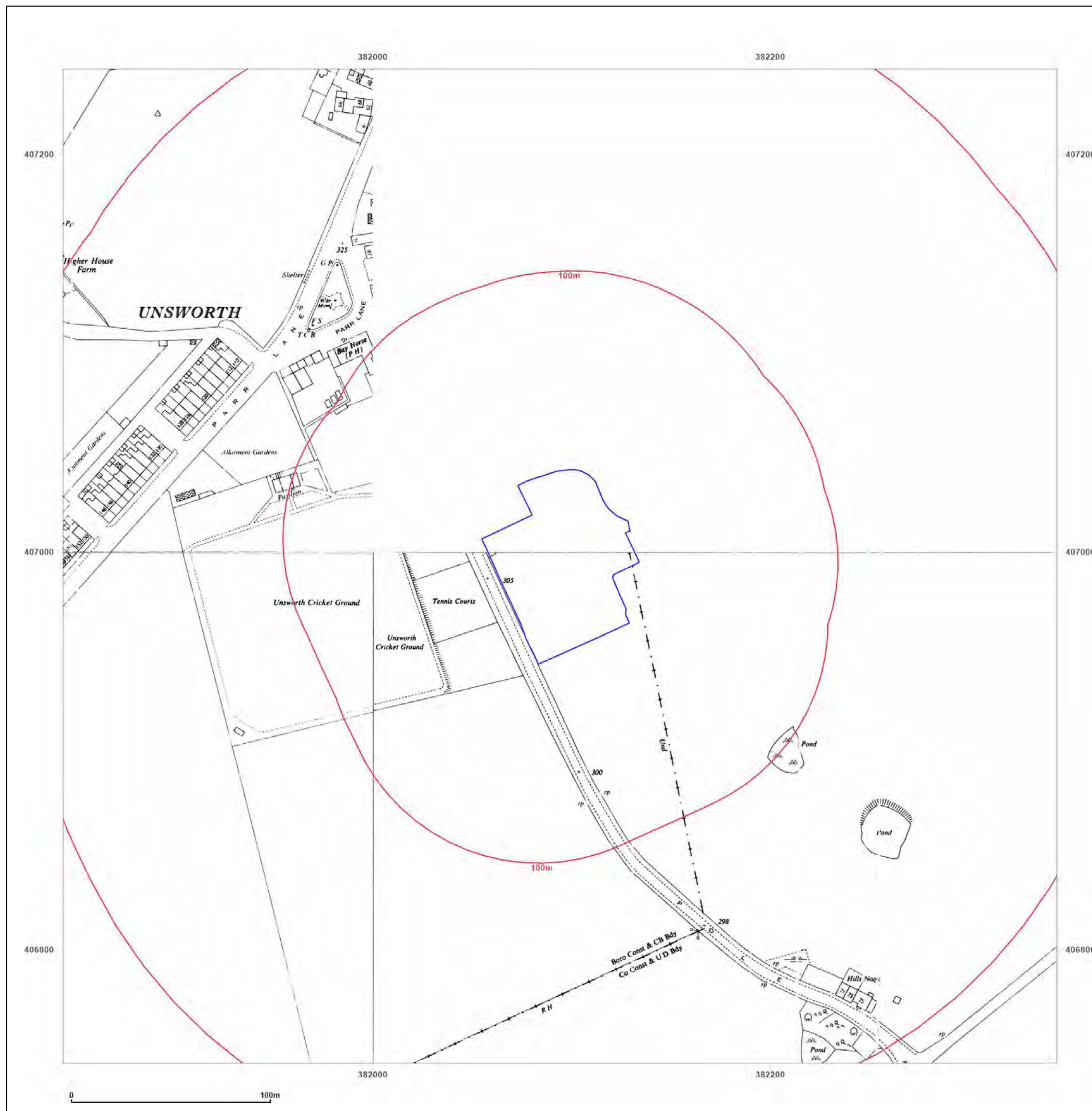


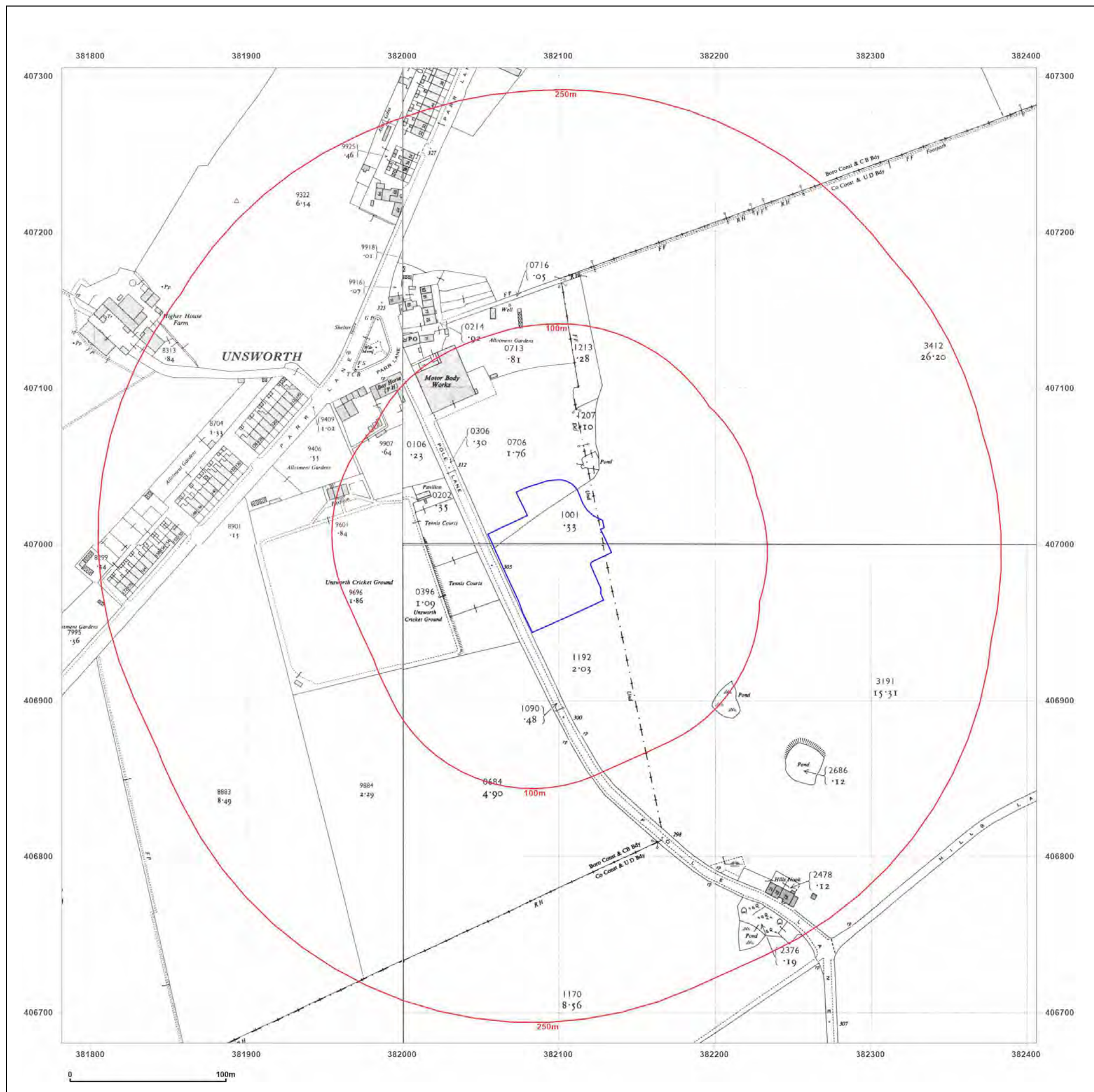
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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1956-1957

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



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Edition 1957
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Levelled 1927

Surveyed 1956
Revised 1956
Edition 1957
Copyright N/A
Levelled 1927

Surveyed 1955
Revised 1955
Edition 1956
Copyright N/A
Levelled 1927

Surveyed 1955
Revised 1955
Edition 1957
Copyright N/A
Levelled 1927

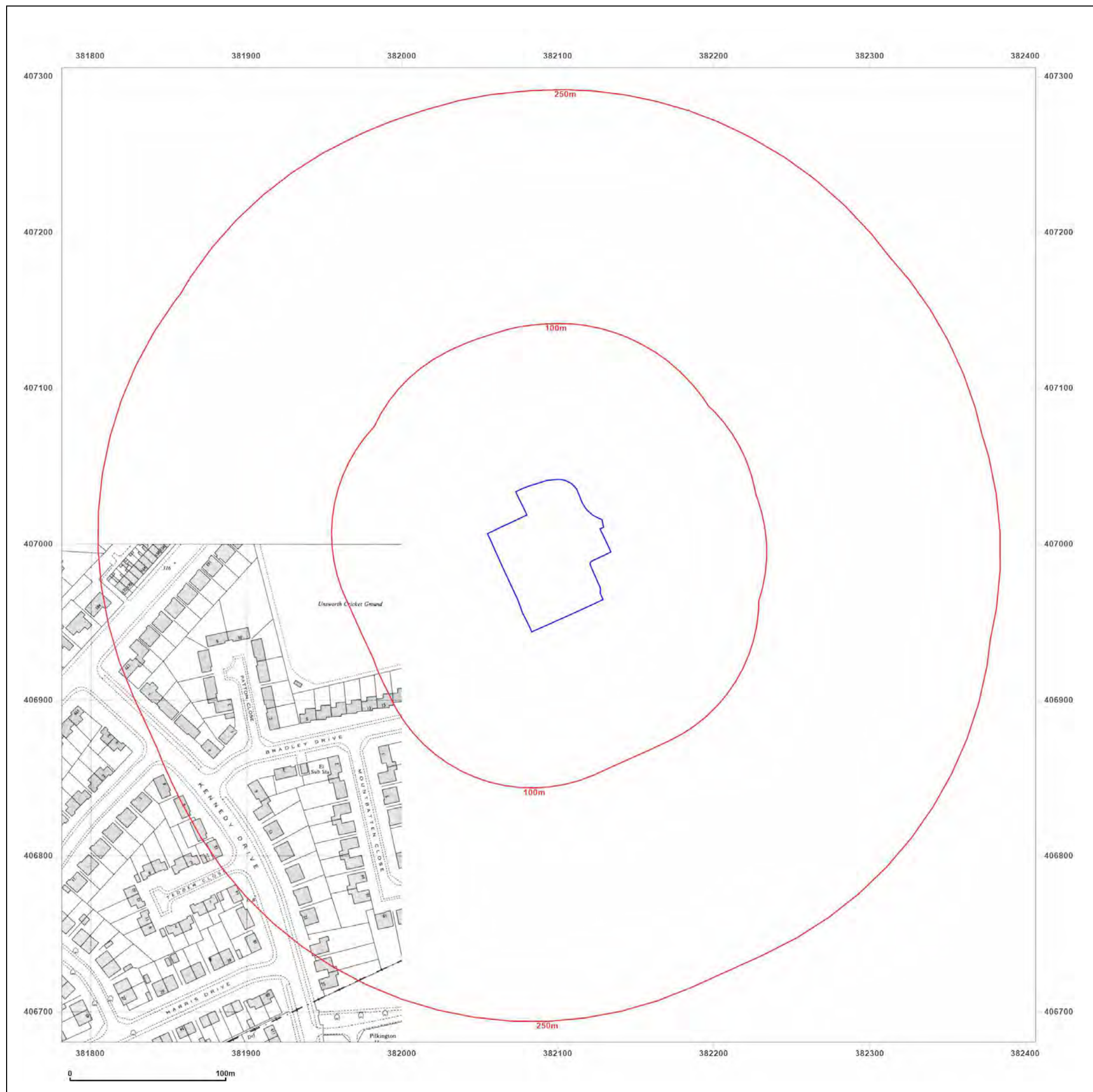


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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1970

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



Surveyed 1968
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Edition N/A
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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1969-1973

Scale: 1:1,250

Printed at: 1:2,000



Surveyed 1956
Revised 1968
Edition N/A
Copyright 1969
Levelled 1963

Surveyed 1956
Revised 1972
Edition N/A
Copyright 1973
Levelled 1956

Surveyed 1968
Revised 1968
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1955
Revised 1969
Edition N/A
Copyright 1970
Levelled 1962

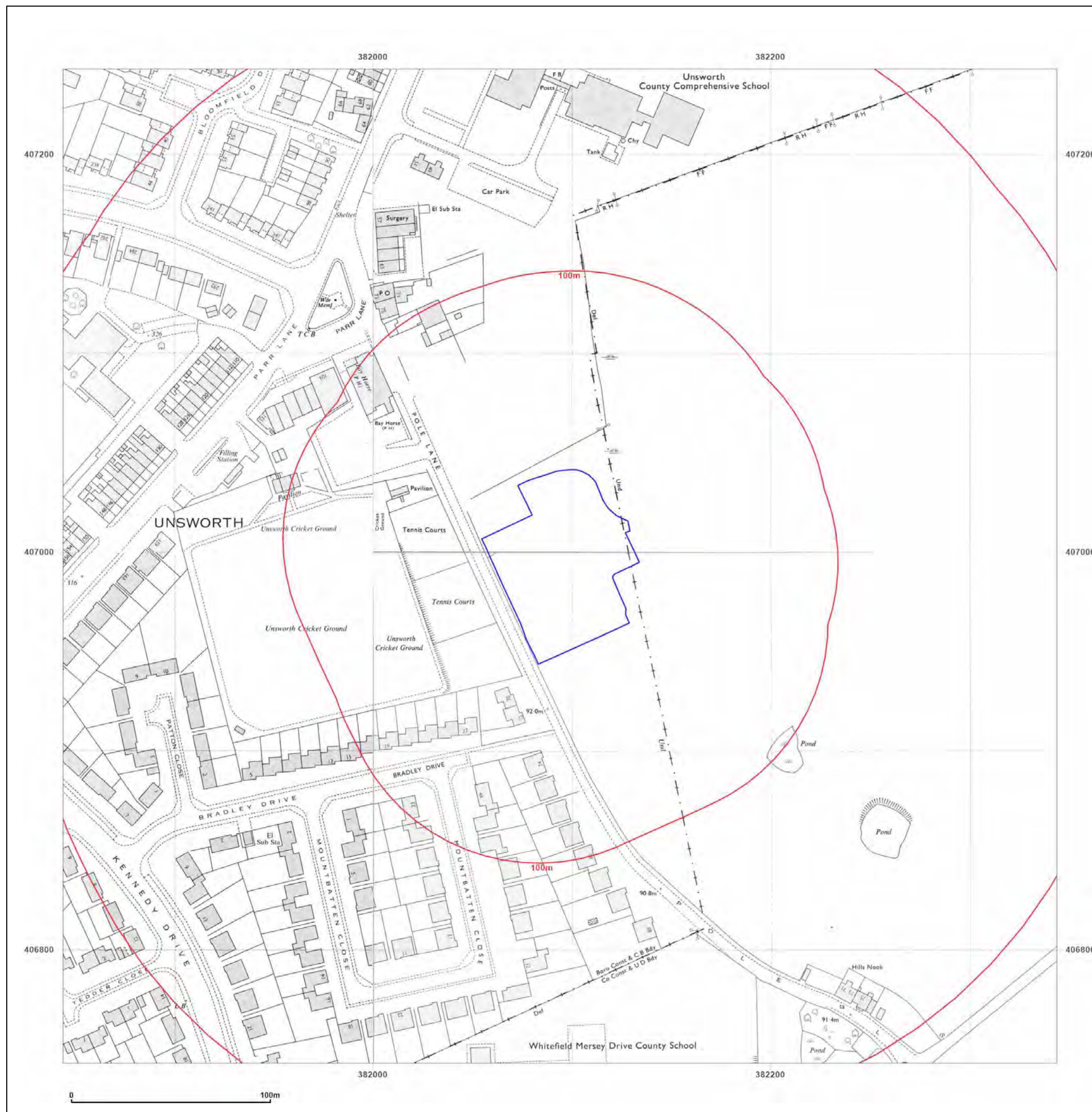


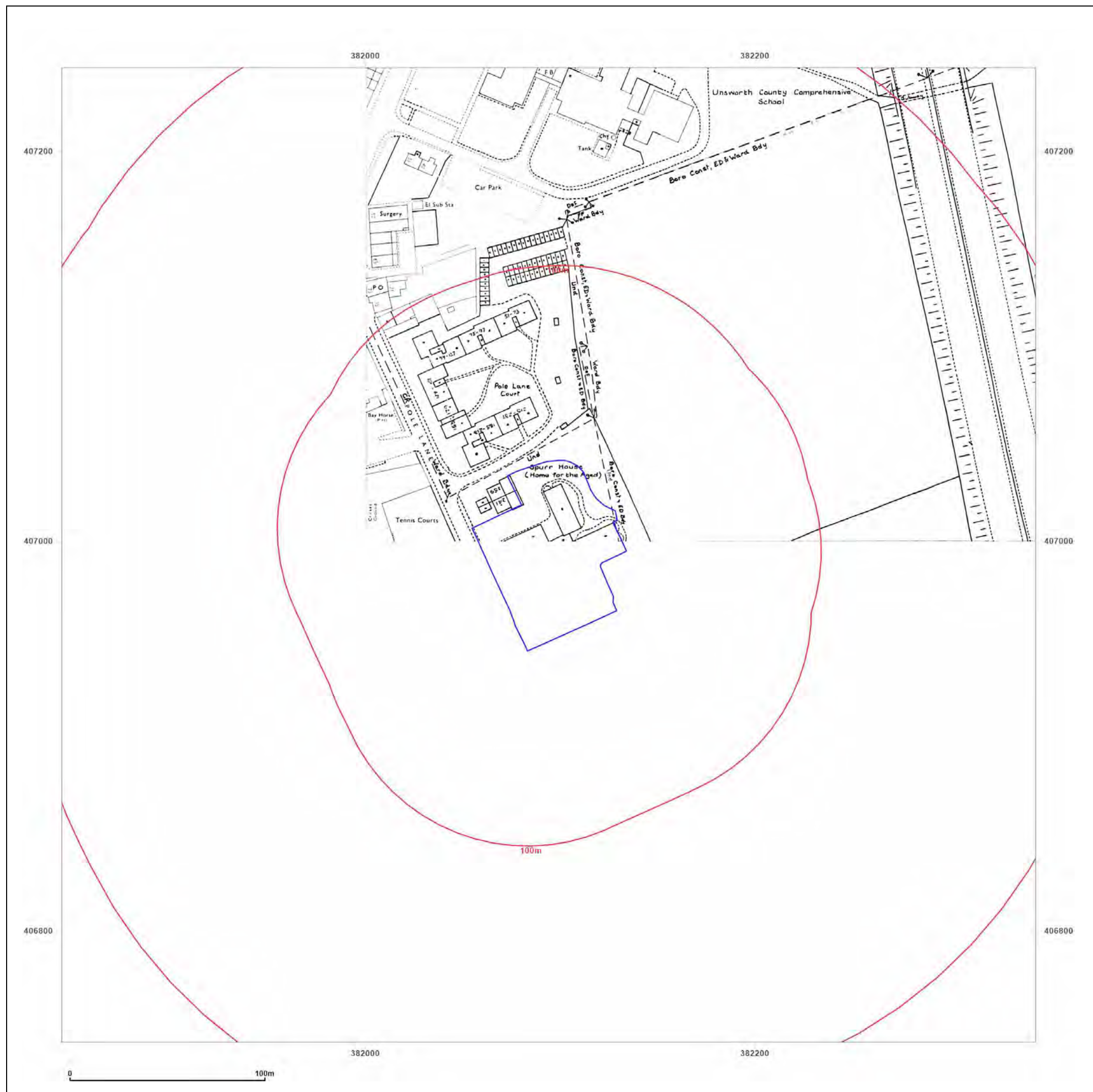
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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

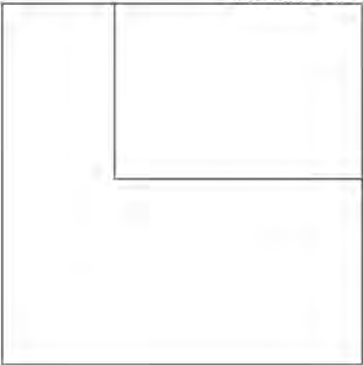
Map date: 1981

Scale: 1:1,250

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Revised N/A
Edition N/A
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Site Details:

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BURY, BL9 8QL

Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1980-1985

Scale: 1:1,250

Printed at: 1:2,000



Surveyed 1956
Revised 1984
Edition N/A
Copyright 1985
Levelled 1958

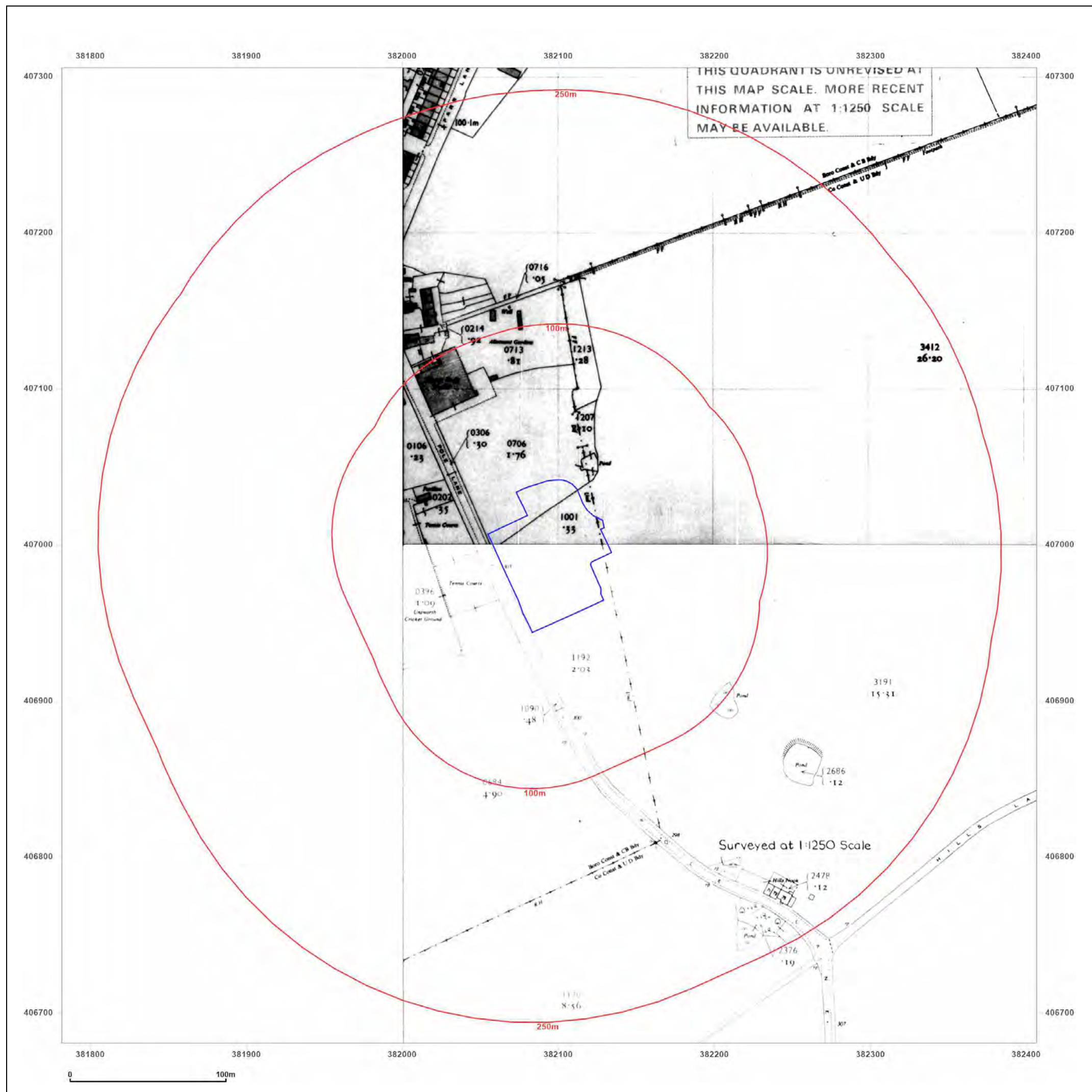


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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

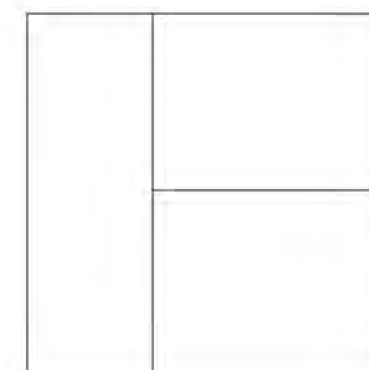
Map date: 1986-1988

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



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Edition N/A
Copyright 1988
Levelled 1986



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Revised 1986
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Site Details:

SPURR HOUSE, POLE LANE,
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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1987-1992

Scale: 1:1,250

Printed at: 1:2,000



Surveyed 1992
Revised N/A
Edition N/A
Copyright 1992
Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1992
Revised N/A
Edition N/A
Copyright 1992
Levelled N/A

Surveyed N/A
Revised N/A
Edition N/A
Copyright 1990
Levelled 1986

Surveyed 1955
Revised 1985
Edition N/A
Copyright 1987
Levelled 1962

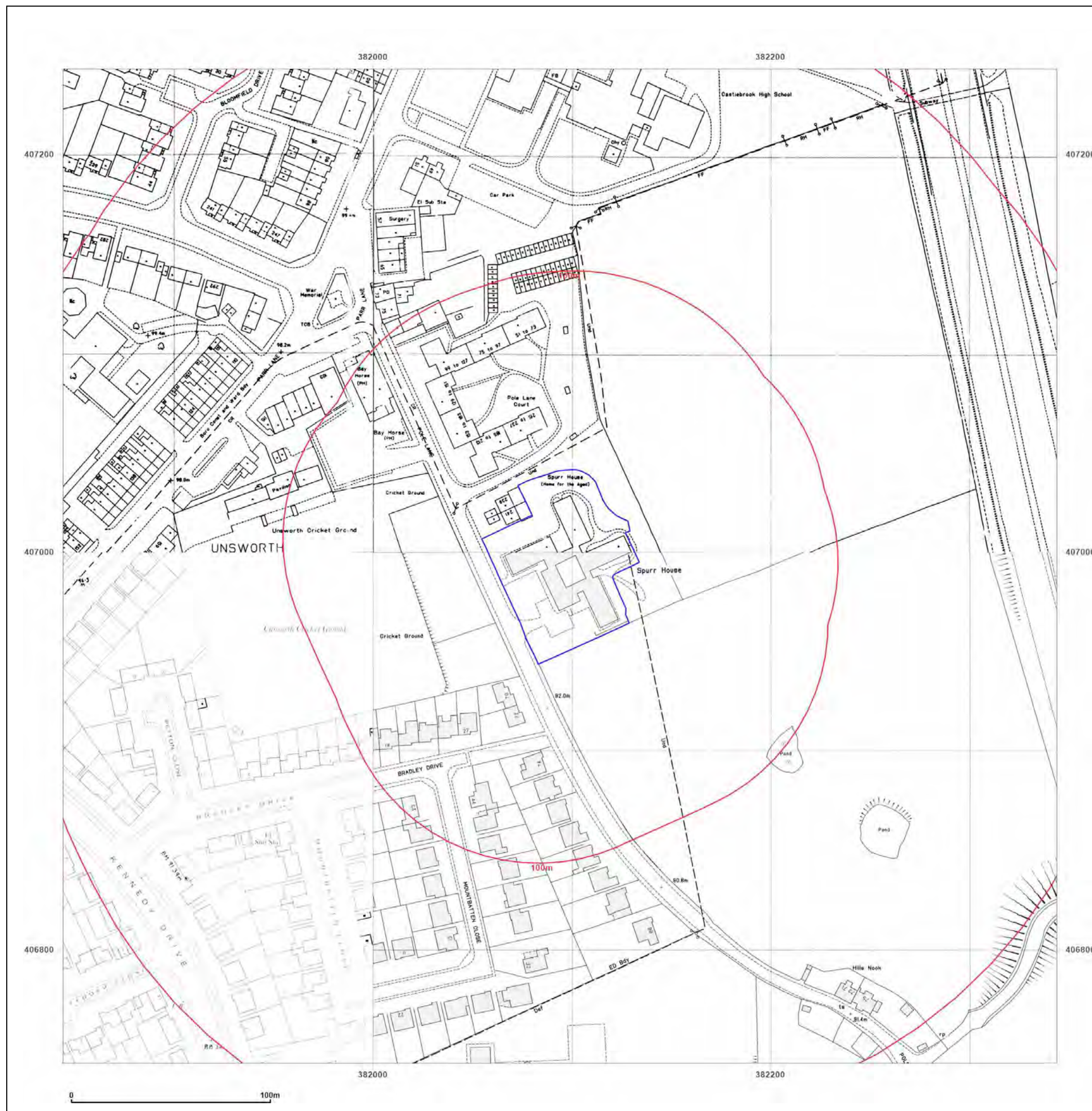


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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1992

Scale: 1:1,250

Printed at: 1:2,000



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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

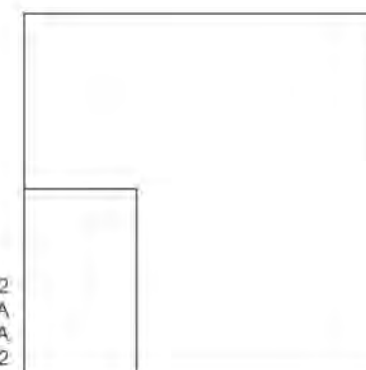
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Printed at: 1:2,000



Surveyed 1992
Revised N/A
Edition N/A
Copyright 1992
Levelled N/A

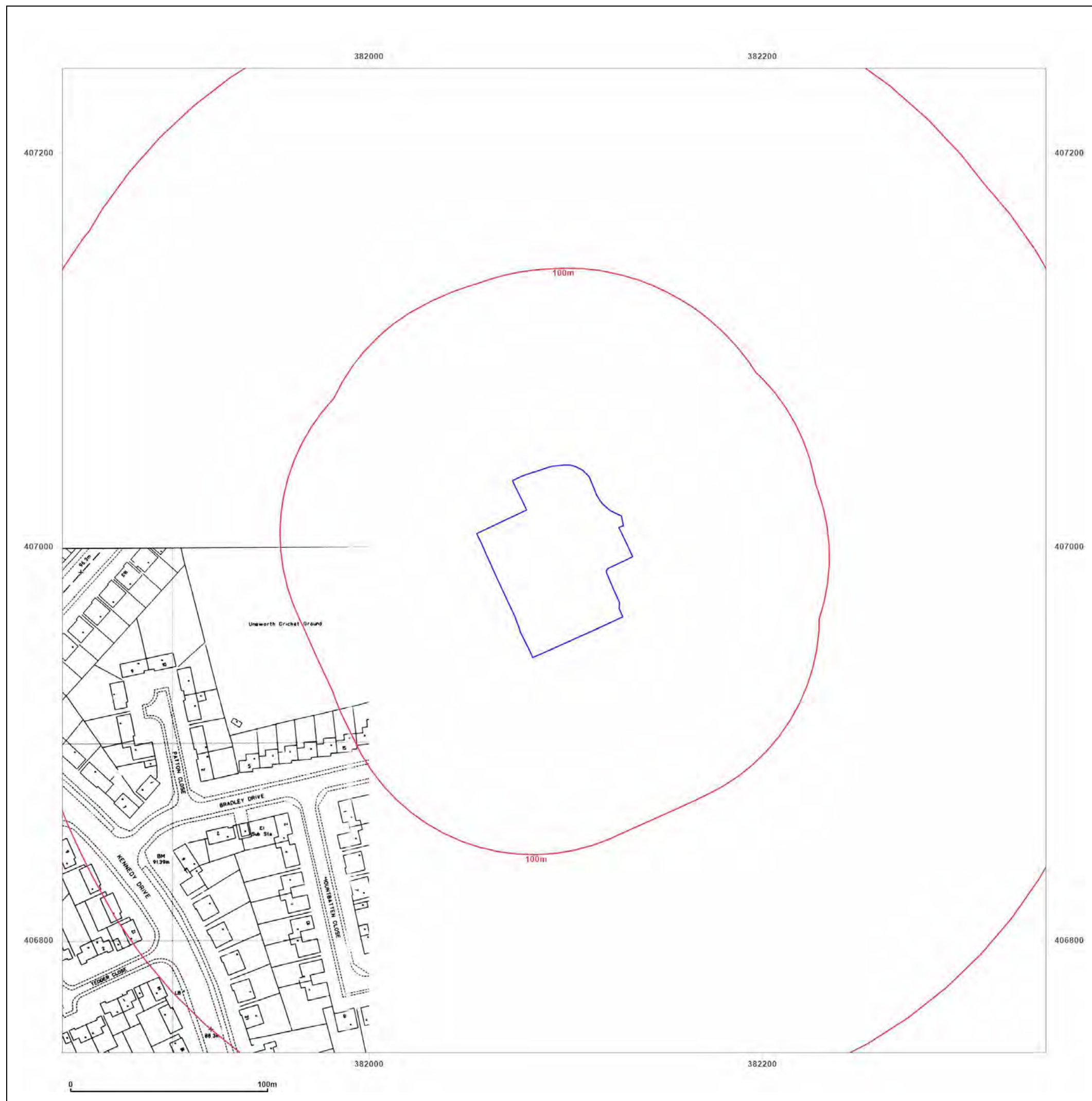


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Site Details:

SPURR HOUSE, POLE LANE,
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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: LandLine

Map date: 2003

Scale: 1:1,250

Printed at: 1:1,250



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Site Details:

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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: County Series

Map date: 1848-1851

Scale: 1:10,560

Printed at: 1:10,560



Surveyed 1847
Revised N/A
Edition 1851
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1845
Revised N/A
Edition 1848
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

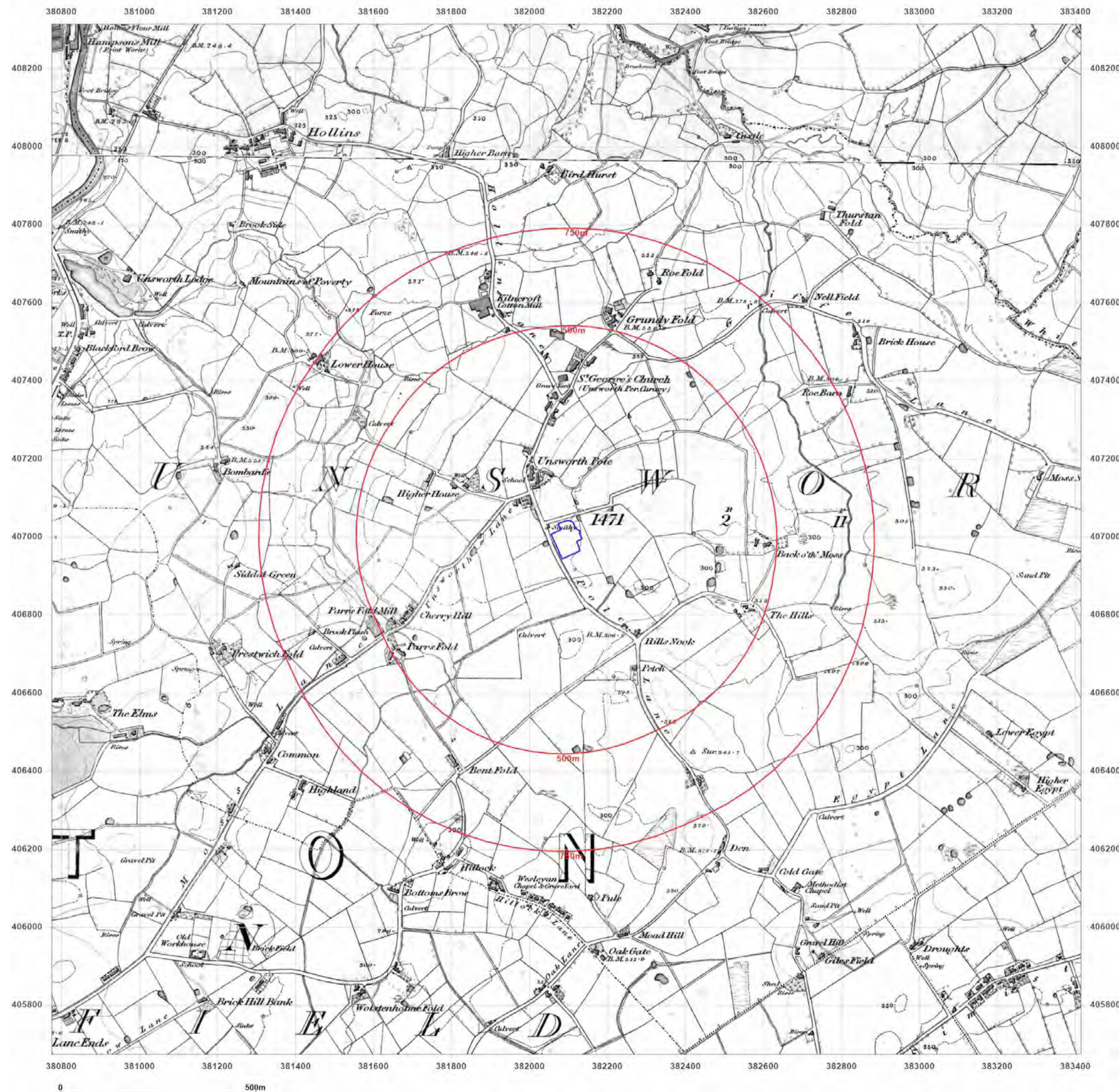


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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: County Series

Map date: 1891

Scale: 1:10,560

Printed at: 1:10,560



Surveyed 1891
Revised 1891
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1891
Revised 1891
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

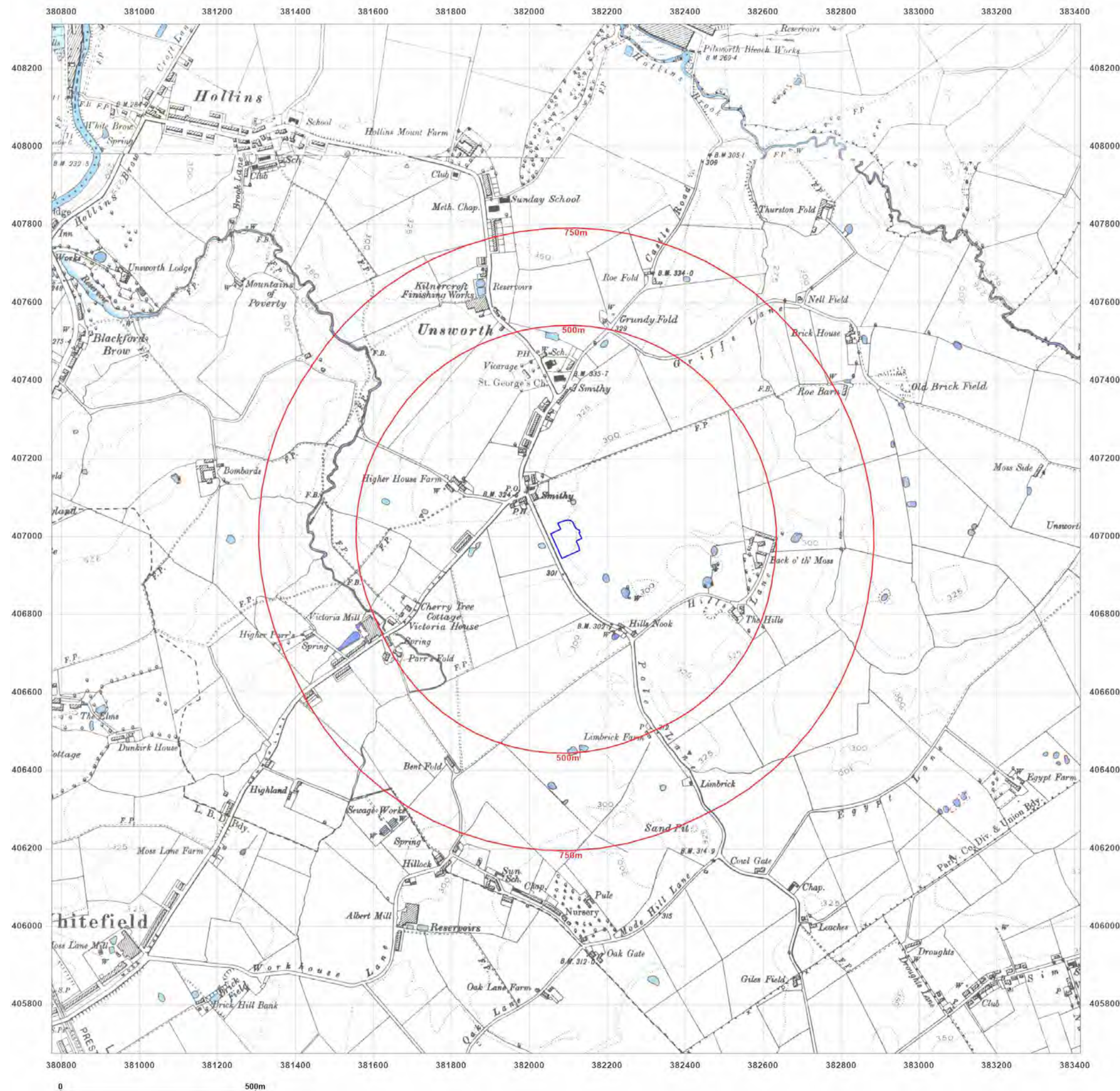


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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: County Series

Map date: 1907-1908

Scale: 1:10,560

Printed at: 1:10,560



Surveyed 1844
Revised 1908
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1844
Revised 1907
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

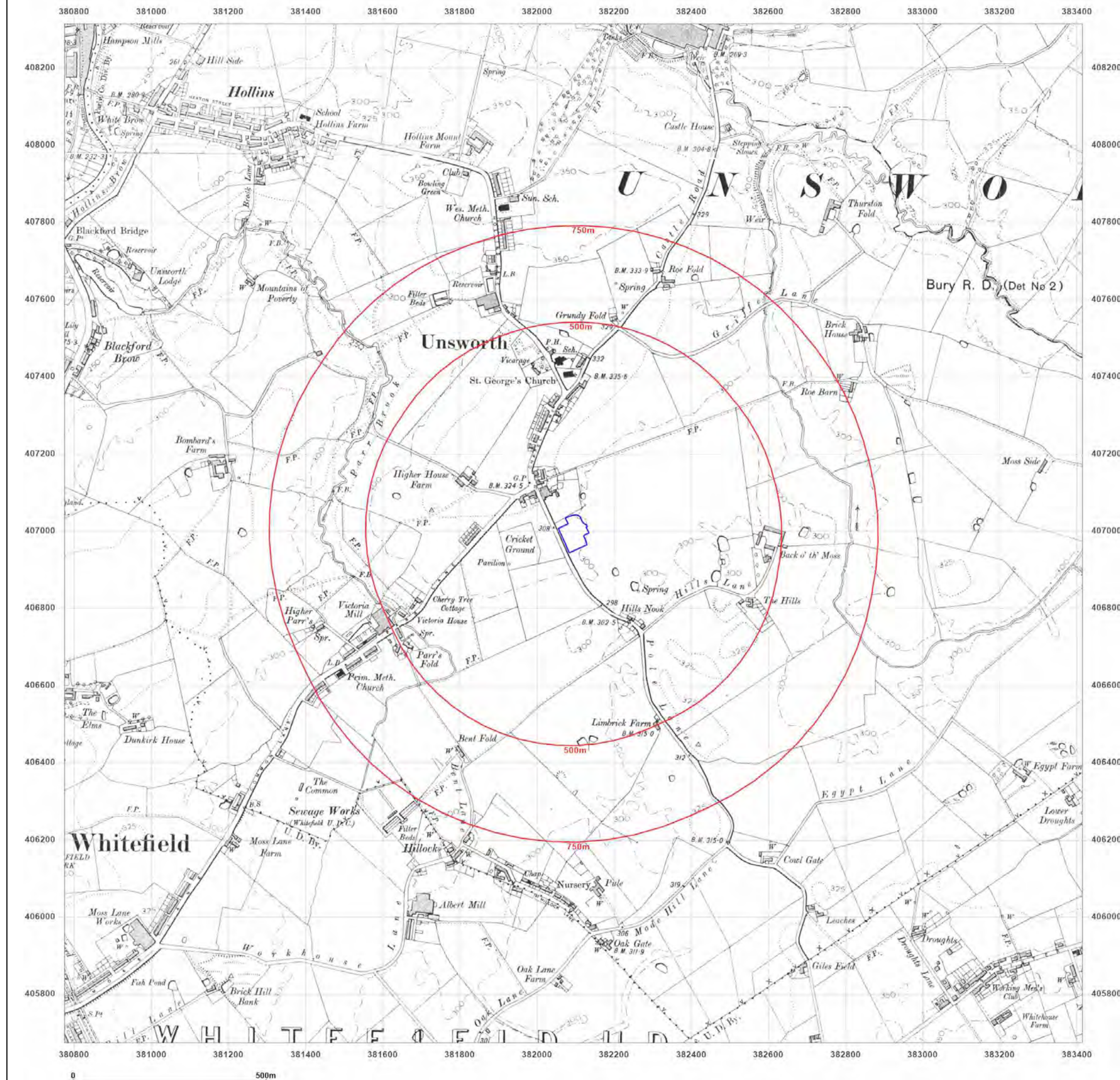


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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: County Series

Map date: 1915

Scale: 1:10,560

Printed at: 1:10,560



Surveyed 1844
Revised 1915
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

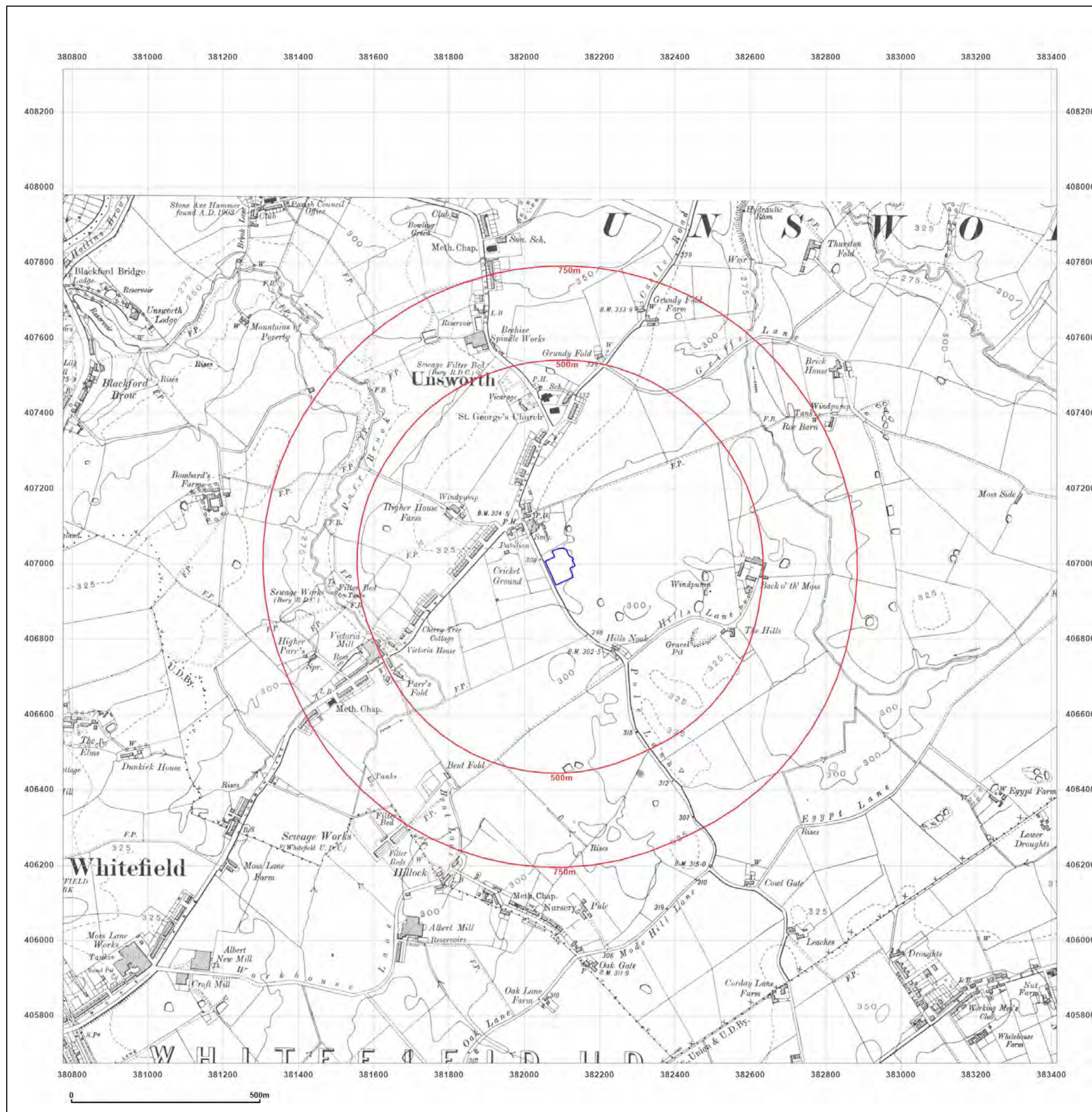


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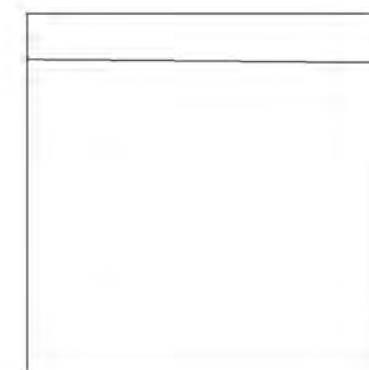
Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: County Series

Map date: 1923

Scale: 1:10,560

Printed at: 1:10,560



Surveyed 1844
Revised 1923
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

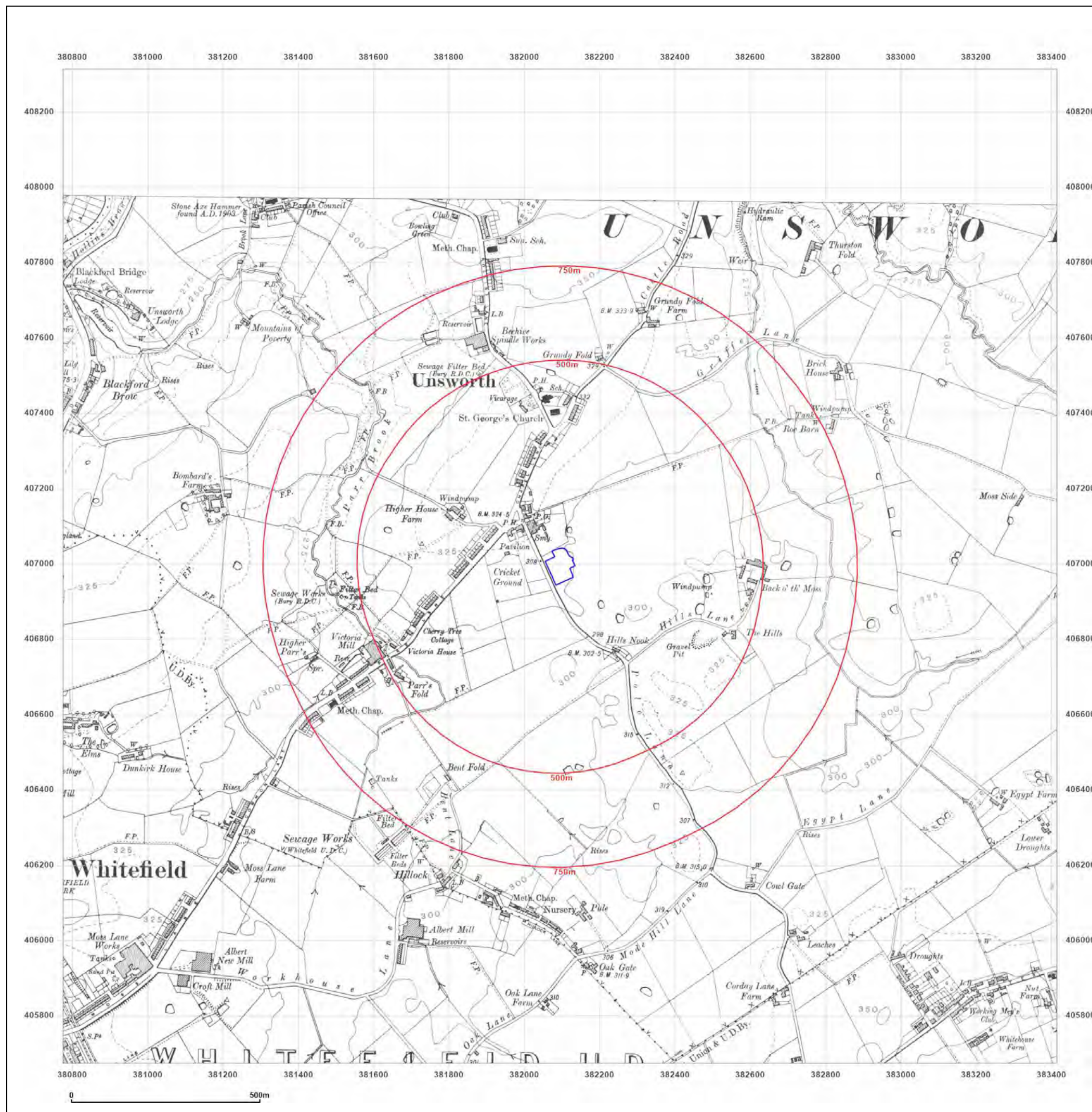


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Site Details:

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BURY, BL9 8QL

Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: County Series

Map date: 1928-1932

Scale: 1:10,560

Printed at: 1:10,560



Surveyed 1844
Revised 1928
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1844
Revised 1932
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

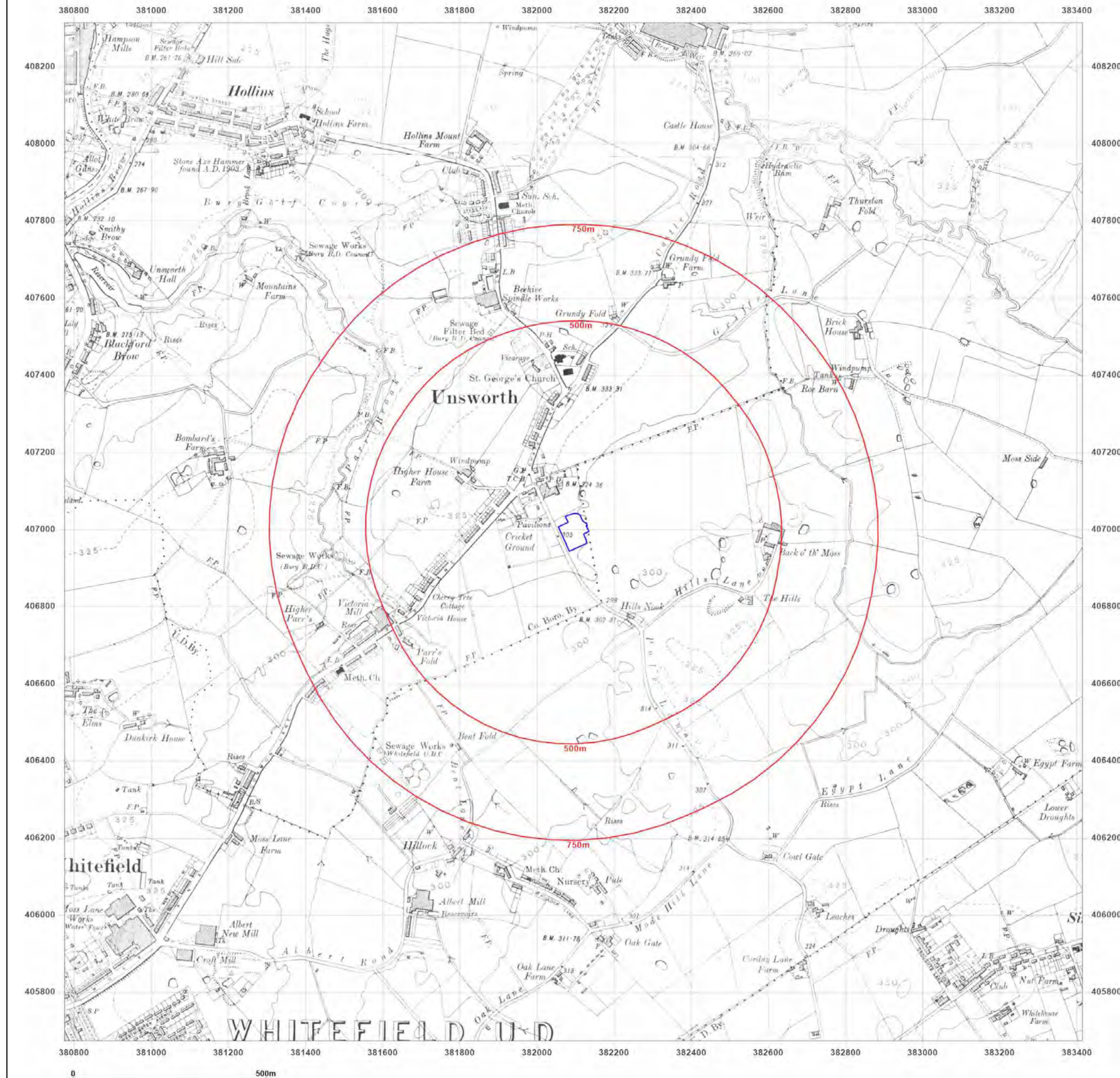


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Site Details:

SPURR HOUSE, POLE LANE,
BURY, BL9 8QL

Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: County Series

Map date: 1938

Scale: 1:10,560

Printed at: 1:10,560



Surveyed 1844
Revised 1938
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
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Surveyed 1844
Revised 1938
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

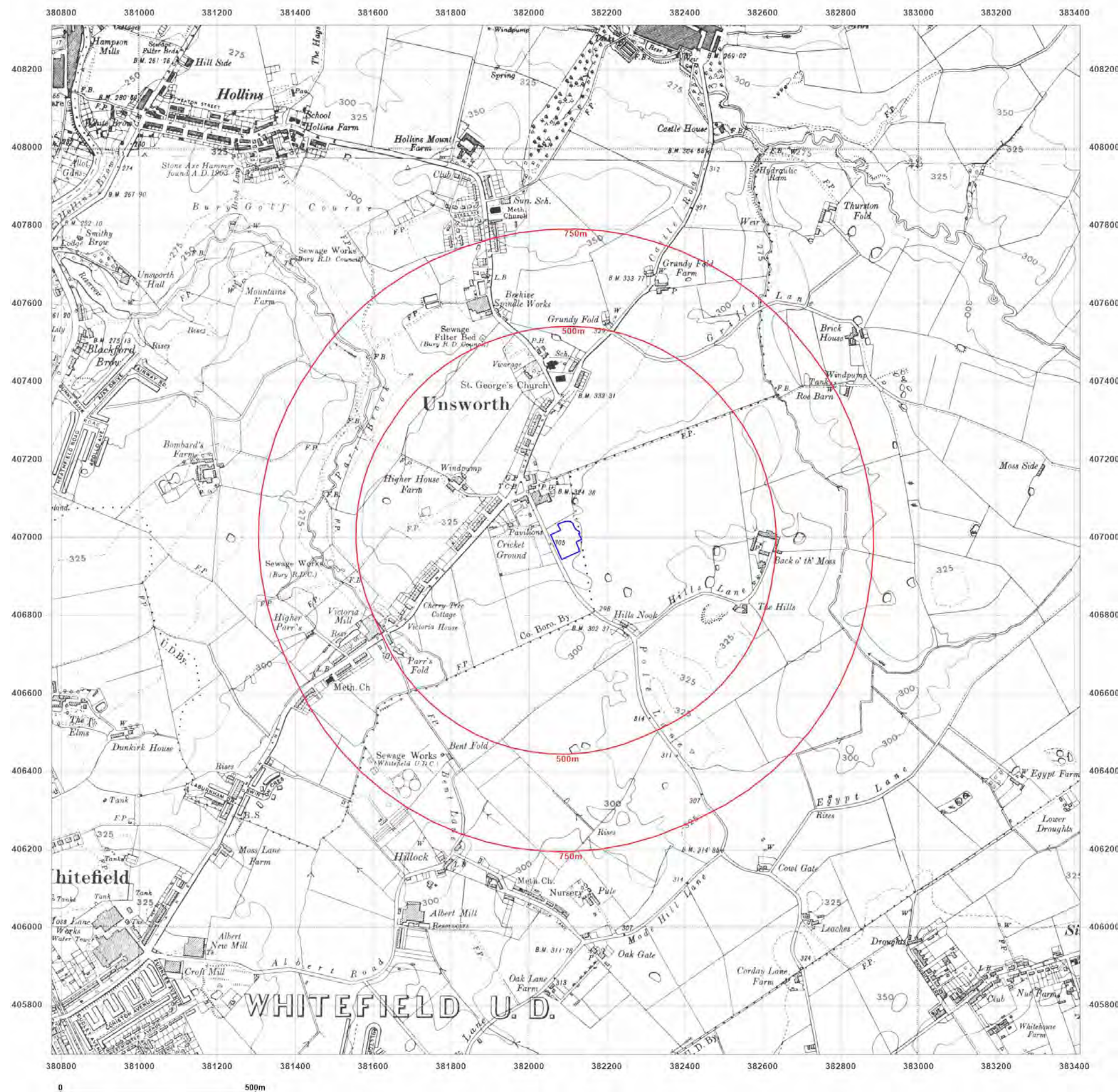


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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: Provisional

Map date: 1955

Scale: 1:10,560

Printed at: 1:10,560



Surveyed 1949
Revised 1955
Edition 1955
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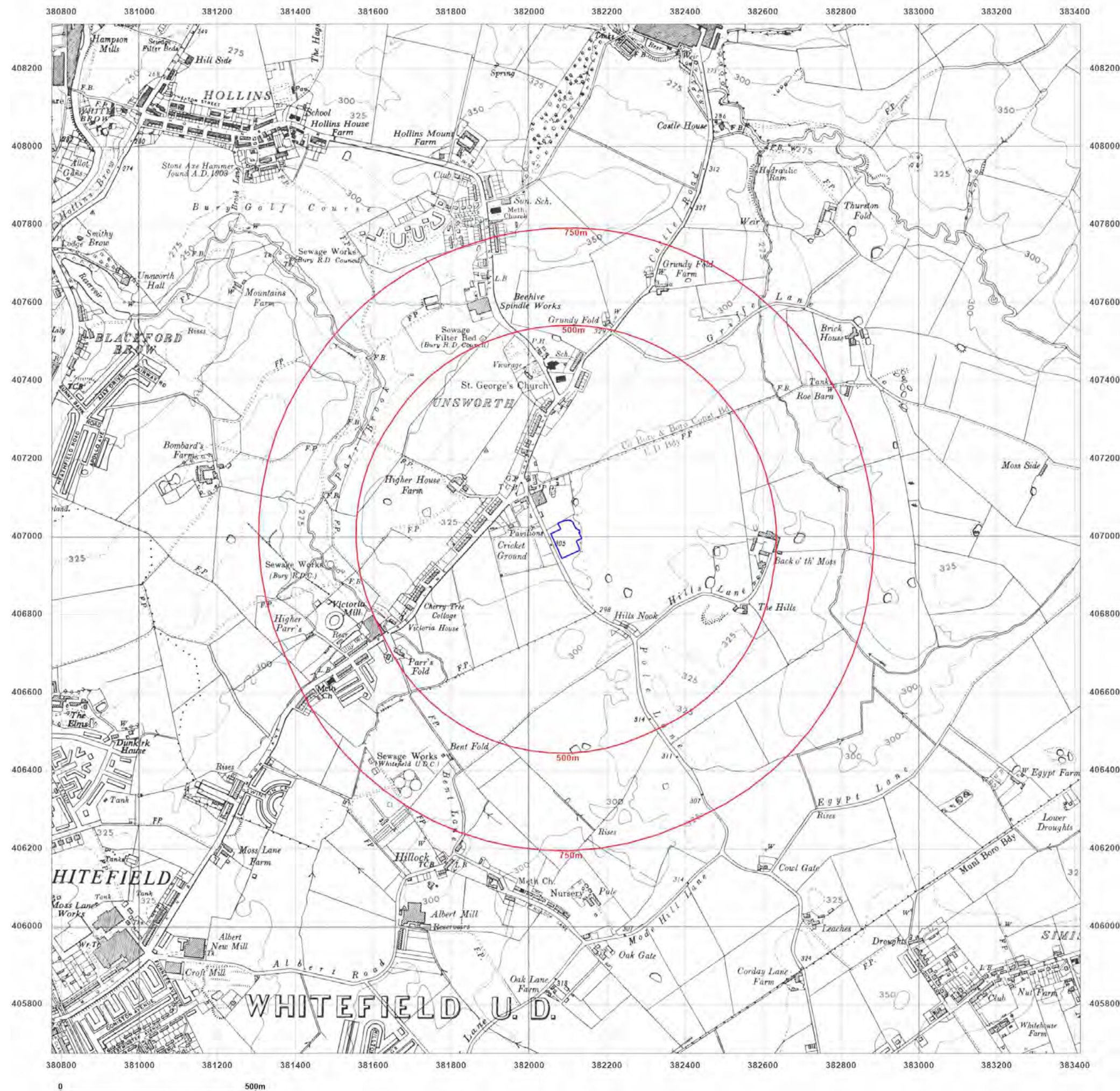


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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: Provisional

Map date: 1965

Scale: 1:10,560

Printed at: 1:10,560



Surveyed 1965
Revised 1965
Edition N/A
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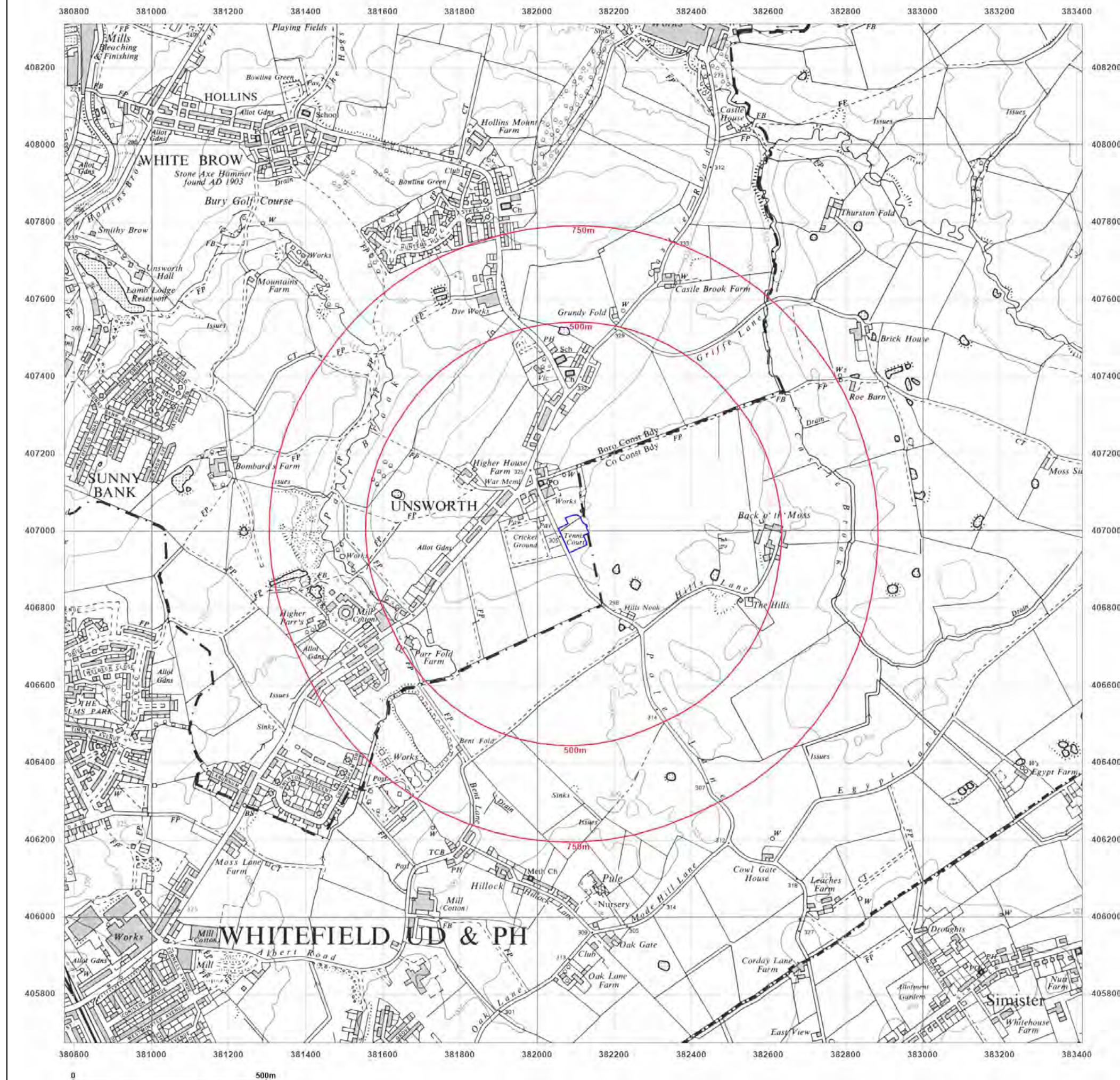


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Site Details:

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BURY, BL9 8QL

Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1974

Scale: 1:10,000

Printed at: 1:10,000



Surveyed 1974
Revised 1974
Edition N/A
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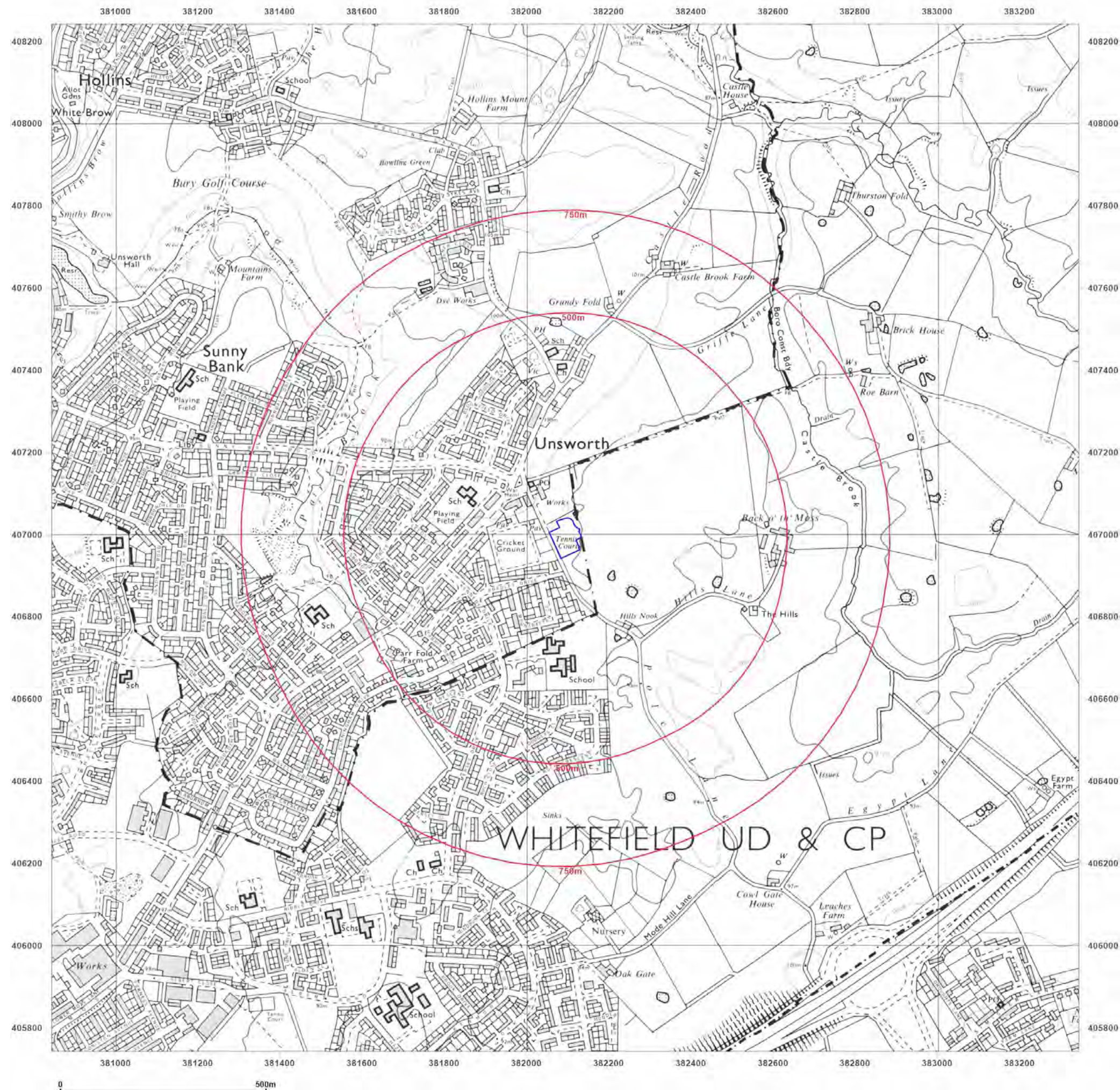


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Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1981

Scale: 1:10,000

Printed at: 1:10,000



Surveyed 1980
Revised 1981
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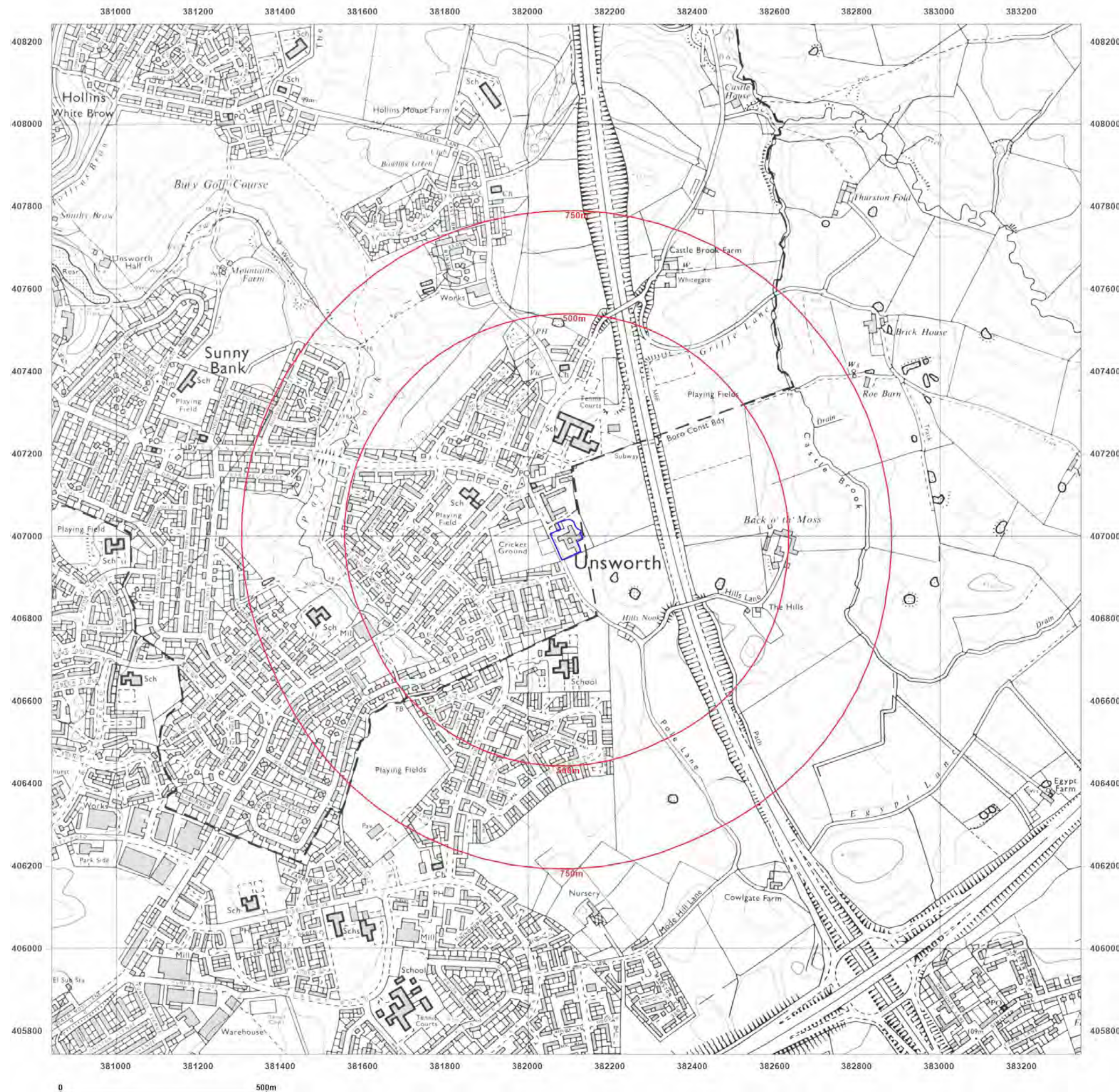


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Site Details:

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Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 2001

Scale: 1:10,000

Printed at: 1:10,000

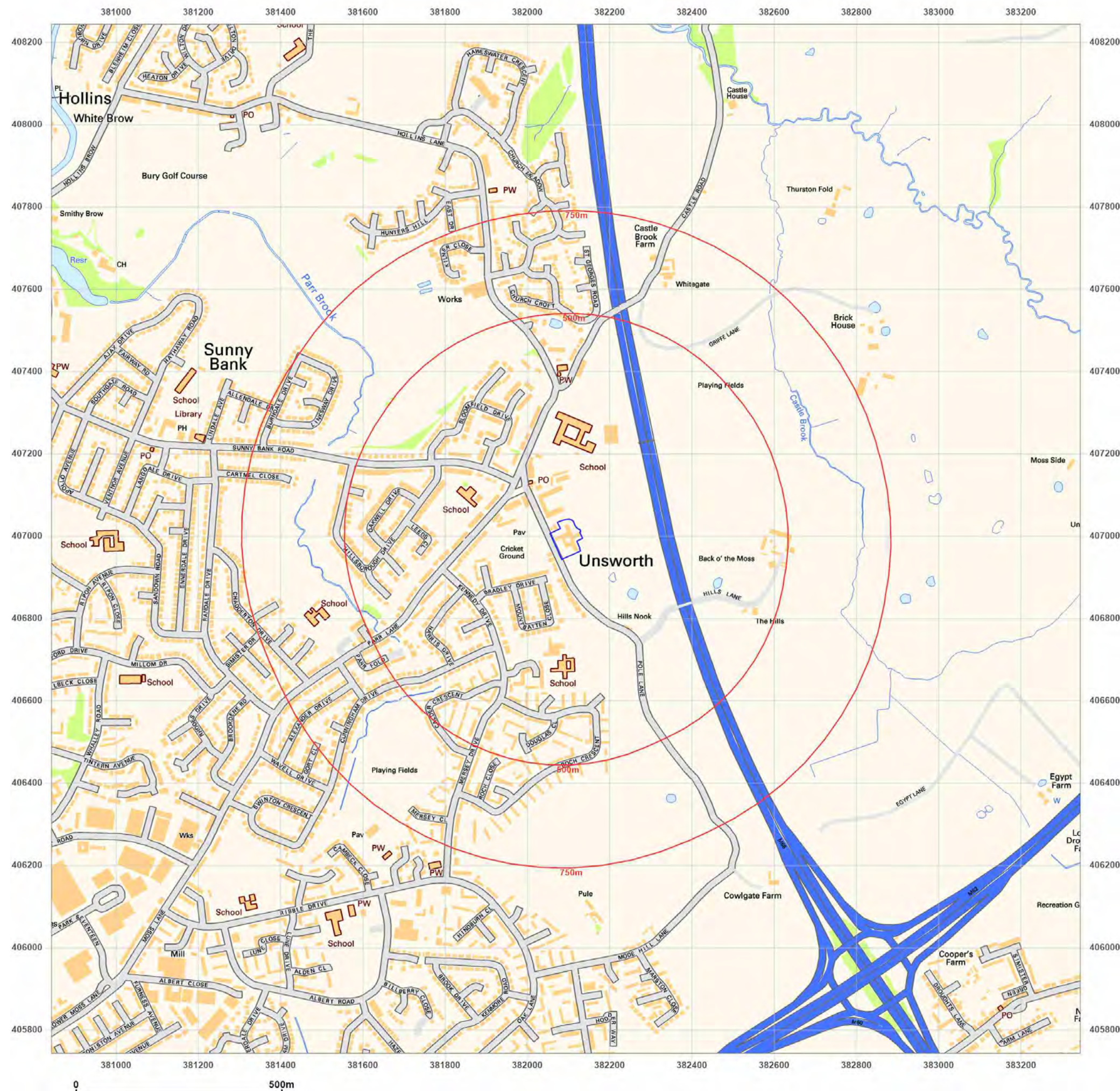


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Site Details:

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BURY, BL9 8QL

Client Ref: C5102-3366-SD
Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 2010

Scale: 1:10,000

Printed at: 1:10,000

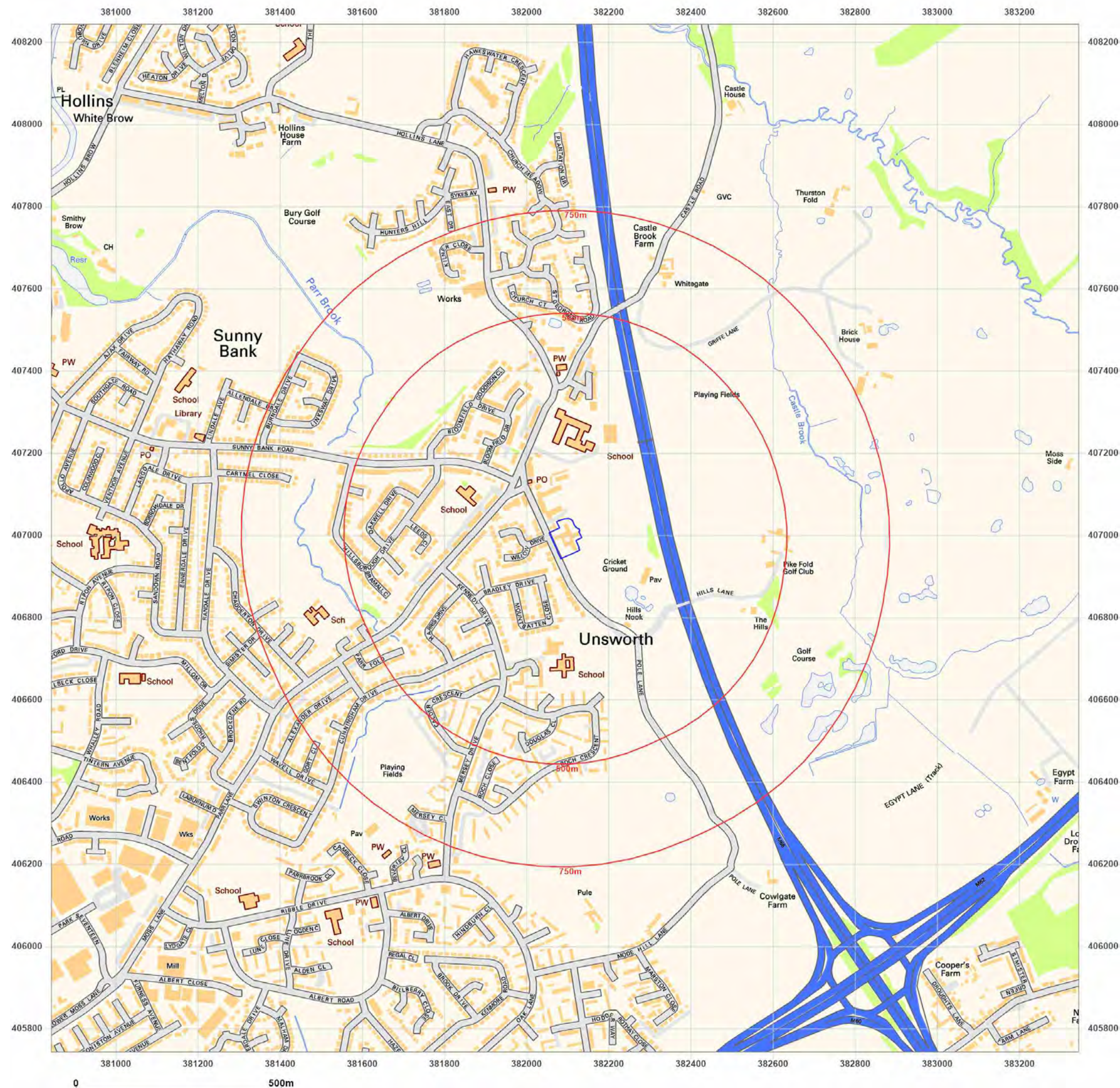


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Site Details:

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BURY, BL9 8QL

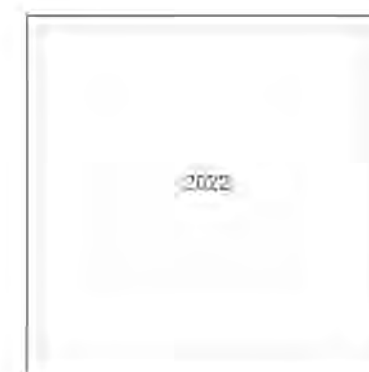
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Report Ref: BRO-8969854
Grid Ref: 382094, 406993

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 2022

Scale: 1:10,000

Printed at: 1:10,000

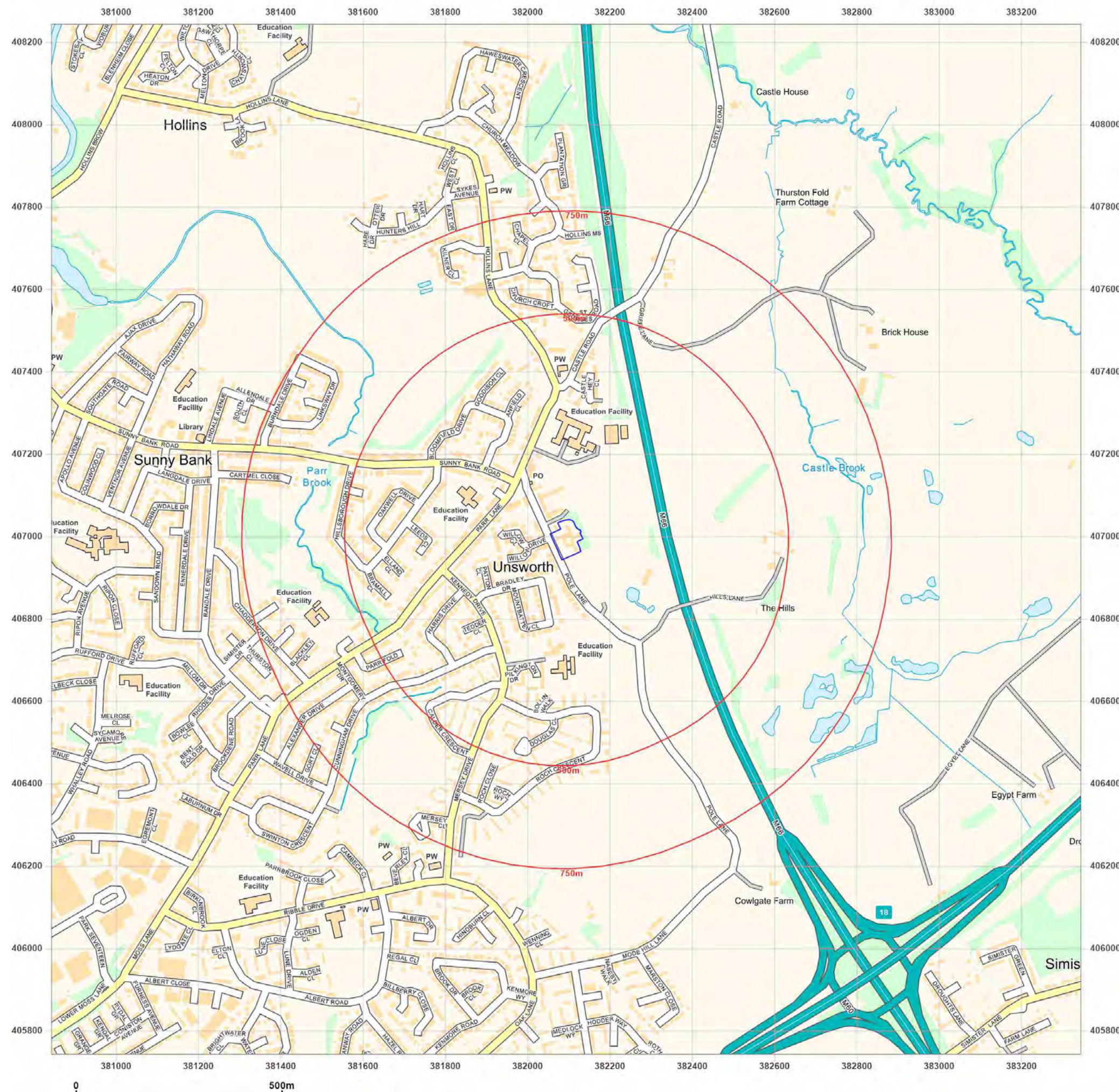


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APPENDIX C

Geo-Environmental Data Report

SPURR HOUSE, POLE LANE, BURY, BL9 8QL

Order Details

Date: 09/08/2022
Your ref: C5102-3366-SD
Our Ref: BRO-8969855

Site Details

Location: 382091 407000
Area: 0.47 ha
Authority: [Bury Metropolitan Borough Council](#)



Summary of findings

p. 2

Aerial image

p. 8

OS MasterMap site plan

p.12

groundsure.com/insightuserguide

Summary of findings

Page	Section	Past land use	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
13	1.1	<u>Historical industrial land uses</u>	0	4	2	19	-
15	1.2	<u>Historical tanks</u>	0	0	2	5	-
15	1.3	<u>Historical energy features</u>	0	0	2	7	-
16	1.4	<u>Historical petrol stations</u>	0	0	1	0	-
16	1.5	Historical garages	0	0	0	0	-
17	1.6	Historical military land	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	Past land use - un-grouped	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
18	2.1	<u>Historical industrial land uses</u>	0	4	3	24	-
20	2.2	<u>Historical tanks</u>	0	0	2	5	-
20	2.3	<u>Historical energy features</u>	0	0	7	12	-
21	2.4	<u>Historical petrol stations</u>	0	0	1	0	-
21	2.5	Historical garages	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	Waste and landfill	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
22	3.1	Active or recent landfill	0	0	0	0	-
22	3.2	Historical landfill (BGS records)	0	0	0	0	-
23	3.3	Historical landfill (LA/mapping records)	0	0	0	0	-
23	3.4	Historical landfill (EA/NRW records)	0	0	0	0	-
23	3.5	Historical waste sites	0	0	0	0	-
23	3.6	Licensed waste sites	0	0	0	0	-
23	3.7	<u>Waste exemptions</u>	0	0	0	7	-
Page	Section	Current industrial land use	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
25	4.1	<u>Recent industrial land uses</u>	0	0	8	-	-
26	4.2	<u>Current or recent petrol stations</u>	0	1	0	1	-
26	4.3	Electricity cables	0	0	0	0	-
27	4.4	Gas pipelines	0	0	0	0	-
27	4.5	Sites determined as Contaminated Land	0	0	0	0	-



27	4.6	Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH)	0	0	0	0	-
27	4.7	Regulated explosive sites	0	0	0	0	-
27	4.8	Hazardous substance storage/usage	0	0	0	0	-
28	4.9	Historical licensed industrial activities (IPC)	0	0	0	0	-
28	4.10	Licensed industrial activities (Part A(1))	0	0	0	0	-
28	4.11	Licensed pollutant release (Part A(2)/B)	0	0	0	0	-
28	4.12	Radioactive Substance Authorisations	0	0	0	0	-
28	4.13	Licensed Discharges to controlled waters	0	0	0	0	-
29	4.14	Pollutant release to surface waters (Red List)	0	0	0	0	-
29	4.15	Pollutant release to public sewer	0	0	0	0	-
29	4.16	List 1 Dangerous Substances	0	0	0	0	-
29	4.17	List 2 Dangerous Substances	0	0	0	0	-
29	4.18	<u>Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW)</u>	0	0	0	1	-
30	4.19	Pollution inventory substances	0	0	0	0	-
30	4.20	Pollution inventory waste transfers	0	0	0	0	-
30	4.21	Pollution inventory radioactive waste	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	Hydrogeology	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
31	5.1	<u>Superficial aquifer</u>	Identified (within 500m)				
33	5.2	<u>Bedrock aquifer</u>	Identified (within 500m)				
34	5.3	<u>Groundwater vulnerability</u>	Identified (within 50m)				
35	5.4	Groundwater vulnerability- soluble rock risk	None (within 0m)				
36	5.5	Groundwater vulnerability- local information	None (within 0m)				
37	5.6	<u>Groundwater abstractions</u>	0	0	0	2	20
43	5.7	<u>Surface water abstractions</u>	0	0	0	0	9
46	5.8	<u>Potable abstractions</u>	0	0	0	0	5
47	5.9	Source Protection Zones	0	0	0	0	-
47	5.10	Source Protection Zones (confined aquifer)	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	Hydrology	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
48	6.1	Water Network (OS MasterMap)	0	0	0	-	-

48	6.2	<u>Surface water features</u>	0	0	2	-	-
49	6.3	<u>WFD Surface water body catchments</u>	1	-	-	-	-
49	6.4	<u>WFD Surface water bodies</u>	0	0	0	-	-
50	6.5	<u>WFD Groundwater bodies</u>	1	-	-	-	-
Page	Section	River and coastal flooding	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
51	7.1	Risk of flooding from rivers and the sea	None (within 50m)				
51	7.2	Historical Flood Events	0	0	0	-	-
51	7.3	Flood Defences	0	0	0	-	-
52	7.4	Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences	0	0	0	-	-
52	7.5	Flood Storage Areas	0	0	0	-	-
53	7.6	Flood Zone 2	None (within 50m)				
53	7.7	Flood Zone 3	None (within 50m)				
Page	Section	Surface water flooding					
54	8.1	<u>Surface water flooding</u>	1 in 30 year, 0.3m - 1.0m (within 50m)				
Page	Section	Groundwater flooding					
56	9.1	<u>Groundwater flooding</u>	Low (within 50m)				
Page	Section	Environmental designations	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
57	10.1	Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)	0	0	0	0	0
58	10.2	Conserved wetland sites (Ramsar sites)	0	0	0	0	0
58	10.3	Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)	0	0	0	0	0
58	10.4	Special Protection Areas (SPA)	0	0	0	0	0
58	10.5	National Nature Reserves (NNR)	0	0	0	0	0
59	10.6	<u>Local Nature Reserves (LNR)</u>	0	0	0	0	1
59	10.7	Designated Ancient Woodland	0	0	0	0	0
59	10.8	Biosphere Reserves	0	0	0	0	0
59	10.9	Forest Parks	0	0	0	0	0
60	10.10	Marine Conservation Zones	0	0	0	0	0
60	10.11	<u>Green Belt</u>	1	0	0	0	3
60	10.12	Proposed Ramsar sites	0	0	0	0	0



60	10.13	Possible Special Areas of Conservation (pSAC)	0	0	0	0	0
61	10.14	Potential Special Protection Areas (pSPA)	0	0	0	0	0
61	10.15	Nitrate Sensitive Areas	0	0	0	0	0
61	10.16	<u>Nitrate Vulnerable Zones</u>	0	0	0	0	2
62	10.17	<u>SSSI Impact Risk Zones</u>	2	-	-	-	-
63	10.18	SSSI Units	0	0	0	0	0
Page	Section	Visual and cultural designations	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
64	11.1	World Heritage Sites	0	0	0	-	-
65	11.2	Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty	0	0	0	-	-
65	11.3	National Parks	0	0	0	-	-
65	11.4	<u>Listed Buildings</u>	0	0	1	-	-
66	11.5	Conservation Areas	0	0	0	-	-
66	11.6	Scheduled Ancient Monuments	0	0	0	-	-
66	11.7	Registered Parks and Gardens	0	0	0	-	-
Page	Section	Agricultural designations	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
67	12.1	<u>Agricultural Land Classification</u>	Urban (within 250m)				
68	12.2	Open Access Land	0	0	0	-	-
68	12.3	<u>Tree Felling Licences</u>	0	0	4	-	-
68	12.4	Environmental Stewardship Schemes	0	0	0	-	-
69	12.5	Countryside Stewardship Schemes	0	0	0	-	-
Page	Section	Habitat designations	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
70	13.1	<u>Priority Habitat Inventory</u>	0	0	1	-	-
71	13.2	Habitat Networks	0	0	0	-	-
71	13.3	Open Mosaic Habitat	0	0	0	-	-
71	13.4	Limestone Pavement Orders	0	0	0	-	-
Page	Section	Geology 1:10,000 scale	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
72	14.1	<u>10k Availability</u>	Identified (within 500m)				
73	14.2	<u>Artificial and made ground (10k)</u>	1	2	5	9	-
75	14.3	<u>Superficial geology (10k)</u>	1	1	0	4	-

76	14.4	Landslip (10k)	0	0	0	0	-
77	14.5	<u>Bedrock geology (10k)</u>	1	0	0	1	-
78	14.6	<u>Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)</u>	0	0	2	2	-
Page	Section	Geology 1:50,000 scale	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
79	15.1	<u>50k Availability</u>	Identified (within 500m)				
80	15.2	Artificial and made ground (50k)	0	0	0	0	-
80	15.3	Artificial ground permeability (50k)	0	0	-	-	-
81	15.4	<u>Superficial geology (50k)</u>	1	1	0	3	-
82	15.5	<u>Superficial permeability (50k)</u>	Identified (within 50m)				
82	15.6	Landslip (50k)	0	0	0	0	-
82	15.7	Landslip permeability (50k)	None (within 50m)				
83	15.8	<u>Bedrock geology (50k)</u>	1	0	0	1	-
84	15.9	<u>Bedrock permeability (50k)</u>	Identified (within 50m)				
84	15.10	Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	Boreholes	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
85	16.1	<u>BGS Boreholes</u>	0	0	5	-	-
Page	Section	Natural ground subsidence					
87	17.1	<u>Shrink swell clays</u>	Low (within 50m)				
88	17.2	<u>Running sands</u>	Very low (within 50m)				
89	17.3	<u>Compressible deposits</u>	Negligible (within 50m)				
90	17.4	<u>Collapsible deposits</u>	Very low (within 50m)				
91	17.5	<u>Landslides</u>	Very low (within 50m)				
92	17.6	<u>Ground dissolution of soluble rocks</u>	Negligible (within 50m)				
Page	Section	Mining, ground workings and natural cavities	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
93	18.1	Natural cavities	0	0	0	0	-
94	18.2	<u>BritPits</u>	0	0	0	1	-
94	18.3	<u>Surface ground workings</u>	0	0	1	-	-
94	18.4	Underground workings	0	0	0	0	0
95	18.5	Historical Mineral Planning Areas	0	0	0	0	-



95	18.6	Non-coal mining	0	0	0	0	0
95	18.7	Mining cavities	0	0	0	0	0
95	18.8	JPB mining areas	None (within 0m)				
95	18.9	<u>Coal mining</u>	Identified (within 0m)				
96	18.10	Brine areas	None (within 0m)				
96	18.11	Gypsum areas	None (within 0m)				
96	18.12	Tin mining	None (within 0m)				
96	18.13	Clay mining	None (within 0m)				
Page	Section	Radon					
97	19.1	<u>Radon</u>	Less than 1% (within 0m)				
Page	Section	Soil chemistry	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
98	20.1	<u>BGS Estimated Background Soil Chemistry</u>	2	2	-	-	-
98	20.2	BGS Estimated Urban Soil Chemistry	0	0	-	-	-
99	20.3	BGS Measured Urban Soil Chemistry	0	0	-	-	-
Page	Section	Railway infrastructure and projects	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
100	21.1	Underground railways (London)	0	0	0	-	-
100	21.2	Underground railways (Non-London)	0	0	0	-	-
100	21.3	Railway tunnels	0	0	0	-	-
100	21.4	Historical railway and tunnel features	0	0	0	-	-
100	21.5	Royal Mail tunnels	0	0	0	-	-
101	21.6	Historical railways	0	0	0	-	-
101	21.7	Railways	0	0	0	-	-
101	21.8	Crossrail 1	0	0	0	0	-
101	21.9	Crossrail 2	0	0	0	0	-
101	21.10	HS2	0	0	0	0	-

Recent aerial photograph



Capture Date: 22/05/2019

Site Area: 0.47ha



Recent site history - 2015 aerial photograph



Capture Date: 11/06/2015

Site Area: 0.47ha



Recent site history - 2011 aerial photograph



Capture Date: 02/05/2011

Site Area: 0.47ha



Recent site history - 2000 aerial photograph



Capture Date: 27/06/2000

Site Area: 0.47ha



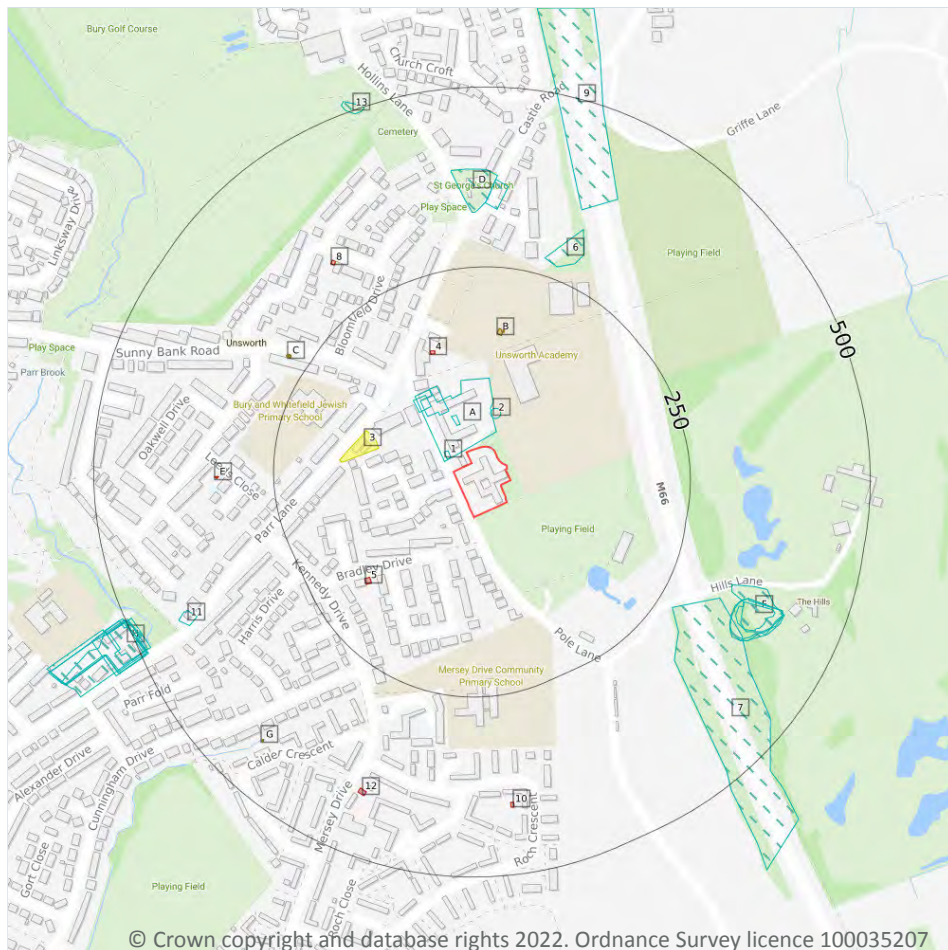
OS MasterMap site plan



Site Area: 0.47ha



1 Past land use



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Historical industrial land uses
- Historical tanks
- Historical energy features
- Historical petrol stations

1.1 Historical industrial land uses

Records within 500m

25

Potentially contaminative land use features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at 1:10,000 and 1:10,560 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use map on **page 13**

ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
A	4m NW	Smithy	1915	730689



ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
1	19m NW	Smithy	1851	709969
A	39m N	Smithy	1923	758900
2	41m N	Unspecified Tank	1891	674821
A	62m NW	Unspecified Works	1965 - 1974	717900
A	81m NW	Smithy	1891	708943
6	268m N	Unspecified Heap	1981	650932
7	272m SE	Cuttings	1981	642589
D	326m N	Grave Yard	1851	668132
D	330m N	Smithy	1891	693053
F	333m E	Unspecified Pits	1965	659194
F	348m SE	Gravel Pit	1915 - 1923	723570
F	349m SE	Unspecified Heap	1932	650987
F	349m SE	Refuse Heap	1938 - 1955	715339
F	354m SE	Unspecified Pit	1891 - 1907	712337
9	354m N	Cuttings	1981	642590
11	408m W	Unspecified Mill	1851	656765
H	483m SW	Unspecified Mill	1981	697926
H	488m SW	Cotton Mill	1965	644063
H	489m SW	Unspecified Mill	1923	715041
H	491m SW	Unspecified Mill	1907 - 1915	728691
H	491m SW	Unspecified Mill	1932 - 1938	771906
H	492m SW	Unspecified Mill	1955	740678
13	495m N	Unspecified Ground Workings	1907	648188
H	495m SW	Unspecified Mill	1891	734417

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.



1.2 Historical tanks

Records within 500m

7

Tank features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use map on **page 13**

ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
B	156m N	Unspecified Tank	1973	84658
B	161m N	Unspecified Tank	1981	84659
C	277m NW	Unspecified Tank	1956	93307
C	278m NW	Unspecified Tank	1956	93308
G	425m SW	Unspecified Tank	1955	100511
G	426m SW	Unspecified Tank	1955	90452
H	499m SW	Unspecified Tank	1955	95423

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.

1.3 Historical energy features

Records within 500m

9

Energy features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use map on **page 13**

ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
4	143m N	Electricity Substation	1973 - 1985	51199
5	167m SW	Electricity Substation	1968 - 1996	49729
8	319m NW	Electricity Substation	1968 - 1969	52150
E	327m W	Electricity Substation	1969	48611



ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
E	327m W	Electricity Substation	1996	56300
E	327m W	Electricity Substation	1968	46646
E	328m W	Electricity Substation	1990	46637
10	400m S	Electricity Substation	1970 - 1987	54916
12	408m SW	Electricity Substation	1968 - 1996	50992

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.

1.4 Historical petrol stations

Records within 500m

1

Petrol stations digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use map on **page 13**

ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
3	109m W	Filling Station	1968	1332

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.

1.5 Historical garages

Records within 500m

0

Garages digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.



1.6 Historical military land

Records within 500m

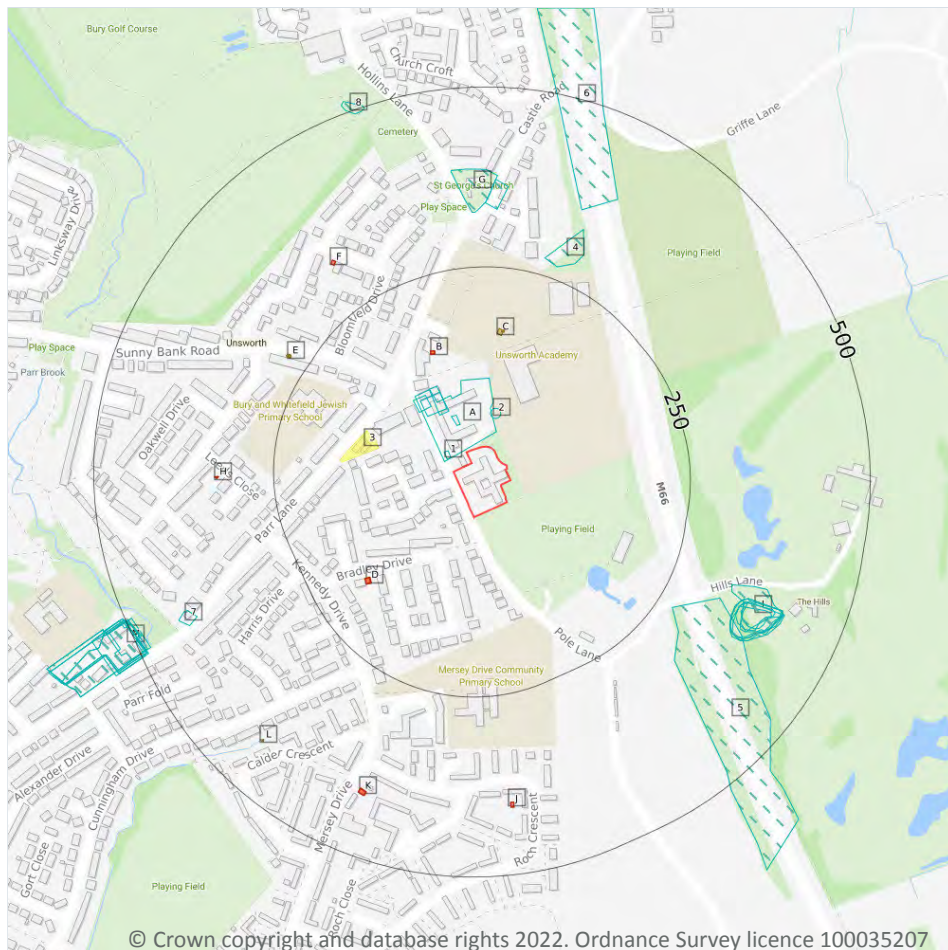
0

Areas of military land digitised from multiple sources including the National Archives, local records, MOD records and verified other sources, intelligently grouped into contiguous features.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure / other sources.



2 Past land use - un-grouped



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Historical industrial land uses
- Historical tanks
- Historical energy features
- Historical petrol stations

2.1 Historical industrial land uses

Records within 500m

31

Potentially contaminative land use features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at 1:10,000 and 10,560 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use - un-grouped map on **page 18**

ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
A	4m NW	Smithy	1915	730689
1	19m NW	Smithy	1851	709969
A	39m N	Smithy	1923	758900



ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
2	41m N	Unspecified Tank	1891	674821
A	62m NW	Unspecified Works	1974	717900
A	66m NW	Unspecified Works	1965	717900
A	81m NW	Smithy	1891	708943
4	268m N	Unspecified Heap	1981	650932
5	272m SE	Cuttings	1981	642589
G	326m N	Grave Yard	1851	668132
G	330m N	Smithy	1891	693053
I	333m E	Unspecified Pits	1965	659194
I	348m SE	Gravel Pit	1915	723570
I	349m SE	Unspecified Heap	1932	650987
I	349m SE	Refuse Heap	1938	715339
I	352m SE	Refuse Heap	1955	715339
I	354m SE	Unspecified Pit	1891	712337
6	354m N	Cuttings	1981	642590
I	354m SE	Gravel Pit	1923	723570
I	357m SE	Unspecified Pit	1907	712337
7	408m W	Unspecified Mill	1851	656765
M	483m SW	Unspecified Mill	1981	697926
M	488m SW	Cotton Mill	1965	644063
M	489m SW	Unspecified Mill	1923	715041
M	491m SW	Unspecified Mill	1915	728691
M	491m SW	Unspecified Mill	1907	728691
M	491m SW	Unspecified Mill	1932	771906
M	491m SW	Unspecified Mill	1938	771906
M	492m SW	Unspecified Mill	1955	740678
8	495m N	Unspecified Ground Workings	1907	648188
M	495m SW	Unspecified Mill	1891	734417

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.



2.2 Historical tanks

Records within 500m

7

Tank features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use - un-grouped map on **page 18**

ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
C	156m N	Unspecified Tank	1973	84658
C	161m N	Unspecified Tank	1981	84659
E	277m NW	Unspecified Tank	1956	93307
E	278m NW	Unspecified Tank	1956	93308
L	425m SW	Unspecified Tank	1955	100511
L	426m SW	Unspecified Tank	1955	90452
M	499m SW	Unspecified Tank	1955	95423

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.

2.3 Historical energy features

Records within 500m

19

Energy features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use - un-grouped map on **page 18**

ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
B	143m N	Electricity Substation	1981	51199
B	144m N	Electricity Substation	1985	51199
B	144m N	Electricity Substation	1973	51199
D	167m SW	Electricity Substation	1968	49729
D	167m SW	Electricity Substation	1969	49729
D	167m SW	Electricity Substation	1996	49729
D	168m SW	Electricity Substation	1990	49729



ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
F	319m NW	Electricity Substation	1968	52150
F	319m NW	Electricity Substation	1969	52150
H	327m W	Electricity Substation	1969	48611
H	327m W	Electricity Substation	1996	56300
H	327m W	Electricity Substation	1968	46646
H	328m W	Electricity Substation	1990	46637
J	400m S	Electricity Substation	1987	54916
J	400m S	Electricity Substation	1970	54916
K	408m SW	Electricity Substation	1996	50992
K	408m SW	Electricity Substation	1968	50992
K	409m S	Electricity Substation	1969	50992
K	409m SW	Electricity Substation	1990	50992

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.

2.4 Historical petrol stations

Records within 500m

1

Petrol stations digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use - un-grouped map on **page 18**

ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
3	109m W	Filling Station	1968	1332

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.

2.5 Historical garages

Records within 500m

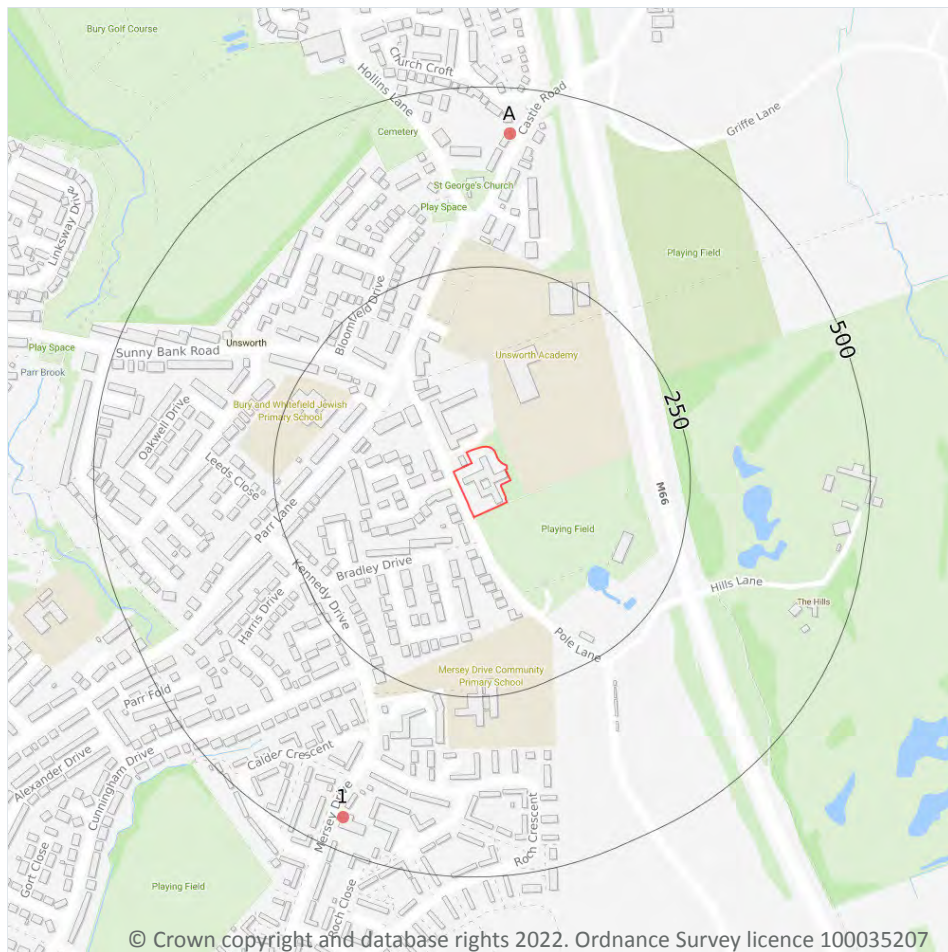
0

Garages digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.



3 Waste and landfill



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Waste exemptions

3.1 Active or recent landfill

Records within 500m

0

Active or recently closed landfill sites under Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales regulation.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

3.2 Historical landfill (BGS records)

Records within 500m

0

Landfill sites identified on a survey carried out on behalf of the DoE in 1973. These sites may have been closed or operational at this time.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



3.3 Historical landfill (LA/mapping records)

Records within 500m

0

Landfill sites identified from Local Authority records and high detail historical mapping.

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey/Groundsure and Local Authority records.

3.4 Historical landfill (EA/NRW records)

Records within 500m

0

Known historical (closed) landfill sites (e.g. sites where there is no PPC permit or waste management licence currently in force). This includes sites that existed before the waste licensing regime and sites that have been licensed in the past but where a licence has been revoked, ceased to exist or surrendered and a certificate of completion has been issued.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

3.5 Historical waste sites

Records within 500m

0

Waste site records derived from Local Authority planning records and high detail historical mapping.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure and Local Authority records.

3.6 Licensed waste sites

Records within 500m

0

Active or recently closed waste sites under Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales regulation.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

3.7 Waste exemptions

Records within 500m

7

Activities involving the storage, treatment, use or disposal of waste that are exempt from needing a permit. Exemptions have specific limits and conditions that must be adhered to.

Features are displayed on the Waste and landfill map on **page 22**

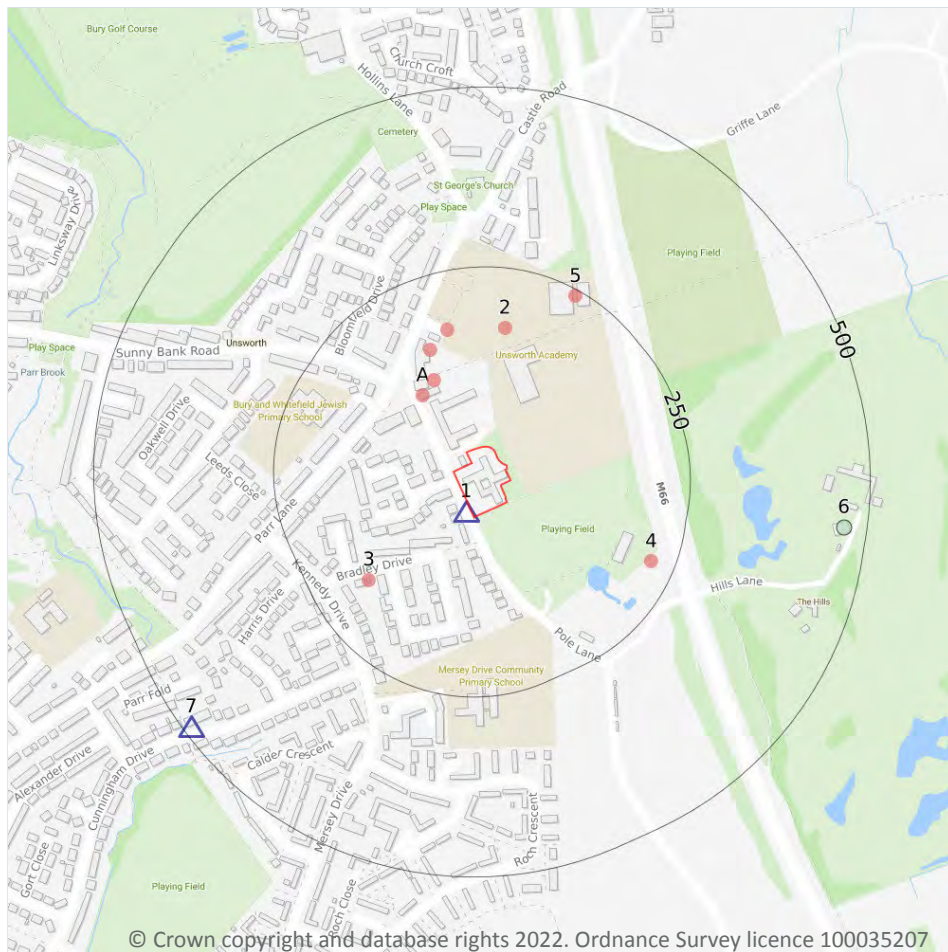
ID	Location	Site	Reference	Category	Sub-Category	Description
A	435m N	13, CASTLE ROAD, BURY, BL9 8JL	WEX225533	Using waste exemption	On a farm	Use of waste in construction

ID	Location	Site	Reference	Category	Sub-Category	Description
A	435m N	13, CASTLE ROAD, BURY, BL9 8JL	WEX225533	Using waste exemption	On a farm	Use of waste for a specified purpose
A	435m N	13, CASTLE ROAD, BURY, BL9 8JL	WEX225533	Disposing of waste exemption	On a farm	Deposit of waste from dredging of inland waters
A	435m N	13, CASTLE ROAD, BURY, BL9 8JL	WEX225533	Disposing of waste exemption	On a farm	Burning waste in the open
A	435m N	13, CASTLE ROAD, BURY, BL9 8JL	WEX225533	Storing waste exemption	On a farm	Storage of waste in secure containers
A	435m N	13, CASTLE ROAD, BURY, BL9 8JL	WEX225533	Storing waste exemption	On a farm	Storage of waste in a secure place
1	455m SW	Mersey Drive Community Primary School Mersey Drive Whitefield M45 8LN	EPR/GH0319Q T/A001	Storing waste exemption	Non-Agricultural Waste Only	Storage of waste in a secure place

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



4 Current industrial land use



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Recent industrial land uses
- △ Current or recent petrol stations
- Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW)

4.1 Recent industrial land uses

Records within 250m

8

Current potentially contaminative industrial sites.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on **page 25**

ID	Location	Company	Address	Activity	Category
A	100m NW	Atkins Beds	Pole Court, Pole Lane, Bury, Greater Manchester, BL9 8QD	Beds and Bedding	Consumer Products
A	110m NW	Electricity Sub Station	Greater Manchester, BL9	Electrical Features	Infrastructure and Facilities
A	151m N	Electricity Sub Station	Greater Manchester, BL9	Electrical Features	Infrastructure and Facilities



ID	Location	Company	Address	Activity	Category
2	167m N	Chimney	Greater Manchester, BL9	Chimneys	Industrial Features
A	170m N	Electricity Sub Station	Greater Manchester, BL9	Electrical Features	Infrastructure and Facilities
3	170m SW	Electricity Sub Station	Greater Manchester, BL9	Electrical Features	Infrastructure and Facilities
4	217m E	Mast (Telecommunication)	Greater Manchester, BL9	Telecommunications Features	Infrastructure and Facilities
5	241m NE	Chimney	Greater Manchester, BL9	Chimneys	Industrial Features

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey.

4.2 Current or recent petrol stations

Records within 500m	2
----------------------------	----------

Open, closed, under development and obsolete petrol stations.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on **page 25**

ID	Location	Company	Address	LPG	Status
1	7m SW	OBSOLETE	Parr Lane, Unsworth, Bury, Greater Manchester, BL9 8JN	Not Applicable	Obsolete
7	489m SW	OBSOLETE	Parr Lane, Unsworth, Bury, Greater Manchester, BL9 8LZ	Not Applicable	Obsolete

This data is sourced from Experian.

4.3 Electricity cables

Records within 500m	0
----------------------------	----------

High voltage underground electricity transmission cables.

This data is sourced from National Grid.

4.4 Gas pipelines

Records within 500m	0
---------------------	---

High pressure underground gas transmission pipelines.

This data is sourced from National Grid.

4.5 Sites determined as Contaminated Land

Records within 500m	0
---------------------	---

Contaminated Land Register of sites designated under Part 2a of the Environmental Protection Act 1990.

This data is sourced from Local Authority records.

4.6 Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH)

Records within 500m	0
---------------------	---

Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) sites. This data includes upper and lower tier sites, and includes a historical archive of COMAH sites and Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS) records.

This data is sourced from the Health and Safety Executive.

4.7 Regulated explosive sites

Records within 500m	0
---------------------	---

Sites registered and licensed by the Health and Safety Executive under the Manufacture and Storage of Explosives Regulations 2005 (MSER). The last update to this data was in April 2011.

This data is sourced from the Health and Safety Executive.

4.8 Hazardous substance storage/usage

Records within 500m	0
---------------------	---

Consents granted for a site to hold certain quantities of hazardous substances at or above defined limits in accordance with the Planning (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2015.

This data is sourced from Local Authority records.

4.9 Historical licensed industrial activities (IPC)

Records within 500m

0

Integrated Pollution Control (IPC) records of substance releases to air, land and water. This data represents a historical archive as the IPC regime has been superseded.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.10 Licensed industrial activities (Part A(1))

Records within 500m

0

Records of Part A(1) installations regulated under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 for the release of substances to the environment.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.11 Licensed pollutant release (Part A(2)/B)

Records within 500m

0

Records of Part A(2) and Part B installations regulated under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 for the release of substances to the environment.

This data is sourced from Local Authority records.

4.12 Radioactive Substance Authorisations

Records within 500m

0

Records of the storage, use, accumulation and disposal of radioactive substances regulated under the Radioactive Substances Act 1993.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.13 Licensed Discharges to controlled waters

Records within 500m

0

Discharges of treated or untreated effluent to controlled waters under the Water Resources Act 1991.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



4.14 Pollutant release to surface waters (Red List)

Records within 500m**0**

Discharges of specified substances under the Environmental Protection (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations 1991.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.15 Pollutant release to public sewer

Records within 500m**0**

Discharges of Special Category Effluents to the public sewer.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.16 List 1 Dangerous Substances

Records within 500m**0**

Discharges of substances identified on List I of European Directive E 2006/11/EC, and regulated under the Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations 2015.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.17 List 2 Dangerous Substances

Records within 500m**0**

Discharges of substances identified on List II of European Directive E 2006/11/EC, and regulated under the Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations 2015.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.18 Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW)

Records within 500m**1**

Records of substantiated pollution incidents. Since 2006 this data has only included category 1 (major) and 2 (significant) pollution incidents.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on **page 25**

ID	Location	Details	
6	467m E	Incident Date: 22/10/2002 Incident Identification: 116201 Pollutant: Sewage Materials Pollutant Description: Final Effluent	Water Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Land Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Air Impact: Category 4 (No Impact)

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.19 Pollution inventory substances

Records within 500m	0
----------------------------	----------

The pollution inventory (substances) includes reporting on annual emissions of certain regulated substances to air, controlled waters and land. A reporting threshold for each substance is also included. Where emissions fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.

4.20 Pollution inventory waste transfers

Records within 500m	0
----------------------------	----------

The pollution inventory (waste transfers) includes reporting on annual transfers and recovery/disposal of controlled wastes from a site. A reporting threshold for each waste type is also included. Where releases fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.

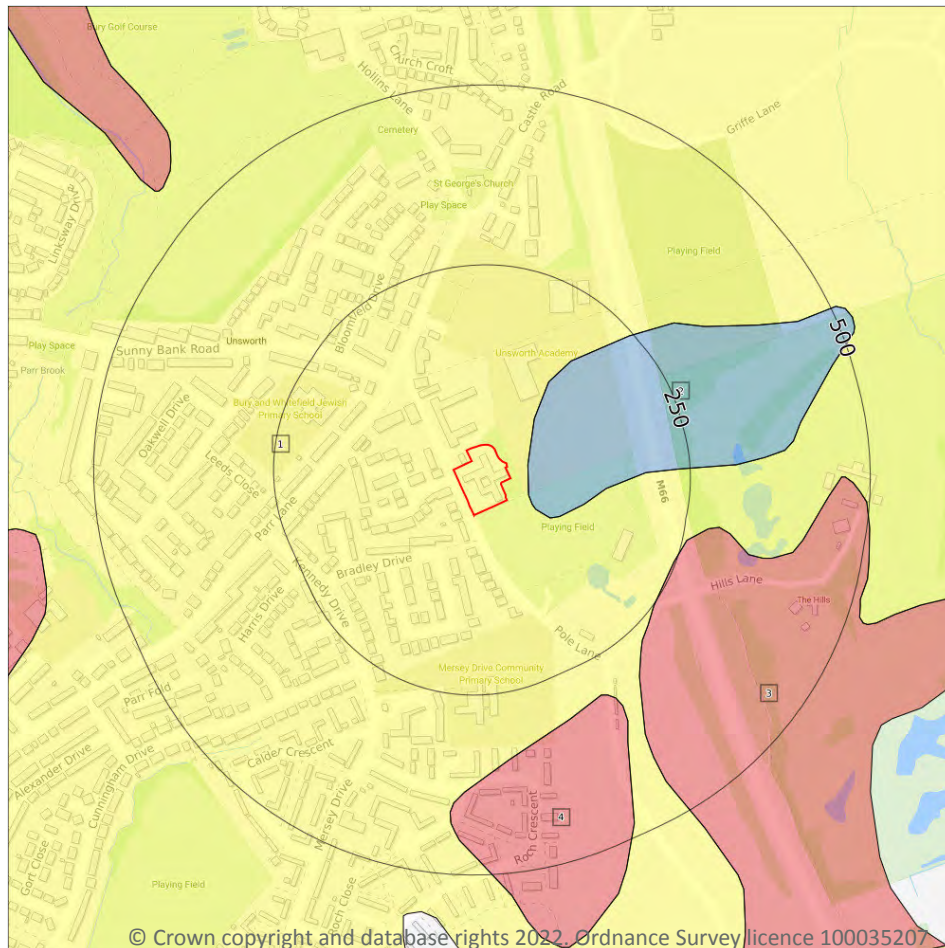
4.21 Pollution inventory radioactive waste

Records within 500m	0
----------------------------	----------

The pollution inventory (radioactive wastes) includes reporting on annual releases of radioactive substances from a site, including the means of release. Where releases fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.

5 Hydrogeology - Superficial aquifer



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Principal
 - Secondary A
 - Secondary B
 - Secondary Undifferentiated
 - Unproductive
 - Unknown

5.1 Superficial aquifer

Records within 500m

4

Aquifer status of groundwater held within superficial geology.

Features are displayed on the Hydrogeology map on **page 31**

ID	Location	Designation	Description
1	On site	Secondary Undifferentiated	Assigned where it is not possible to attribute either category A or B to a rock type. In general these layers have previously been designated as both minor and non-aquifer in different locations due to the variable characteristics of the rock type
2	25m E	Unproductive	These are rock layers or drift deposits with low permeability that have negligible significance for water supply or river base flow

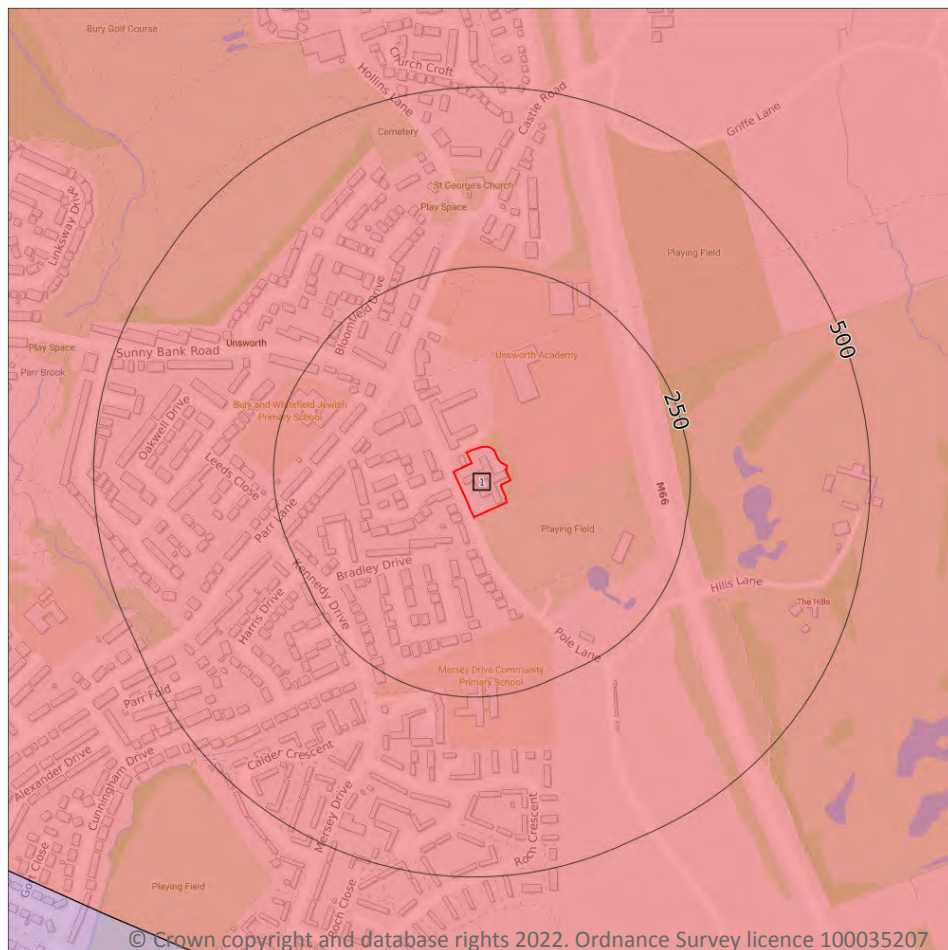


ID	Location	Designation	Description
3	247m SE	Secondary A	Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers
4	301m SE	Secondary A	Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



Bedrock aquifer



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Principal
 - Secondary A
 - Secondary B
 - Secondary Undifferentiated
 - Unproductive

5.2 Bedrock aquifer

Records within 500m

1

Aquifer status of groundwater held within bedrock geology.

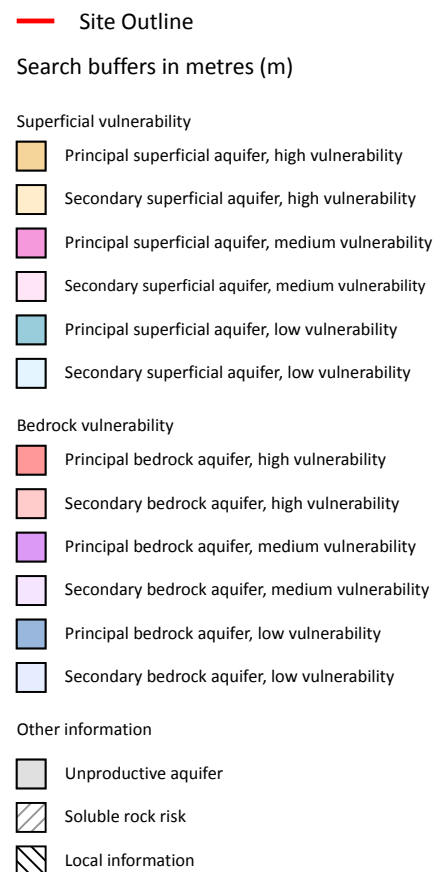
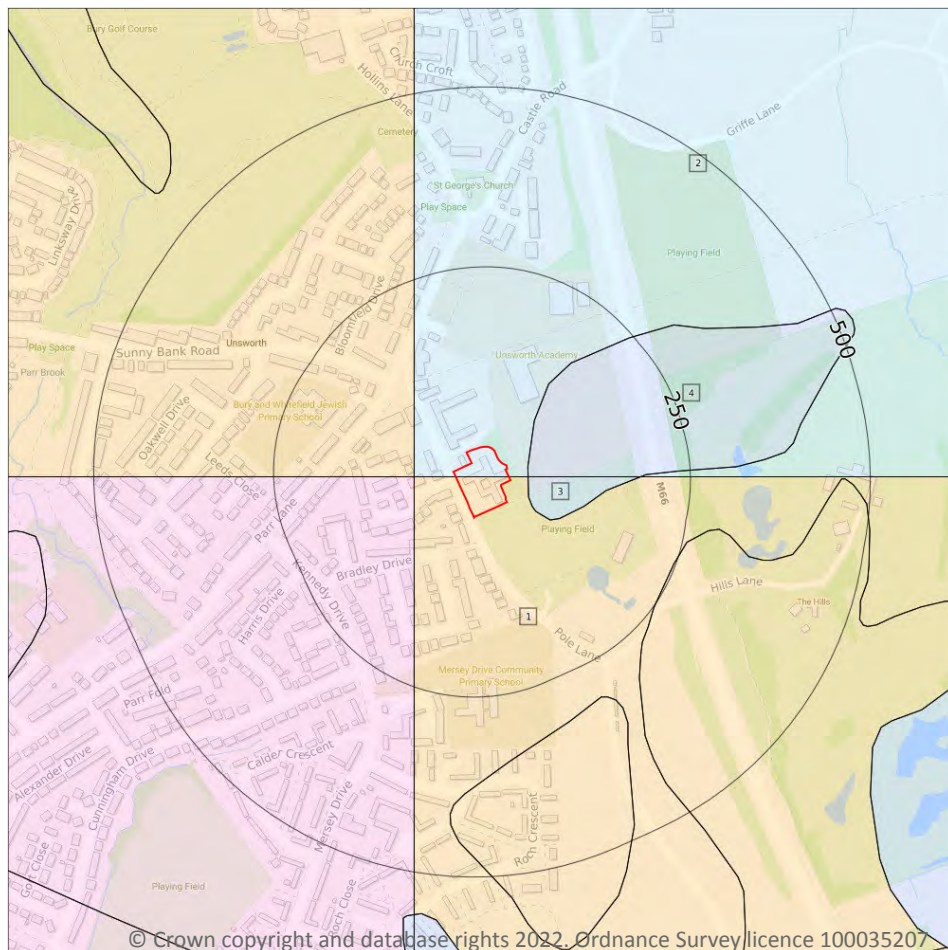
Features are displayed on the Bedrock aquifer map on **page 33**

ID	Location	Designation	Description
1	On site	Secondary A	Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



Groundwater vulnerability



5.3 Groundwater vulnerability

Records within 50m

4

An assessment of the vulnerability of groundwater to a pollutant discharged at ground level based on the hydrological, geological, hydrogeological and soil properties within a one kilometre square grid. Groundwater vulnerability is described as High, Medium or Low as follows:

- High - Areas able to easily transmit pollution to groundwater. They are likely to be characterised by high leaching soils and the absence of low permeability superficial deposits.
- Medium - Intermediate between high and low vulnerability.
- Low - Areas that provide the greatest protection from pollution. They are likely to be characterised by low leaching soils and/or the presence of superficial deposits characterised by a low permeability.

Features are displayed on the Groundwater vulnerability map on **page 34**



ID	Location	Summary	Soil / surface	Superficial geology	Bedrock geology
1	On site	Summary Classification: Secondary superficial aquifer - High Vulnerability Combined classification: Productive Bedrock Aquifer, Productive Superficial Aquifer	Leaching class: High Infiltration value: >70% Dilution value: >550mm/year	Vulnerability: High Aquifer type: Secondary Thickness: >10m Patchiness value: >90% Recharge potential: Low	Vulnerability: Low Aquifer type: Secondary Flow mechanism: Well connected fractures
2	On site	Summary Classification: Secondary superficial aquifer - Low Vulnerability Combined classification: Productive Bedrock Aquifer, Productive Superficial Aquifer	Leaching class: Low Infiltration value: <40% Dilution value: >550mm/year	Vulnerability: Low Aquifer type: Secondary Thickness: >10m Patchiness value: >90% Recharge potential: Low	Vulnerability: Low Aquifer type: Secondary Flow mechanism: Well connected fractures
3	24m E	Summary Classification: Secondary bedrock aquifer - Low Vulnerability Combined classification: Productive Bedrock Aquifer, Unproductive Superficial Aquifer	Leaching class: High Infiltration value: >70% Dilution value: >550mm/year	Vulnerability: Unproductive Aquifer type: Unproductive Thickness: >10m Patchiness value: >90% Recharge potential: Low	Vulnerability: Low Aquifer type: Secondary Flow mechanism: Well connected fractures
4	24m E	Summary Classification: Secondary bedrock aquifer - Low Vulnerability Combined classification: Productive Bedrock Aquifer, Unproductive Superficial Aquifer	Leaching class: Low Infiltration value: <40% Dilution value: >550mm/year	Vulnerability: Unproductive Aquifer type: Unproductive Thickness: >10m Patchiness value: >90% Recharge potential: Low	Vulnerability: Low Aquifer type: Secondary Flow mechanism: Well connected fractures

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.4 Groundwater vulnerability- soluble rock risk

Records on site

0

This dataset identifies areas where solution features that enable rapid movement of a pollutant may be present within a 1km grid square.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.



5.5 Groundwater vulnerability- local information

Records on site

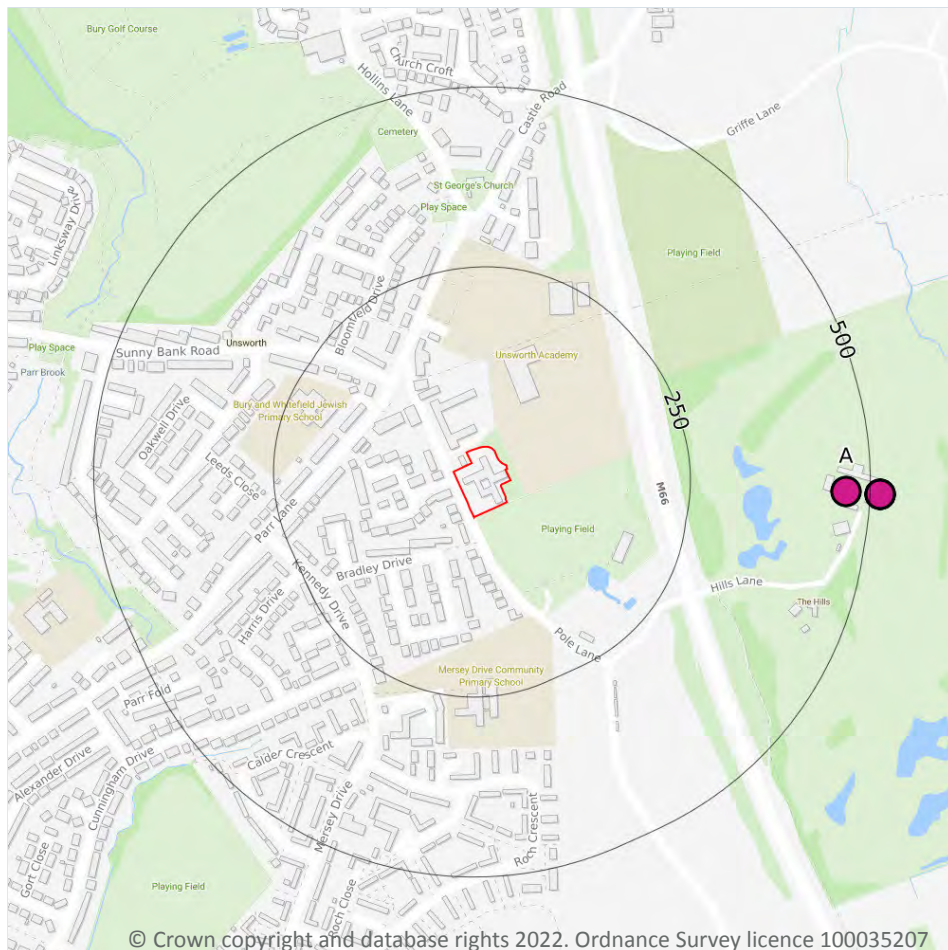
0

This dataset identifies areas where additional local information affecting vulnerability is held by the Environment Agency. Further information can be obtained by contacting the Environment Agency local Area groundwater team through the Environment Agency National Customer Call Centre on 03798 506 506 or by email on enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.



Abstractions and Source Protection Zones



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)**
- Source Protection Zone 1
Inner catchment
- Source Protection Zone 2
Outer catchment
- Source Protection Zone 3
Total catchment
- Source Protection Zone 4
Zone of Special Interest
- Source Protection Zone 1c
Inner catchment - confined aquifer
- Source Protection Zone 2c
Outer catchment - confined aquifer
- Source Protection Zone 3c
Total catchment - confined aquifer
- Drinking water abstraction licences
Polygon features
- Drinking water abstraction licences
Linear features
- Groundwater abstraction licence (point)
- Groundwater abstraction licence (area)
- Groundwater abstraction licence (linear)
- Surface Water Abstractions (point)
- Surface Water Abstractions (area)
- Surface Water Abstractions (linear)

5.6 Groundwater abstractions

Records within 2000m

22

Licensed groundwater abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, between two points (line data) or a larger area.

Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on **page 37**



ID	Location	Details	
A	466m E	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002273 Details: General Use Relating To Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT HILLS LANE UNSWORTH BURY Data Type: Point Name: MR R MONAGHAN MR H ADAMS MR G RYAN MR P BRADLEY Easting: 382600 Northing: 406980	Annual Volume (m ³): 8000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 100 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 08/07/2005 Expiry Date: 31/03/2014 Issue No: 3 Version Start Date: 21/12/2007 Version End Date: -
A	466m E	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002273 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT HILLS LANE UNSWORTH BURY Data Type: Point Name: MR R MONAGHAN MR H ADAMS MR G RYAN MR P BRADLEY Easting: 382600 Northing: 406980	Annual Volume (m ³): 8000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 100 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 08/07/2005 Expiry Date: 31/03/2014 Issue No: 3 Version Start Date: 21/12/2007 Version End Date: -
A	513m E	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002273 Details: General Use Relating To Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT HILLS LANE UNSWORTH BURY Data Type: Point Name: MR RAY MONAGHAN MR HARRY ADAMS MR GED RYAN MR PAUL BRADLEY Easting: 382647 Northing: 406975	Annual Volume (m ³): 8000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 100 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 08/07/2005 Expiry Date: 31/03/2014 Issue No: 3 Version Start Date: 21/12/2007 Version End Date: -
A	513m E	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002273 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT HILLS LANE UNSWORTH BURY Data Type: Point Name: MR RAY MONAGHAN MR HARRY ADAMS MR GED RYAN MR PAUL BRADLEY Easting: 382647 Northing: 406975	Annual Volume (m ³): 8000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 100 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 08/07/2005 Expiry Date: 31/03/2014 Issue No: 3 Version Start Date: 21/12/2007 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
A	513m E	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002273R01 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT HILLS LANE UNSWORTH BURY Data Type: Point Name: MR RAY MONAGHAN MR HARRY ADAMS MR GED RYAN MR PAUL BRADLEY Easting: 382647 Northing: 406975	Annual Volume (m ³): 8000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 100 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/04/2014 Expiry Date: 31/03/2027 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2014 Version End Date: -
A	513m E	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002273R01 Details: General Use Relating To Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT HILLS LANE UNSWORTH BURY Data Type: Point Name: MR RAY MONAGHAN MR HARRY ADAMS MR GED RYAN MR PAUL BRADLEY Easting: 382647 Northing: 406975	Annual Volume (m ³): 8000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 100 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/04/2014 Expiry Date: 31/03/2027 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2014 Version End Date: -
A	513m E	Status: Active Licence No: 2569002273/R01 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT HILLS LANE UNSWORTH BURY Data Type: Point Name: MR RAY MONAGHAN MR HARRY ADAMS MR GED RYAN MR PAUL BRADLEY Easting: 382647 Northing: 406975	Annual Volume (m ³): 8,000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 200 Original Application No: NPS/WR/012614 Original Start Date: 01/04/2014 Expiry Date: 31/03/2027 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2014 Version End Date: -
A	513m E	Status: Active Licence No: 2569002273/R01 Details: General Use Relating To Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT HILLS LANE UNSWORTH BURY Data Type: Point Name: MR RAY MONAGHAN MR HARRY ADAMS MR GED RYAN MR PAUL BRADLEY Easting: 382647 Northing: 406975	Annual Volume (m ³): 8,000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 200 Original Application No: NPS/WR/012614 Original Start Date: 01/04/2014 Expiry Date: 31/03/2027 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2014 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1271m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002264 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "A BOREHOLE AT BURY GOLF CLUB, BLACKFORD BRIDGE, BURY" Data Type: Point Name: BURY GOLF CLUB Easting: 380970 Northing: 407670	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/04/1997 Expiry Date: 16-Apr-07 Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 17/04/1997 Version End Date: -
-	1271m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002264 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: A BOREHOLE AT BURY GOLF CLUB, BLACKFORD BRIDGE, BURY Data Type: Point Name: RAYMOND ADAMS Easting: 380970 Northing: 407670	Annual Volume (m ³): 9000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 55 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/04/1997 Expiry Date: 16/04/2007 Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 27/01/2004 Version End Date: 16/04/2007
-	1271m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002264R1 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: A BOREHOLE AT BURY GOLF CLUB, BLACKFORD BRIDGE, BURY Data Type: Point Name: RAYMOND ADAMS Easting: 380970 Northing: 407670	Annual Volume (m ³): 7000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 50 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/06/2007 Expiry Date: 31/03/2015 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2008 Version End Date: -
-	1278m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002264R1 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: A BOREHOLE AT BURY GOLF CLUB, BLACKFORD BRIDGE, BURY Data Type: Point Name: RAYMOND ADAMS Easting: 380963 Northing: 407673	Annual Volume (m ³): 7000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 50 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/06/2007 Expiry Date: 31/03/2015 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2008 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1278m NW	Status: Active Licence No: 2569002264R02 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: A BOREHOLE AT BURY GOLF CLUB, BLACKFORD BRIDGE, BURY Data Type: Point Name: Bury Golf Club Limited Easting: 380963 Northing: 407673	Annual Volume (m ³): 7,000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 50 Original Application No: NPS/WR/016967 Original Start Date: 01/04/2015 Expiry Date: 31/03/2027 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2015 Version End Date: -
-	1347m SW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569004042 Details: Process water Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "BOREHOLE AT PREMISES, STANLEY ROAD, WHITEFIELD" Data Type: Point Name: DANISH BACON INDEPENDENT DBI LTD Easting: 380900 Northing: 406300	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 18/07/1973 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 01/07/1986 Version End Date: -
-	1347m SW	Status: Active Licence No: 2569004042 Details: Process Water Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT PREMISES, STANLEY ROAD, WHITEFIELD Data Type: Point Name: DANISH CROWN UK LIMITED Easting: 380900 Northing: 406300	Annual Volume (m ³): 7,000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 21 Original Application No: 2396B Original Start Date: 18/07/1973 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 102 Version Start Date: 01/04/2008 Version End Date: -
-	1635m N	Status: Active Licence No: NW/069/0002/013 Details: Dewatering Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: SUMP 'B' AT PILSWORTH LANDFILL SITE, PILSWORTH ROAD, BURY Data Type: Poly4 Name: Viridor Waste Management Ltd Easting: 383250 Northing: 409380	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: NPS/NA/001648 Original Start Date: 31/03/2021 Expiry Date: 31/03/2027 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 31/03/2021 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1709m N	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002272 Details: "Drinking, Cooking, Sanitary, Washing, (Small Garden) - Commercial/Industrial/Public Services" Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "BOREHOLE AT PREMISES, PILSWORTH, BURY" Data Type: Point Name: CASTLEBROOK WATER CO. LTD Easting: 381680 Northing: 408700	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 10/04/2000 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 3 Version Start Date: 10/09/2002 Version End Date: -
-	1709m N	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002272 Details: Drinking, Cooking, Sanitary, Washing, (Small Garden) - Commercial/Industrial/Public Services Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT PREMISES, PILSWORTH, BURY Data Type: Point Name: CASTLEBROOK WATER CO. LTD Easting: 381680 Northing: 408700	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 10/04/2000 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 3 Version Start Date: 10/09/2002 Version End Date: -
-	1722m W	Status: Historical Licence No: NW/069/0004/004 Details: Drinking, Cooking, Sanitary, Washing, (Small Garden) - Commercial/Industrial/Public Services Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT WHITEFIELD, MANCHESTER Data Type: Point Name: Total Fitness Health Clubs Limited Easting: 380450 Northing: 406381	Annual Volume (m ³): 24,000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 166 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 29/01/2014 Expiry Date: 31/03/2020 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 29/01/2014 Version End Date: -
-	1722m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569004056 Details: Drinking, Cooking, Sanitary, Washing, (Small Garden) - Commercial/Industrial/Public Services Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: LAND AT TOTAL FITNESS, BURY NEW ROAD, WHITEFIELD, BURY Data Type: Point Name: TOTAL FITNESS UK LTD Easting: 380450 Northing: 406380	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: 31/03/2011 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 17/02/2005 Version End Date: -

ID	Location	Details	
-	1722m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569004056 Details: Drinking, Cooking, Sanitary, Washing, (Small Garden) - Commercial/Industrial/Public Services Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: LAND AT TOTAL FITNESS BURY NEW ROAD WHITEFIELD BURY Data Type: Point Name: TOTAL FITNESS UK LTD Easting: 380450 Northing: 406380	Annual Volume (m ³): 24000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 166 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/02/2005 Expiry Date: 31/03/2011 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 17/02/2005 Version End Date: -
-	1863m N	Status: Active Licence No: NW/069/0002/013 Details: Dewatering Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: SUMP 'A' AT PILSWORTH LANDFILL SITE, PILSWORTH ROAD, BURY Data Type: Point Name: Viridor Waste Management Ltd Easting: 382340 Northing: 408890	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: NPS/NA/001648 Original Start Date: 31/03/2021 Expiry Date: 31/03/2027 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 31/03/2021 Version End Date: -

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.7 Surface water abstractions

Records within 2000m

9

Licensed surface water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on **page 37**

ID	Location	Details	
-	947m SW	Status: Historical Licence No: NW/069/0004/002 Details: Process Water Direct Source: Surface, Non-Tidal - North West Region Point: POINT "C" ON WHITFIELD BROOK Data Type: Point Name: Onsite Central Limited Easting: 381610 Northing: 406123	Annual Volume (m ³): 0.001 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 0.001 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/11/2011 Expiry Date: 27/11/2011 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/11/2011 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1161m S	Status: Historical Licence No: NW/069/0004/002 Details: Process Water Direct Source: Surface, Non-Tidal - North West Region Point: POINT "B"ON WHITEFIELD BROOKE WHITEFIELD, MANCHESTER Data Type: Point Name: Onsite Central Limited Easting: 381829 Northing: 405811	Annual Volume (m ³): 0.001 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 0.001 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/11/2011 Expiry Date: 27/11/2011 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/11/2011 Version End Date: -
-	1290m S	Status: Historical Licence No: NW/069/0004/002 Details: Process Water Direct Source: Surface, Non-Tidal - North West Region Point: POINT "A"WHITEFIELD BROOK AT WHITEFIELD, MANCHESTER Data Type: Point Name: Onsite Central Limited Easting: 382063 Northing: 405654	Annual Volume (m ³): 0.001 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 0.001 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/11/2011 Expiry Date: 27/11/2011 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/11/2011 Version End Date: -
-	1319m N	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002088 Details: General Cooling (Existing Licences Only) (Low Loss) Direct Source: "Surface, Non-Tidal - North West Region" Point: "BRIGHTLEY& WHITTLE BRKS @ THEIR CONFLUENCE, ABOVE WEIR, BURY" Data Type: Point Name: BORDEN CHEMICAL U K LTD Easting: 382500 Northing: 408300	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 16/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 16/05/1996 Version End Date: -
-	1319m N	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002088 Details: General Washing/Process Washing Direct Source: "Surface, Non-Tidal - North West Region" Point: "BRIGHTLEY& WHITTLE BRKS @ THEIR CONFLUENCE, ABOVE WEIR, BURY" Data Type: Point Name: BORDEN CHEMICAL U K LTD Easting: 382500 Northing: 408300	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 16/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 16/05/1996 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1319m N	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002088 Details: Process water Direct Source: "Surface, Non-Tidal - North West Region" Point: "BRIGHTLEY& WHITTLE BRKS @ THEIR CONFLUENCE, ABOVE WEIR, BURY" Data Type: Point Name: BORDEN CHEMICAL U K LTD Easting: 382500 Northing: 408300	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 16/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 16/05/1996 Version End Date: -
-	1319m N	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002088 Details: General Cooling (Existing Licences Only) (Low Loss) Direct Source: Surface, Non-Tidal - North West Region Point: BRIGHTLEY& WHITTLE BRKS @ THEIR CONFLUENCE, ABOVE WEIR, BURY Data Type: Point Name: HEXION SPECIALITY CHEMICALS UK TD Easting: 382500 Northing: 408300	Annual Volume (m ³): 118198 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 681.9 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 16/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 01/07/2005 Version End Date: -
-	1319m N	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002088 Details: General Washing/Process Washing Direct Source: Surface, Non-Tidal - North West Region Point: BRIGHTLEY& WHITTLE BRKS @ THEIR CONFLUENCE, ABOVE WEIR, BURY Data Type: Point Name: HEXION SPECIALITY CHEMICALS UK TD Easting: 382500 Northing: 408300	Annual Volume (m ³): 118198 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 681.9 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 16/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 01/07/2005 Version End Date: -
-	1319m N	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002088 Details: Process Water Direct Source: Surface, Non-Tidal - North West Region Point: BRIGHTLEY& WHITTLE BRKS @ THEIR CONFLUENCE, ABOVE WEIR, BURY Data Type: Point Name: HEXION SPECIALITY CHEMICALS UK TD Easting: 382500 Northing: 408300	Annual Volume (m ³): 118198 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 681.9 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 16/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 01/07/2005 Version End Date: -

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



5.8 Potable abstractions

Records within 2000m

5

Licensed potable water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on **page 37**

ID	Location	Details	
-	1709m N	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002272 Details: "Drinking, Cooking, Sanitary, Washing, (Small Garden) - Commercial/Industrial/Public Services" Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "BOREHOLE AT PREMISES, PILSWORTH, BURY" Data Type: Point Name: CASTLEBROOK WATER CO. LTD Easting: 381680 Northing: 408700	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 10/04/2000 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 3 Version Start Date: 10/09/2002 Version End Date: -
-	1709m N	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569002272 Details: Drinking, Cooking, Sanitary, Washing, (Small Garden) - Commercial/Industrial/Public Services Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT PREMISES, PILSWORTH, BURY Data Type: Point Name: CASTLEBROOK WATER CO. LTD Easting: 381680 Northing: 408700	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 10/04/2000 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 3 Version Start Date: 10/09/2002 Version End Date: -
-	1722m W	Status: Historical Licence No: NW/069/0004/004 Details: Drinking, Cooking, Sanitary, Washing, (Small Garden) - Commercial/Industrial/Public Services Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT WHITEFIELD, MANCHESTER Data Type: Point Name: Total Fitness Health Clubs Limited Easting: 380450 Northing: 406381	Annual Volume (m ³): 24,000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 166 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 29/01/2014 Expiry Date: 31/03/2020 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 29/01/2014 Version End Date: -

ID	Location	Details	
-	1722m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569004056 Details: Drinking, Cooking, Sanitary, Washing, (Small Garden) - Commercial/Industrial/Public Services Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: LAND AT TOTAL FITNESS, BURY NEW ROAD, WHITEFIELD, BURY Data Type: Point Name: TOTAL FITNESS UK LTD Easting: 380450 Northing: 406380	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: 31/03/2011 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 17/02/2005 Version End Date: -
-	1722m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569004056 Details: Drinking, Cooking, Sanitary, Washing, (Small Garden) - Commercial/Industrial/Public Services Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: LAND AT TOTAL FITNESS BURY NEW ROAD WHITEFIELD BURY Data Type: Point Name: TOTAL FITNESS UK LTD Easting: 380450 Northing: 406380	Annual Volume (m ³): 24000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 166 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/02/2005 Expiry Date: 31/03/2011 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 17/02/2005 Version End Date: -

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.9 Source Protection Zones

Records within 500m	0
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Source Protection Zones define the sensitivity of an area around a potable abstraction site to contamination.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

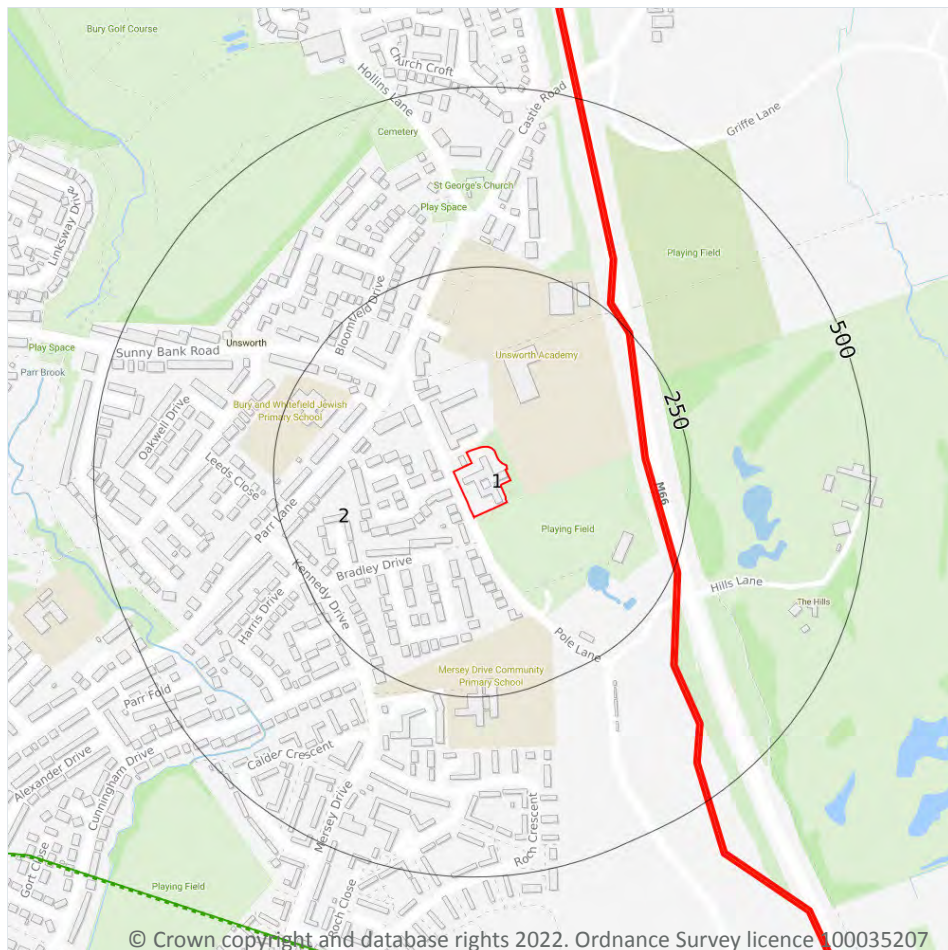
5.10 Source Protection Zones (confined aquifer)

Records within 500m	0
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Source Protection Zones in the confined aquifer define the sensitivity around a deep groundwater abstraction to contamination. A confined aquifer would normally be protected from contamination by overlying geology and is only considered a sensitive resource if deep excavation/drilling is taking place.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

6 Hydrology



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Water Network (OS MasterMap)
- Surface water features (wider than 5m)
- Surface water features (narrower than 5m)
- ⋯ WFD River, canal and surface water transfer water bodies
- WFD Lake water bodies
- WFD Transitional and coastal water bodies
- WFD Surface water body catchments boundaries
- WFD Groundwater body boundaries

6.1 Water Network (OS MasterMap)

Records within 250m

0

Detailed water network of Great Britain showing the flow and precise central course of every river, stream, lake and canal.

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

6.2 Surface water features

Records within 250m

2

Covering rivers, streams and lakes (some overlap with OS MasterMap Water Network data in previous section) but additionally covers smaller features such as ponds. Rivers and streams narrower than 5m are represented as a single line. Lakes, ponds and rivers or streams wider than 5m are represented as polygons.



Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 48**

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

6.3 WFD Surface water body catchments

Records on site	1
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The Water Framework Directive is an EU-led framework for the protection of inland surface waters, estuaries, coastal waters and groundwater through river basin-level management planning. In terms of surface water, these basins are broken down into smaller units known as management, operational and water body catchments.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 48**

ID	Location	Type	Water body catchment	Water body ID	Operational catchment	Management catchment
2	On site	River	Roch (Spodden to Irwell)	GB112069064600	Roch Irk Medlock	Irwell

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

6.4 WFD Surface water bodies

Records identified	1
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Surface water bodies under the Directive may be rivers, lakes, estuary or coastal. To achieve the purpose of the Directive, environmental objectives have been set and are reported on for each water body. The progress towards delivery of the objectives is then reported on by the relevant competent authorities at the end of each six-year cycle. The river water body directly associated with the catchment listed in the previous section is detailed below, along with any lake, canal, coastal or artificial water body within 250m of the site. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each water body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 48**

ID	Location	Type	Name	Water body ID	Overall rating	Chemical rating	Ecological rating	Year
-	1488m NW	River	Roch (Spodden to Irwell)	GB112069064600	Moderate	Fail	Moderate	2019

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

6.5 WFD Groundwater bodies

Records on site

1

Groundwater bodies are also covered by the Directive and the same regime of objectives and reporting detailed in the previous section is in place. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each groundwater body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 48**

ID	Location	Name	Water body ID	Overall rating	Chemical rating	Quantitative	Year
1	On site	Northern Manchester Carboniferous Aquifers	<u>GB41202G101800</u>	Poor	Poor	Good	2019

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



7 River and coastal flooding

7.1 Risk of flooding from rivers and the sea

Records within 50m

0

The chance of flooding from rivers and/or the sea in any given year, based on cells of 50m within the Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea (RoFRaS)/Flood Risk Assessment Wales (FRAW) models. Each cell is allocated one of four flood risk categories, taking into account flood defences and their condition. The risk categories for RoFRaS for rivers and the sea and FRAW for rivers are; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 100 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 100 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance). The risk categories for FRAW for the sea are; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 200 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 200 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance).

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.2 Historical Flood Events

Records within 250m

0

Records of historic flooding from rivers, the sea, groundwater and surface water. Records began in 1946 when predecessor bodies started collecting detailed information about flooding incidents, although limited details may be included on flooding incidents prior to this date. Takes into account the presence of defences, structures, and other infrastructure where they existed at the time of flooding, and includes flood extents that may have been affected by overtopping, breaches or blockages.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.3 Flood Defences

Records within 250m

0

Records of flood defences owned, managed or inspected by the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales. Flood defences can be structures, buildings or parts of buildings. Typically these are earth banks, stone and concrete walls, or sheet-piling that is used to prevent or control the extent of flooding.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.4 Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences

Records within 250m

0

Areas that would benefit from the presence of flood defences in a 1 in 100 (1%) chance of flooding each year from rivers or 1 in 200 (0.5%) chance of flooding each year from the sea.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.5 Flood Storage Areas

Records within 250m

0

Areas that act as a balancing reservoir, storage basin or balancing pond to attenuate an incoming flood peak to a flow level that can be accepted by the downstream channel or to delay the timing of a flood peak so that its volume is discharged over a longer period.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



River and coastal flooding - Flood Zones

7.6 Flood Zone 2

Records within 50m

0

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land between Flood Zone 3 (see next section) and the extent of the flooding from rivers or the sea with a 1 in 1000 (0.1%) chance of flooding each year.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.7 Flood Zone 3

Records within 50m

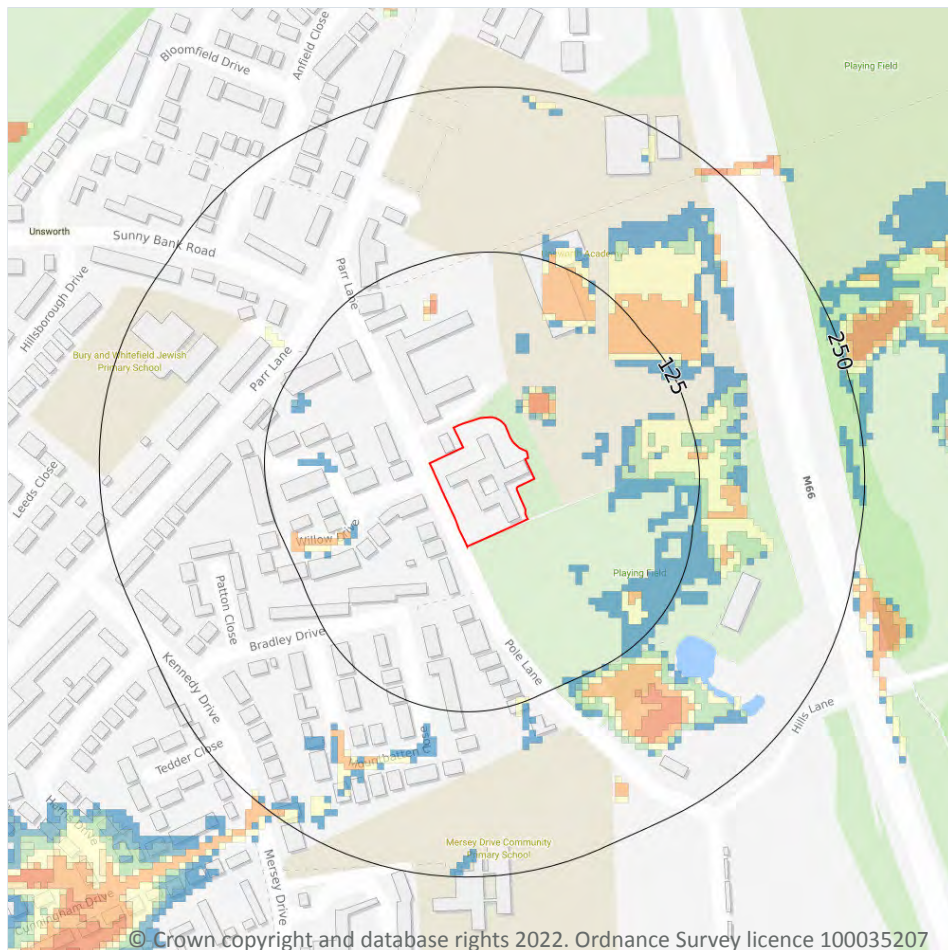
0

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land with a 1 in 100 (1%) or greater chance of flooding each year from rivers or a 1 in 200 (0.5%) or greater chance of flooding each year from the sea.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



8 Surface water flooding



— Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

1 in 1000 return period

- Depth between 0.1m - 0.3m
- Depth between 0.3m - 1.0m
- Depth greater than 1.0m

1 in 250 return period

- Depth between 0.1m - 0.3m
- Depth between 0.3m - 1.0m
- Depth greater than 1.0m

1 in 100 return period

- Depth between 0.1m - 0.3m
- Depth between 0.3m - 1.0m
- Depth greater than 1.0m

1 in 30 return period

- Depth between 0.1m - 0.3m
- Depth between 0.3m - 1.0m
- Depth greater than 1.0m

8.1 Surface water flooding

Highest risk on site

Negligible

Highest risk within 50m

1 in 30 year, 0.3m - 1.0m

Ambiental Risk Analytics surface water (pluvial) FloodMap identifies areas likely to flood as a result of extreme rainfall events, i.e. land naturally vulnerable to surface water ponding or flooding. This data set was produced by simulating 1 in 30 year, 1 in 100 year, 1 in 250 year and 1 in 1,000 year rainfall events. Modern urban drainage systems are typically built to cope with rainfall events between 1 in 20 and 1 in 30 years, though some older ones may flood in a 1 in 5 year rainfall event.

Features are displayed on the Surface water flooding map on **page 54**

The data shown on the map and in the table above shows the highest likelihood of flood events happening at the site. Lower likelihood events may have greater flood depths and hence a greater potential impact on a site.

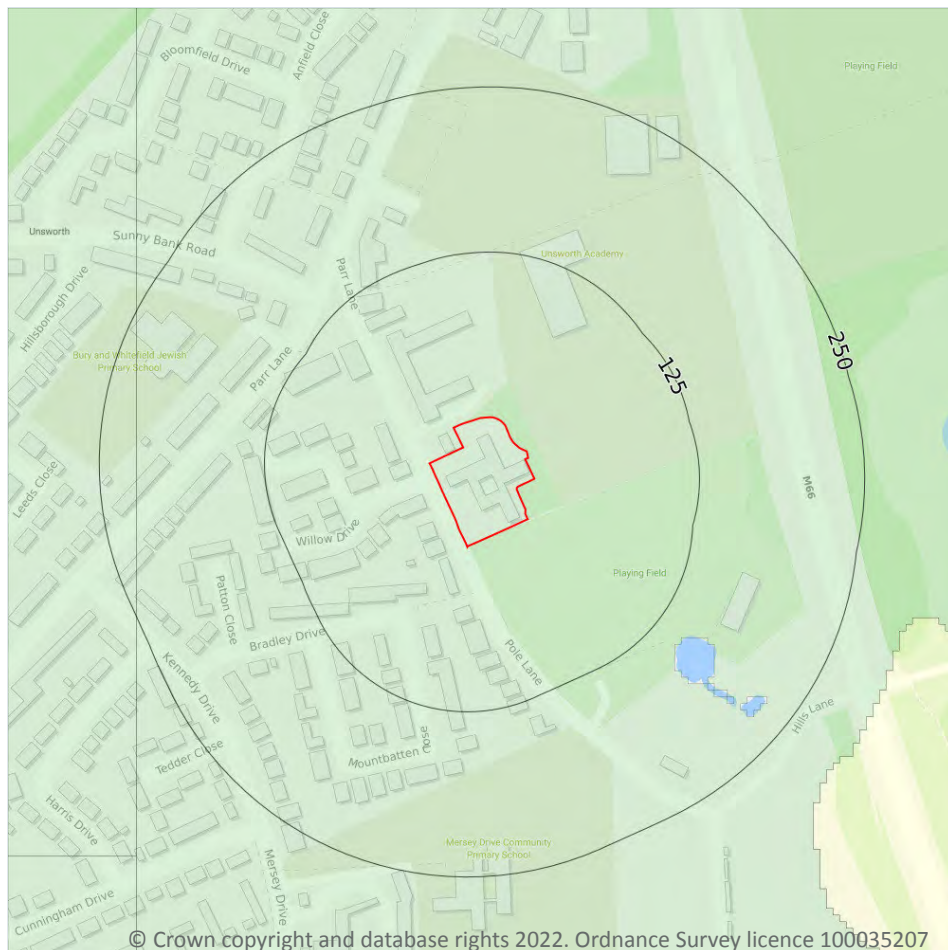
The table below shows the maximum flood depths for a range of return periods for the site.

Return period	Maximum modelled depth
1 in 1000 year	Between 0.1m and 0.3m
1 in 250 year	Negligible
1 in 100 year	Negligible
1 in 30 year	Negligible

This data is sourced from Ambiantal Risk Analytics.



9 Groundwater flooding



— Site Outline
Search buffers in metres (m)

- High
- Moderate - High
- Moderate
- Low
- Negligible

9.1 Groundwater flooding

Highest risk on site

Low

Highest risk within 50m

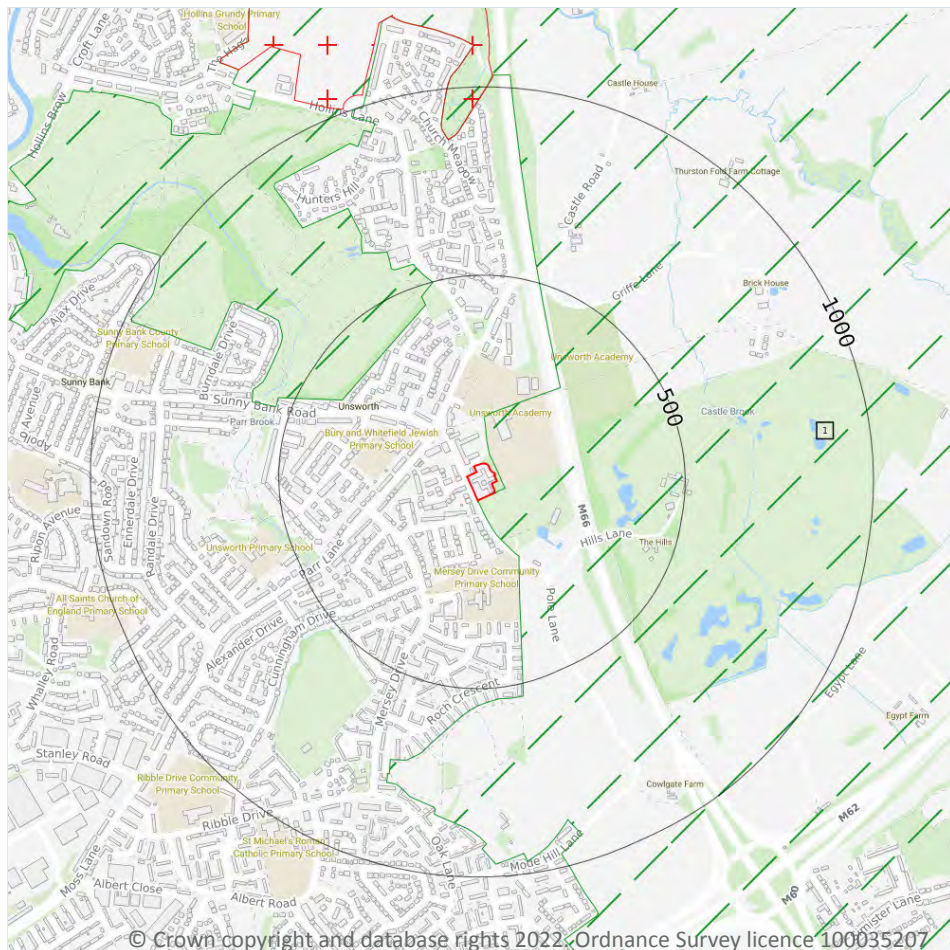
Low

Groundwater flooding is caused by unusually high groundwater levels. It occurs when the water table rises above the ground surface or within underground structures such as basements or cellars. Groundwater flooding tends to exhibit a longer duration than surface water flooding, possibly lasting for weeks or months, and as a result it can cause significant damage to property. This risk assessment is based on a 1 in 100 year return period and a 5m Digital Terrain Model (DTM).

Features are displayed on the Groundwater flooding map on **page 56**

This data is sourced from Ambiantal Risk Analytics.

10 Environmental designations



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- + Local Nature Reserves (LNR)
- ▨ Green Belt

10.1 Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites providing statutory protection for the best examples of UK flora, fauna, or geological or physiographical features. Originally notified under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949, SSSIs were re-notified under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. Improved provisions for the protection and management of SSSIs were introduced by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (in England and Wales) and (in Scotland) by the Nature Conservation (Scotland) Act 2004 and the Wildlife and Natural Environment (Scotland) Act 2010.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.2 Conserved wetland sites (Ramsar sites)

Records within 2000m**0**

Ramsar sites are designated under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, agreed in Ramsar, Iran, in 1971. They cover all aspects of wetland conservation and wise use, recognizing wetlands as ecosystems that are extremely important for biodiversity conservation in general and for the well-being of human communities. These sites cover a broad definition of wetland; marsh, fen, peatland or water, whether natural or artificial, permanent or temporary, with water that is static or flowing, fresh, brackish or salt, and even some marine areas.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.3 Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)

Records within 2000m**0**

Areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.4 Special Protection Areas (SPA)

Records within 2000m**0**

Sites classified by the UK Government under the EC Birds Directive, SPAs are areas of the most important habitat for rare (listed on Annex I to the Directive) and migratory birds within the European Union.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.5 National Nature Reserves (NNR)

Records within 2000m**0**

Sites containing examples of some of the most important natural and semi-natural terrestrial and coastal ecosystems in Great Britain. They are managed to conserve their habitats, provide special opportunities for scientific study or to provide public recreation compatible with natural heritage interests.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.6 Local Nature Reserves (LNR)

Records within 2000m

1

Sites managed for nature conservation, and to provide opportunities for research and education, or simply enjoying and having contact with nature. They are declared by local authorities under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 after consultation with the relevant statutory nature conservation agency.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on **page 57**

ID	Location	Name	Data source
2	865m N	Hollins Vale	Natural England

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.7 Designated Ancient Woodland

Records within 2000m

0

Ancient woodlands are classified as areas which have been wooded continuously since at least 1600 AD. This includes semi-natural woodland and plantations on ancient woodland sites. 'Wooded continuously' does not mean there is or has previously been continuous tree cover across the whole site, and not all trees within the woodland have to be old.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.8 Biosphere Reserves

Records within 2000m

0

Biosphere Reserves are internationally recognised by UNESCO as sites of excellence to balance conservation and socioeconomic development between nature and people. They are recognised under the Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme with the aim of promoting sustainable development founded on the work of the local community.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.9 Forest Parks

Records within 2000m

0

These are areas managed by the Forestry Commission designated on the basis of recreational, conservation or scenic interest.

This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.



10.10 Marine Conservation Zones

Records within 2000m

0

A type of marine nature reserve in UK waters established under the Marine and Coastal Access Act (2009). They are designated with the aim to protect nationally important, rare or threatened habitats and species.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.11 Green Belt

Records within 2000m

4

Areas designated to prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on **page 57**

ID	Location	Name	Local Authority name
1	On site	Merseyside and Greater Manchester	Bury
-	1431m NW	Merseyside and Greater Manchester	Bury
-	1590m E	Merseyside and Greater Manchester	Rochdale
-	1963m SE	Merseyside and Greater Manchester	Manchester

This data is sourced from the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government.

10.12 Proposed Ramsar sites

Records within 2000m

0

Ramsar sites are areas listed as a Wetland of International Importance under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance especially as Waterfowl Habitat (the Ramsar Convention) 1971. The sites here supplied have a status of 'Proposed' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.13 Possible Special Areas of Conservation (pSAC)

Records within 2000m

0

Special Areas of Conservation are areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Possible' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.



10.14 Potential Special Protection Areas (pSPA)

Records within 2000m

0

Special Protection Areas (SPAs) are areas designated (or 'classified') under the European Union Wild Birds Directive for the protection of nationally and internationally important populations of wild birds. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Potential' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.15 Nitrate Sensitive Areas

Records within 2000m

0

Areas where nitrate concentrations in drinking water sources exceeded or was at risk of exceeding the limit of 50 mg/l set by the 1980 EC Drinking Water Directive. Voluntary agricultural measures as a means of reducing the levels of nitrate were introduced by DEFRA as MAFF, with payments being made to farmers who complied. The scheme was started as a pilot in 1990 in ten areas, later implemented within 32 areas. The scheme was closed to further new entrants in 1998, although existing agreements continued for their full term. All Nitrate Sensitive Areas fell within the areas designated as Nitrate Vulnerable Zones (NVZs) in 1996 under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC).

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.16 Nitrate Vulnerable Zones

Records within 2000m

2

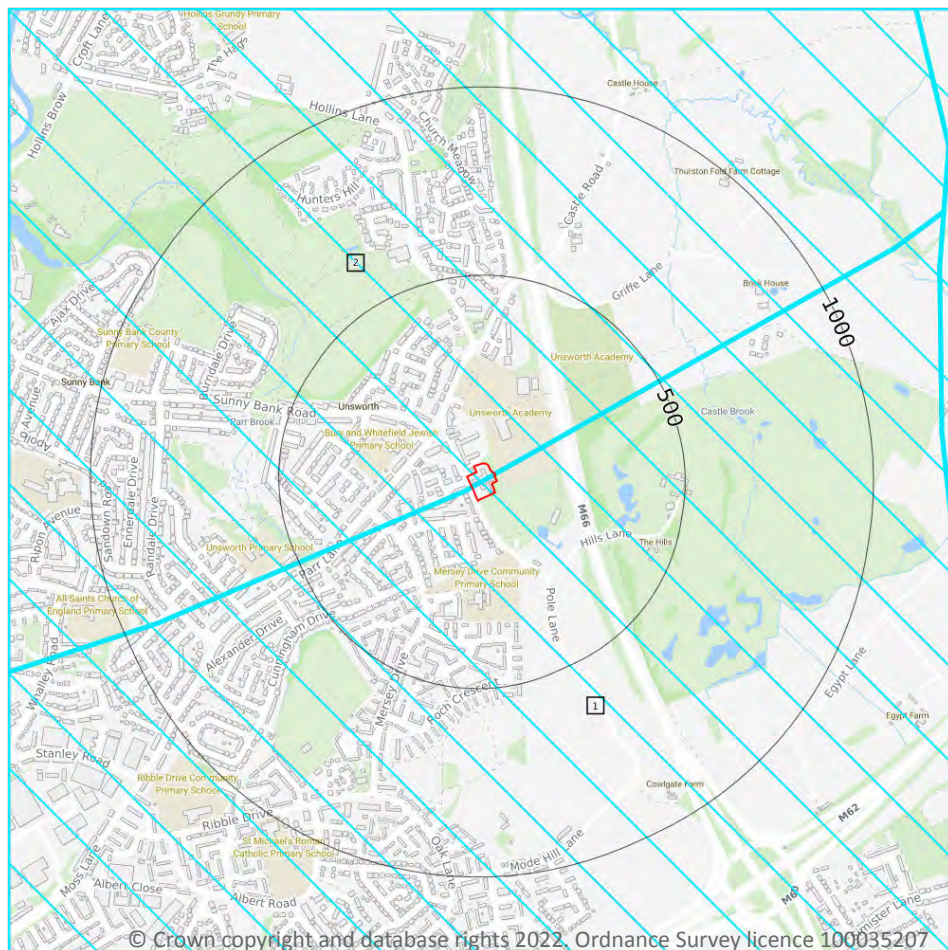
Areas at risk from agricultural nitrate pollution designated under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC). These are areas of land that drain into waters polluted by nitrates. Farmers operating within these areas have to follow mandatory rules to tackle nitrate loss from agriculture.

Location	Name	Type	NVZ ID	Status
1534m SE	River Irk (Moston Brook to River Irwell) NVZ	Surface Water	638	Existing
1827m SE	River Irk (Moston Brook to River Irwell) NVZ	Surface Water	638	Existing

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.



SSSI Impact Zones and Units



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- SSSI Impact Risk Zones
- SSSI Units
- Not recorded
- Favourable
- Unfavourable - Recovering
- Unfavourable - No change
- Unfavourable - Declining
- Partially destroyed
- Destroyed

10.17 SSSI Impact Risk Zones

Records on site

2

Developed to allow rapid initial assessment of the potential risks to SSSIs posed by development proposals. They define zones around each SSSI which reflect the particular sensitivities of the features for which it is notified and indicate the types of development proposal which could potentially have adverse impacts.

Features are displayed on the SSSI Impact Zones and Units map on **page 62**

ID	Location	Type of developments requiring consultation
1	On site	Air pollution - Livestock & poultry units with floorspace > 500m ² , slurry lagoons & digestate stores > 4000m ² . Combustion - General combustion processes >50mw energy input. incl: energy from waste incineration, other incineration, landfill gas generation plant, pyrolysis/gasification, anaerobic digestion, sewage treatment works, other incineration/ combustion.



ID	Location	Type of developments requiring consultation
2	On site	Infrastructure - Airports, helipads and other aviation proposals. Air pollution - Livestock & poultry units with floorspace > 500m², slurry lagoons & digestate stores > 4000m². Combustion - General combustion processes >50mw energy input. incl: energy from waste incineration, other incineration, landfill gas generation plant, pyrolysis/gasification, anaerobic digestion, sewage treatment works, other incineration/ combustion.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.18 SSSI Units

Records within 2000m	0
-----------------------------	----------

Divisions of SSSIs used to record management and condition details. Units are the smallest areas for which Natural England gives a condition assessment, however, the size of units varies greatly depending on the types of management and the conservation interest.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.

11 Visual and cultural designations



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Listed buildings
- Conservation areas
- Conservation areas - no data
- National Parks
- Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty
- Registered parks and gardens
- Scheduled Monuments
- World Heritage Sites

11.1 World Heritage Sites

Records within 250m

0

Sites designated for their globally important cultural or natural interest requiring appropriate management and protection measures. World Heritage Sites are designated to meet the UK's commitments under the World Heritage Convention.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.2 Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty

Records within 250m

0

Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) are conservation areas, chosen because they represent 18% of the finest countryside. Each AONB has been designated for special attention because of the quality of their flora, fauna, historical and cultural associations, and/or scenic views. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act of 1949 created AONBs and the Countryside and Rights of Way Act, 2000 added further regulation and protection. There are likely to be restrictions to some developments within these areas.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

11.3 National Parks

Records within 250m

0

In England and Wales, the purpose of National Parks is to conserve and enhance landscapes within the countryside whilst promoting public enjoyment of them and having regard for the social and economic well-being of those living within them. In Scotland National Parks have the additional purpose of promoting the sustainable use of the natural resources of the area and the sustainable social and economic development of its communities. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 established the National Park designation in England and Wales, and The National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 in Scotland.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and the Scottish Government.

11.4 Listed Buildings

Records within 250m

1

Buildings listed for their special architectural or historical interest. Building control in the form of 'listed building consent' is required in order to make any changes to that building which might affect its special interest. Listed buildings are graded to indicate their relative importance, however building controls apply to all buildings equally, irrespective of their grade, and apply to the interior and exterior of the building in its entirety, together with any curtilage structures.

Features are displayed on the Visual and cultural designations map on **page 64**

ID	Location	Name	Grade	Reference Number	Listed date
1	131m NW	Unsworth War Memorial, Unsworth, Bury, BL9	II	1440257	12/07/2017

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.5 Conservation Areas

Records within 250m

0

Local planning authorities are obliged to designate as conservation areas any parts of their own area that are of special architectural or historic interest, the character and appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance. Designation of a conservation area gives broader protection than the listing of individual buildings. All the features within the area, listed or otherwise, are recognised as part of its character. Conservation area designation is the means of recognising the importance of all factors and of ensuring that planning decisions address the quality of the landscape in its broadest sense.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.6 Scheduled Ancient Monuments

Records within 250m

0

A scheduled monument is an historic building or site that is included in the Schedule of Monuments kept by the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport. The regime is set out in the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979. The Schedule of Monuments has c.20,000 entries and includes sites such as Roman remains, burial mounds, castles, bridges, earthworks, the remains of deserted villages and industrial sites. Monuments are not graded, but all are, by definition, considered to be of national importance.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.7 Registered Parks and Gardens

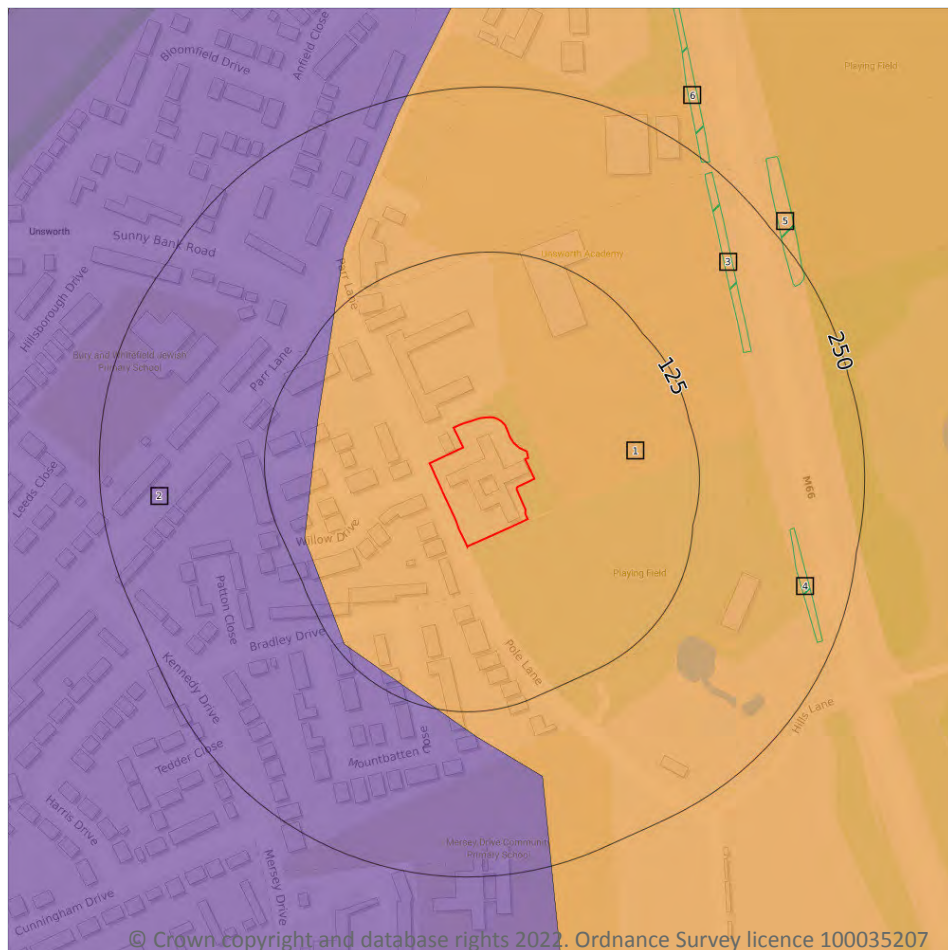
Records within 250m

0

Parks and gardens assessed to be of particular interest and of special historic interest. The emphasis being on 'designed' landscapes, rather than on planting or botanical importance. Registration is a 'material consideration' in the planning process, meaning that planning authorities must consider the impact of any proposed development on the special character of the landscape.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

12 Agricultural designations



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Grade 1 - excellent quality
- Grade 2 - very good quality
- Grade 3 - good to moderate quality
- Grade 3a - good quality
- Grade 3b - moderate quality
- Grade 4 - poor quality
- Grade 5 - very poor quality
- Non-agricultural land
- Urban land
- Exclusion land
- Tree felling licences
- Open Access land

12.1 Agricultural Land Classification

Records within 250m

2

Classification of the quality of agricultural land taking into consideration multiple factors including climate, physical geography and soil properties. It should be noted that the categories for the grading of agricultural land are not consistent across England, Wales and Scotland.

Features are displayed on the Agricultural designations map on **page 67**

ID	Location	Classification	Description
1	On site	Grade 3	Good to moderate quality agricultural land. Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. Where more demanding crops are grown yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.
2	88m W	Urban	-



This data is sourced from Natural England.

12.2 Open Access Land

Records within 250m

0

The Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (CROW Act) gives a public right of access to land without having to use paths. Access land includes mountains, moors, heaths and downs that are privately owned. It also includes common land registered with the local council and some land around the England Coast Path. Generally permitted activities on access land are walking, running, watching wildlife and climbing.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.

12.3 Tree Felling Licences

Records within 250m

4

Felling Licence Application (FLA) areas approved by Forestry Commission England. Anyone wishing to fell trees must ensure that a licence or permission under a grant scheme has been issued by the Forestry Commission before any felling is carried out or that one of the exceptions apply.

Features are displayed on the Agricultural designations map on **page 67**

ID	Location	Description	Reference	Application date
3	180m NE	Selective Fell/Thin (Unconditional)	018/366/15-16	-
4	197m E	Selective Fell/Thin (Unconditional)	018/366/15-16	-
5	238m NE	Selective Fell/Thin (Unconditional)	018/366/15-16	-
6	248m NE	Selective Fell/Thin (Unconditional)	018/366/15-16	-

This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.

12.4 Environmental Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m

0

Environmental Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. The schemes identified may be historical schemes that have now expired, or may still be active.

This data is sourced from Natural England.



12.5 Countryside Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m

0

Countryside Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. Main objectives are to improve the farmed environment for wildlife and to reduce diffuse water pollution.

This data is sourced from Natural England.



13 Habitat designations



- Site Outline**
- Search buffers in metres (m)**
- Priority Habitat Inventory
 - Open Mosaic Habitat
 - Limestone Pavement Orders
- Habitat Networks**
- Primary Habitat
 - Restorable Habitat
 - Associated Habitats
 - Habitat Restoration-Creation
 - Network Enhancement Zone 1
 - Network Enhancement Zone 2

13.1 Priority Habitat Inventory

Records within 250m

1

Habitats of principal importance as named under Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act (2006) Section 41.

Features are displayed on the Habitat designations map on **page 70**

ID	Location	Main Habitat	Other habitats
1	230m E	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)

This data is sourced from Natural England.



13.2 Habitat Networks

Records within 250m

0

Habitat networks for 18 priority habitat networks (based primarily, but not exclusively, on the priority habitat inventory) and areas suitable for the expansion of networks through restoration and habitat creation.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

13.3 Open Mosaic Habitat

Records within 250m

0

Sites verified as Open Mosaic Habitat. Mosaic habitats are brownfield sites that are identified under the UK Biodiversity Action Plan as a priority habitat due to the habitat variation within a single site, supporting an array of invertebrates.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

13.4 Limestone Pavement Orders

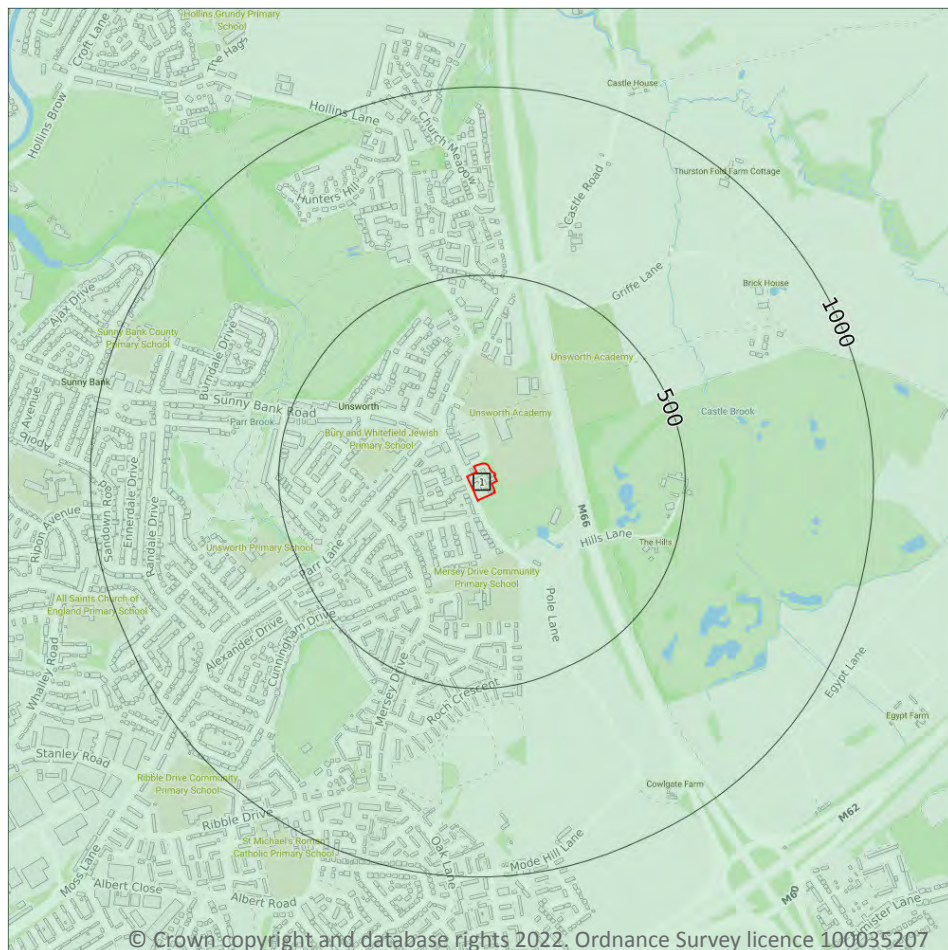
Records within 250m

0

Limestone pavements are outcrops of limestone where the surface has been worn away by natural means over millennia. These rocks have the appearance of paving blocks, hence their name. Not only do they have geological interest, they also provide valuable habitats for wildlife. These habitats are threatened due to their removal for use in gardens and water features. Many limestone pavements have been designated as SSSIs which affords them some protection. In addition, Section 34 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 gave them additional protection via the creation of Limestone Pavement Orders, which made it a criminal offence to remove any part of the outcrop. The associated Limestone Pavement Priority Habitat is part of the UK Biodiversity Action Plan priority habitat in England.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

14 Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability



— Site Outline
Search buffers in metres (m)

- Full coverage
- Partial coverage
- No coverage

14.1 10k Availability

Records within 500m

1

An indication on the coverage of 1:10,000 scale geology data for the site, the most detailed dataset provided by the British Geological Survey. Either 'Full', 'Partial' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

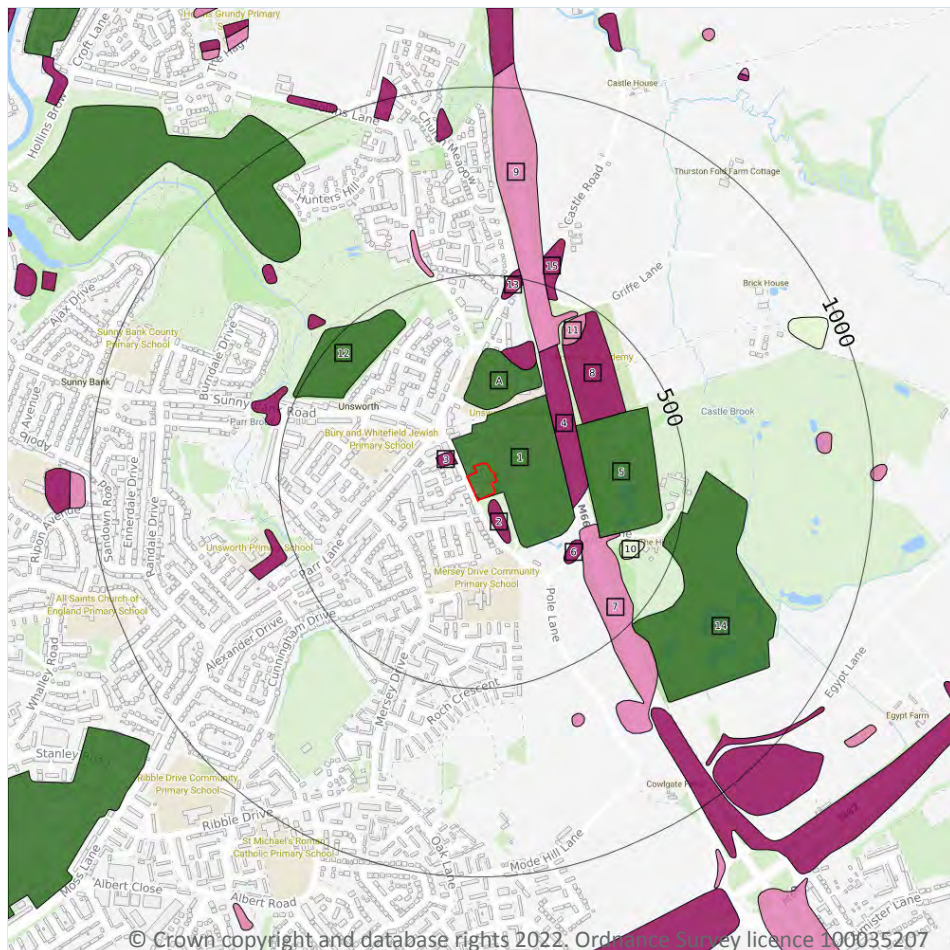
Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability map on **page 72**

ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	Full	Full	Full	Full	SD80NW

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:10,000 scale - Artificial and made ground



— Site Outline
Search buffers in metres (m)

- Reclaimed ground
- Made ground
- Worked ground
- Infilled ground
- Disturbed ground
- Landscaped ground

14.2 Artificial and made ground (10k)

Records within 500m

17

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:10,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Artificial and made ground map on **page 73**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	On site	LSGR-ARTDP	Landscaped Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
2	14m SE	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
3	43m NW	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
A	143m N	LSGR-ARTDP	Landscaped Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit



ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
4	180m E	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
5	235m E	LSGR-ARTDP	Landscaped Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
6	243m SE	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
7	247m SE	WGR-VOID	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void
8	268m NE	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
A	269m N	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
9	328m NE	WGR-VOID	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void
10	360m E	WMGR-ARTDP	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit
11	375m NE	WGR-VOID	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void
12	386m NW	LSGR-ARTDP	Landscaped Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
13	439m N	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
14	467m E	LSGR-ARTDP	Landscaped Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
15	467m N	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:10,000 scale - Superficial



Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

Landslip (10k)

Superficial geology (10k)
Please see table for more details.

14.3 Superficial geology (10k)

Records within 500m

6

Superficial geological deposits at 1:10,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Superficial map on **page 75**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	On site	HMGDD-DMTN	Hummocky (moundy) Glacial Deposits, Devensian - Diamicton	Diamicton
2	22m SE	TILLD-DMTN	Till, Devensian - Diamicton	Diamicton
3	295m E	GFICD-XSV	Glaciofluvial Ice Contact Deposits, Devensian - Sand And Gravel	Sand And Gravel



ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
4	297m SE	GFICD-XSV	Glaciofluvial Ice Contact Deposits, Devensian - Sand And Gravel	Sand And Gravel
5	445m SW	HEAD-XCZSV	Head - Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel	Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel
6	473m NE	HEAD-XCZSV	Head - Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel	Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

14.4 Landslip (10k)

Records within 500m

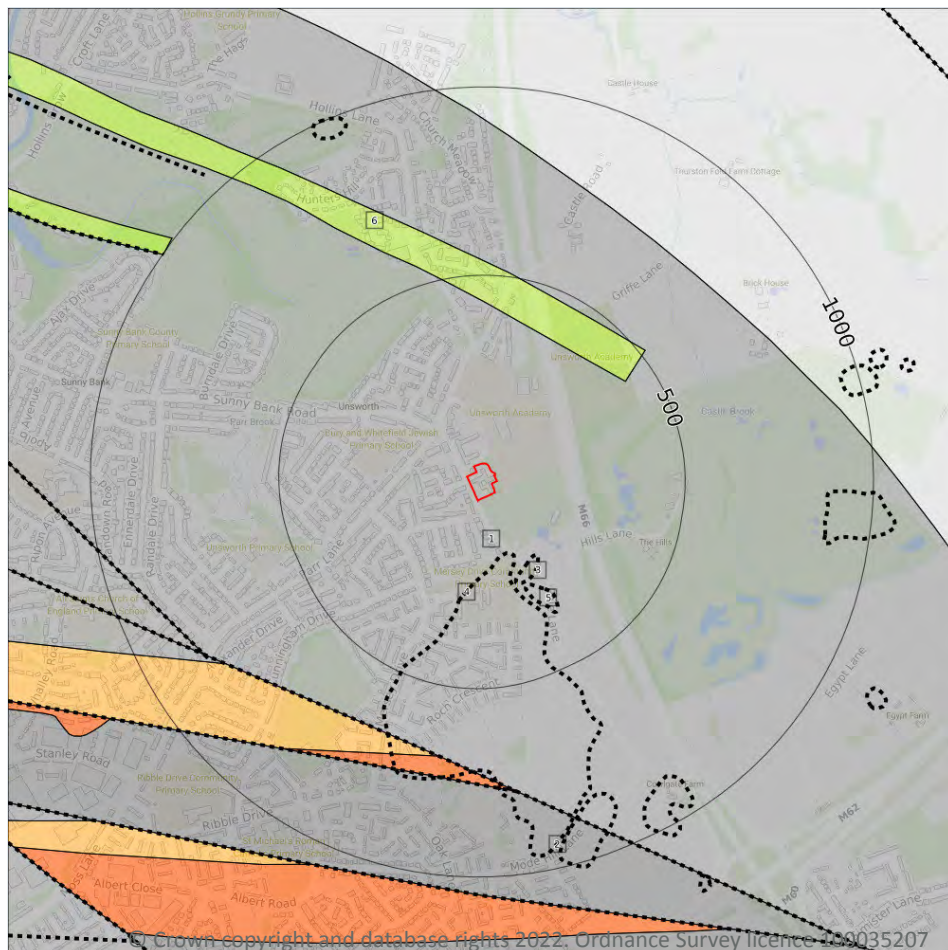
0

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:10,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock



Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)

Bedrock geology (10k)
Please see table for more details.

14.5 Bedrock geology (10k)

Records within 500m

2

Bedrock geology at 1:10,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock map on **page 77**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
1	On site	PMCM-MDSS	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age
6	372m NE	PMCM-SDST	Pennine Middle Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Bolsovia Sub-age - Duckmantian Sub-age

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



14.6 Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)

Records within 500m

4

Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:10,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

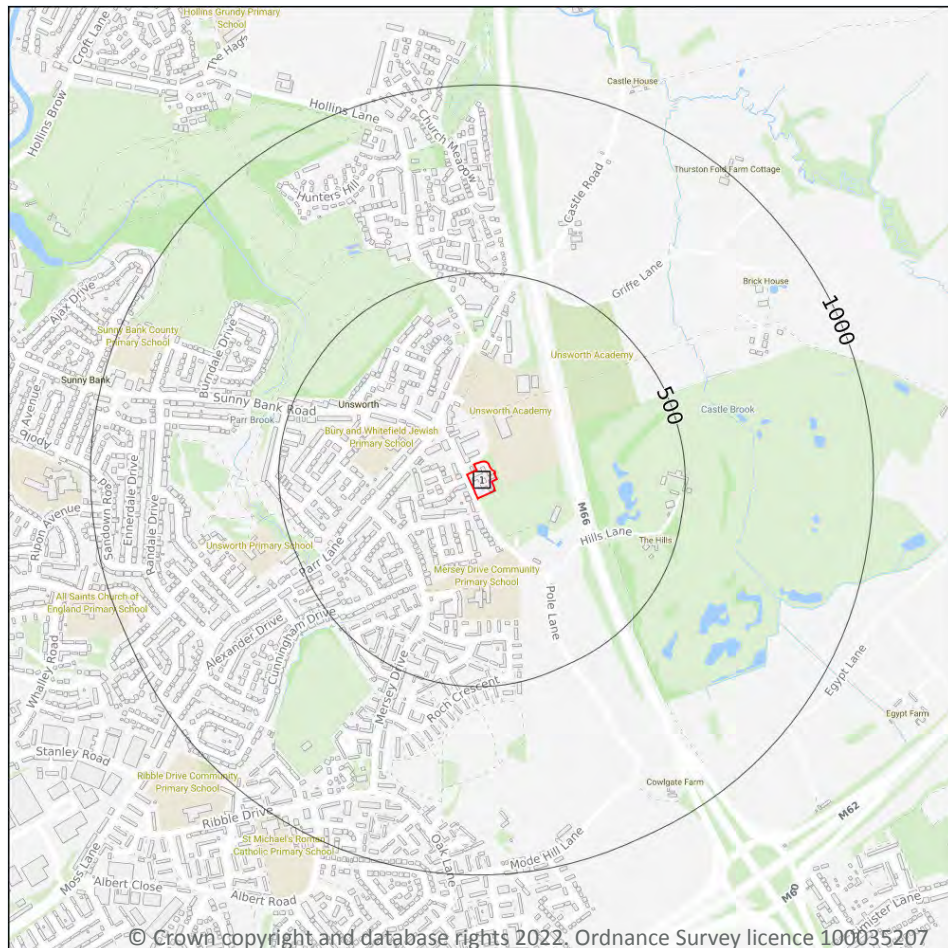
Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock map on **page 77**

ID	Location	Category	Description
2	159m SE	LANDFORM	Drumlin, form-line at base of mound
3	196m SE	LANDFORM	Drumlin, form-line at base of mound
4	254m S	LANDFORM	Drumlin, form-line at base of mound
5	260m SE	LANDFORM	Drumlin, form-line at base of mound

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



15 Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability



— Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

□ Geological map tile

15.1 50k Availability

Records within 500m

1

An indication on the coverage of 1:50,000 scale geology data for the site. Either 'Full' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability map on **page 79**

ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	No coverage	Full	Full	No coverage	EW085_manchester_v4

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:50,000 scale - Artificial and made ground

15.2 Artificial and made ground (50k)

Records within 500m

0

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:50,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.3 Artificial ground permeability (50k)

Records within 50m

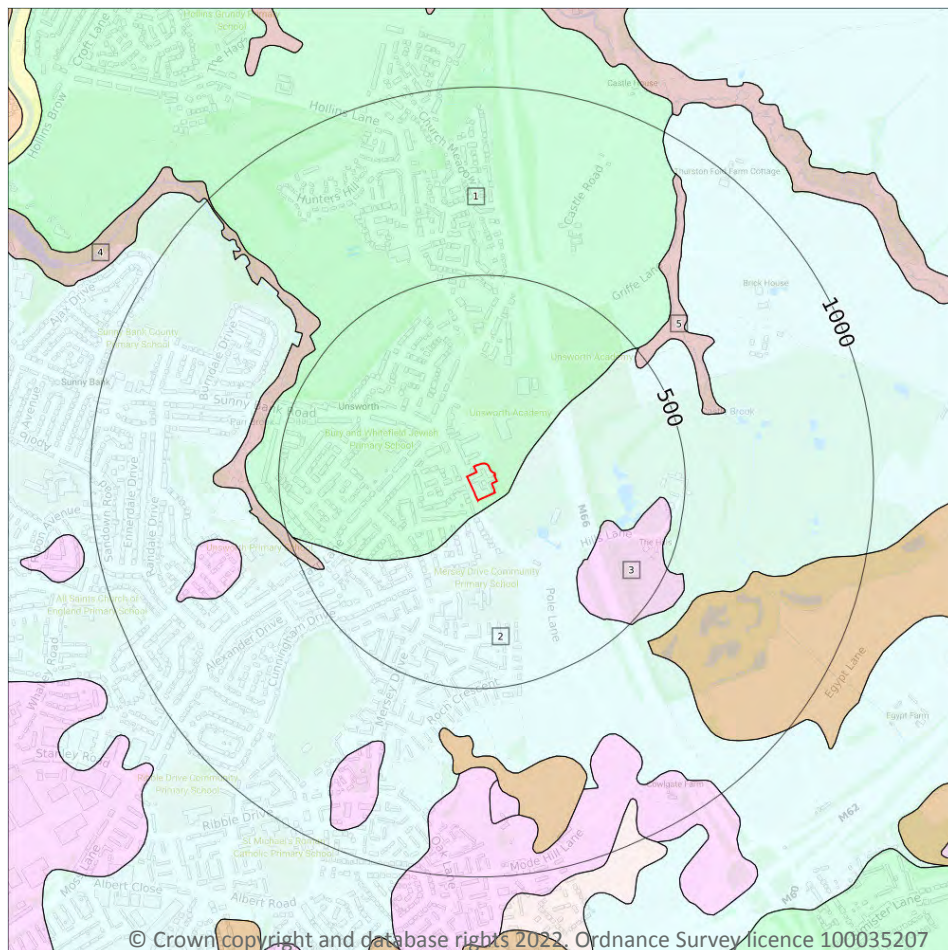
0

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any artificial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial



Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

Landslip (50k)

Superficial geology (50k)
Please see table for more details.

15.4 Superficial geology (50k)

Records within 500m

5

Superficial geological deposits at 1:50,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial map on **page 81**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	On site	HMGDD-DMTN	HUMMOCKY (MOUNDY) GLACIAL DEPOSITS, DEVENSIAN	DIAMICTON
2	21m SE	TILLD-DMTN	TILL, DEVENSIAN	DIAMICTON
3	294m E	GFDUD-XSV	GLACIOFLUVIAL DEPOSITS, DEVENSIAN	SAND AND GRAVEL



ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
4	445m SW	HEAD-XCZSV	HEAD	CLAY, SILT, SAND AND GRAVEL
5	473m NE	HEAD-XCZSV	HEAD	CLAY, SILT, SAND AND GRAVEL

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.5 Superficial permeability (50k)

Records within 50m **2**

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any superficial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
On site	Mixed	High	Low
21m E	Mixed	High	Low

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.6 Landslip (50k)

Records within 500m **0**

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:50,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.7 Landslip permeability (50k)

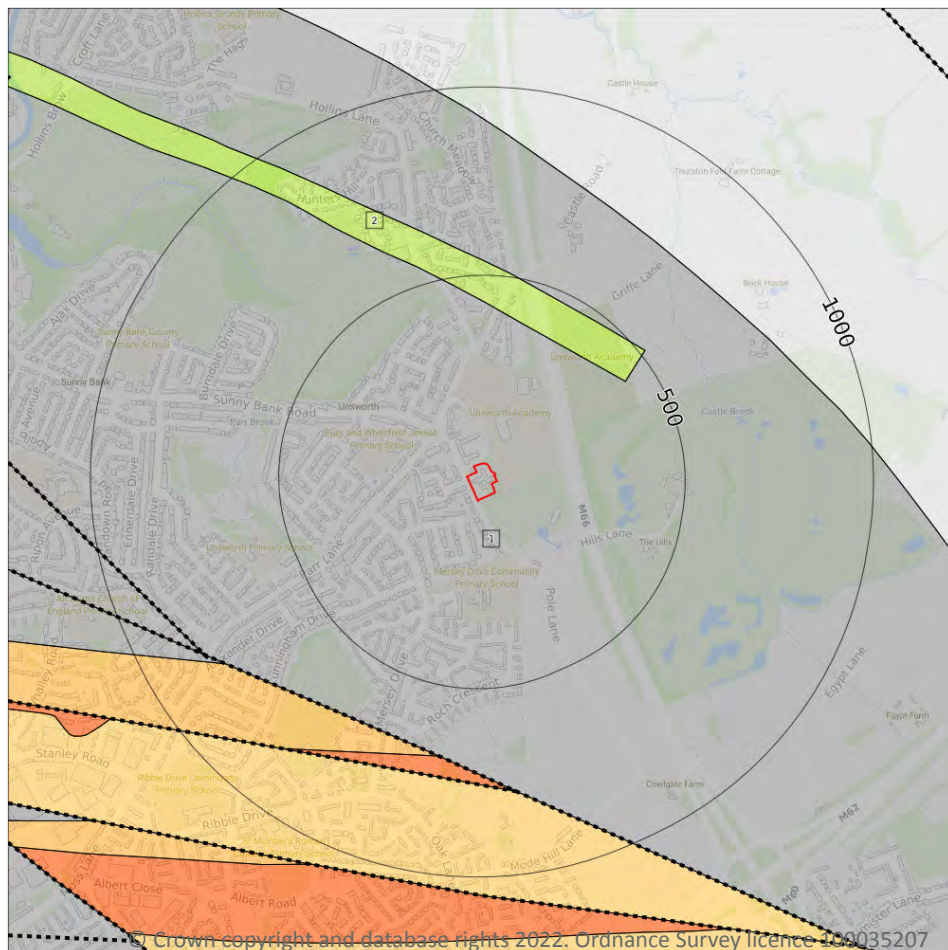
Records within 50m **0**

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any landslip deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock



Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

..... Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)

Bedrock geology (50k)
Please see table for more details.

15.8 Bedrock geology (50k)

Records within 500m

2

Bedrock geology at 1:50,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock map on **page 83**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
1	On site	PMCM-MDSS	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
2	372m NE	PMCM-SDST	PENNINE MIDDLE COAL MEASURES FORMATION - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



15.9 Bedrock permeability (50k)

Records within 50m**1**

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of bedrock (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
On site	Fracture	Moderate	Low

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.10 Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)

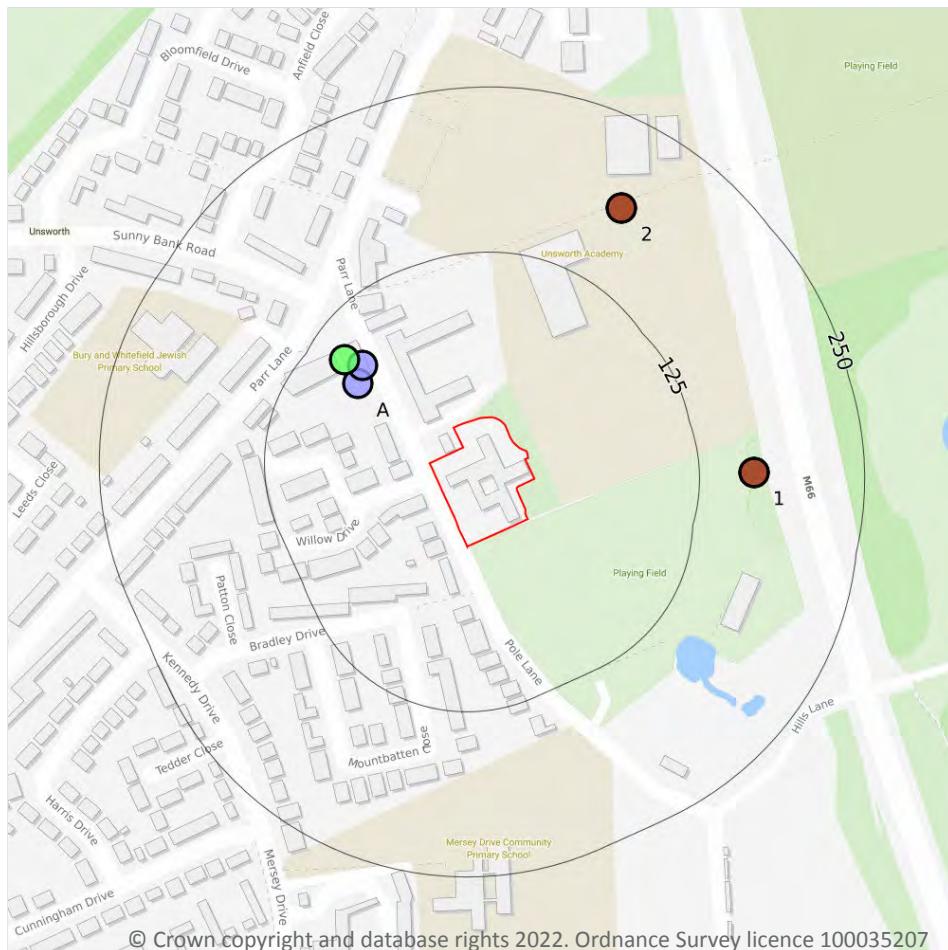
Records within 500m**0**

Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:50,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



16 Boreholes



— Site Outline
Search buffers in metres (m)

- Confidential
- 0 - 10m
- 10 - 30m
- 30m+
- Unknown

16.1 BGS Boreholes

Records within 250m

5

The Single Onshore Boreholes Index (SOBI); an index of over one million records of boreholes, shafts and wells from all forms of drilling and site investigation work held by the British Geological Survey. Covering onshore and nearshore boreholes dating back to at least 1790 and ranging from one to several thousand metres deep.

Features are displayed on the Boreholes map on **page 85**

ID	Location	Grid reference	Name	Length	Confidential	Web link
A	80m NW	382000 407067	BAY HORSE UNSWORTH 3	9.14	N	27379
A	83m NW	382004 407081	BAY HORSE UNSWORTH 2	7.62	N	27378
A	97m NW	381990 407085	BAY HORSE UNSWORTH 1	12.19	N	27377

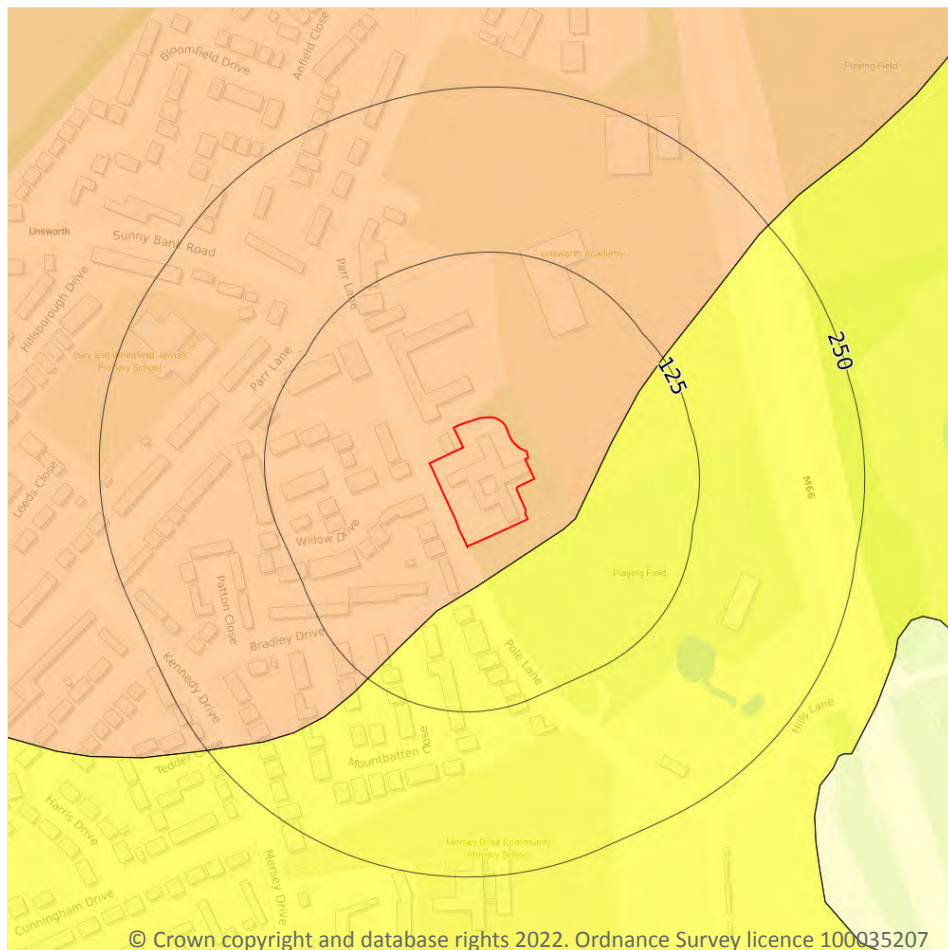


ID	Location	Grid reference	Name	Length	Confidential	Web link
1	166m E	382300 407000	M66 BURY EASTERLY BY-PASS. 12A-H	-1.0	N	27285
2	185m NE	382200 407200	M66 BURY EASTERLY BY-PASS. 5851/1-2	-1.0	N	27286

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



17 Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays



- Site Outline**
- Search buffers in metres (m)**
- ☐ No data
 - ☐ Negligible
 - ☐ Very low
 - ☐ Low
 - ☐ Moderate
 - ☐ High

17.1 Shrink swell clays

Records within 50m

2

The potential hazard presented by soils that absorb water when wet (making them swell), and lose water as they dry (making them shrink). This shrink-swell behaviour is controlled by the type and amount of clay in the soil, and by seasonal changes in the soil moisture content (related to rainfall and local drainage).

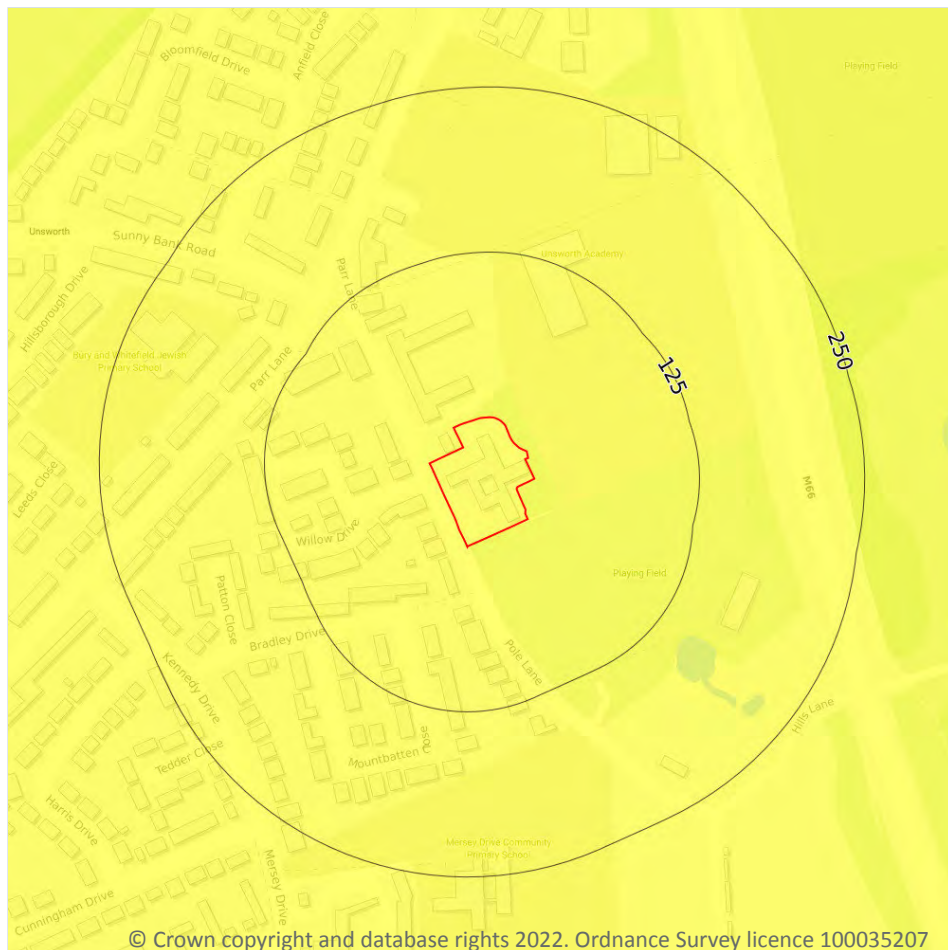
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays map on **page 87**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Low	Ground conditions predominantly medium plasticity.
21m SE	Very low	Ground conditions predominantly low plasticity.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Running sands



- Site Outline**
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- ☐ No data
 - ☐ Negligible
 - ☒ Very low
 - ☐ Low
 - ☐ Moderate
 - ☐ High

17.2 Running sands

Records within 50m

1

The potential hazard presented by rocks that can contain loosely-packed sandy layers that can become fluidised by water flowing through them. Such sands can 'run', removing support from overlying buildings and causing potential damage.

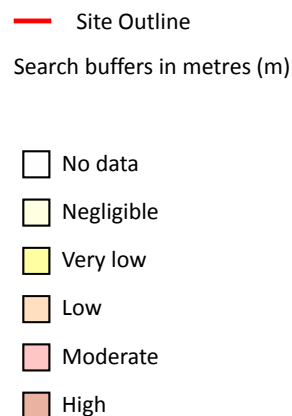
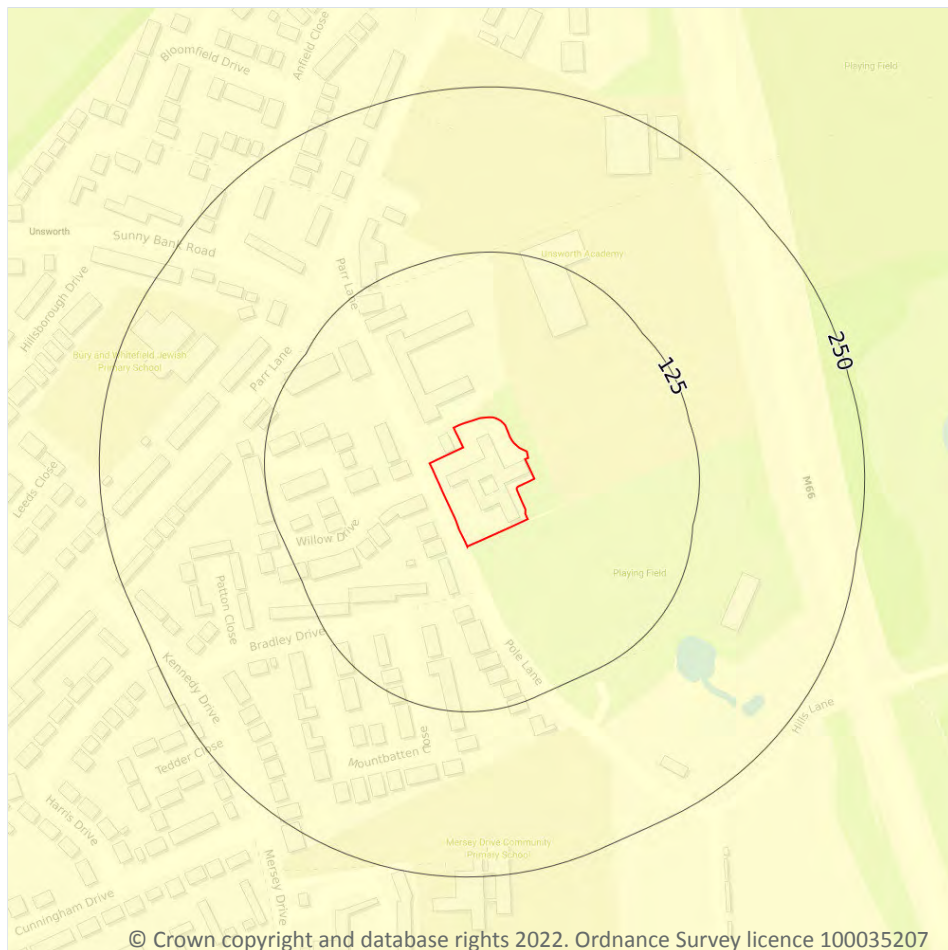
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Running sands map on **page 88**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Running sand conditions are unlikely. No identified constraints on land use due to running conditions unless water table rises rapidly.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits



17.3 Compressible deposits

Records within 50m

1

The potential hazard presented by types of ground that may contain layers of very soft materials like clay or peat and may compress if loaded by overlying structures, or if the groundwater level changes, potentially resulting in depression of the ground and disturbance of foundations.

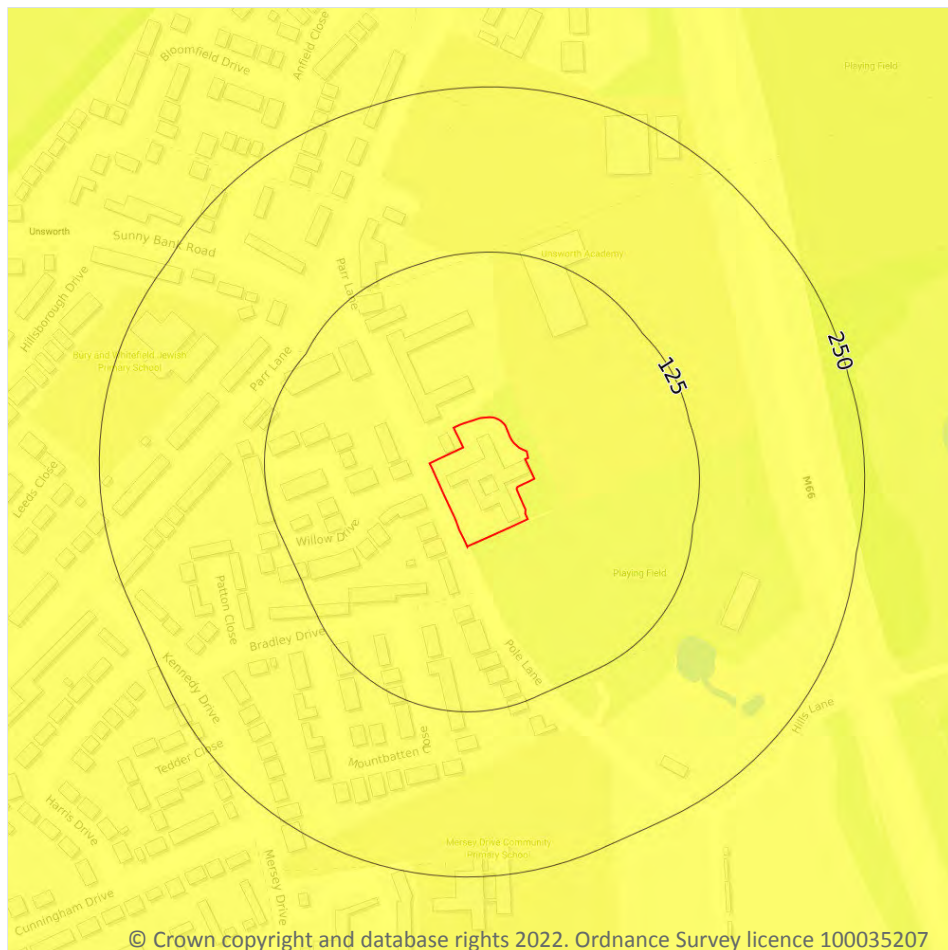
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits map on **page 89**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Compressible strata are not thought to occur.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits



- Site Outline**
- Search buffers in metres (m)**
- ☐ No data
 - ☐ Negligible
 - ☒ Very low
 - ☐ Low
 - ☐ Moderate
 - ☐ High

17.4 Collapsible deposits

Records within 50m

1

The potential hazard presented by natural deposits that could collapse when a load (such as a building) is placed on them or they become saturated with water.

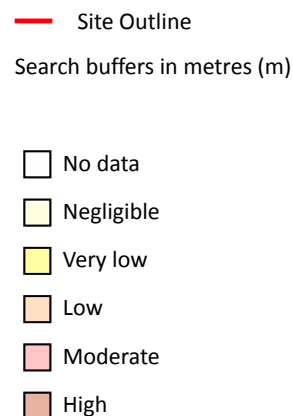
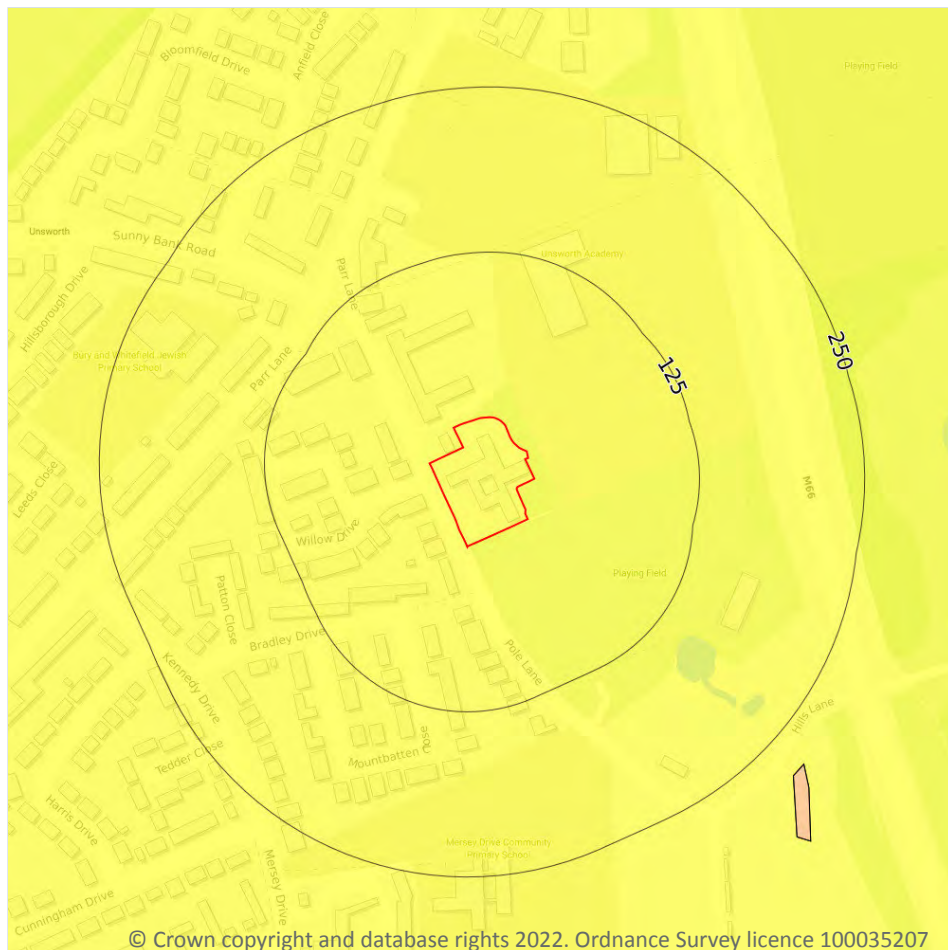
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits map on **page 90**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Deposits with potential to collapse when loaded and saturated are unlikely to be present.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Landslides



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17.5 Landslides

Records within 50m

1

The potential for landsliding (slope instability) to be a hazard assessed using 1:50,000 scale digital maps of superficial and bedrock deposits, combined with information from the BGS National Landslide Database and scientific and engineering reports.

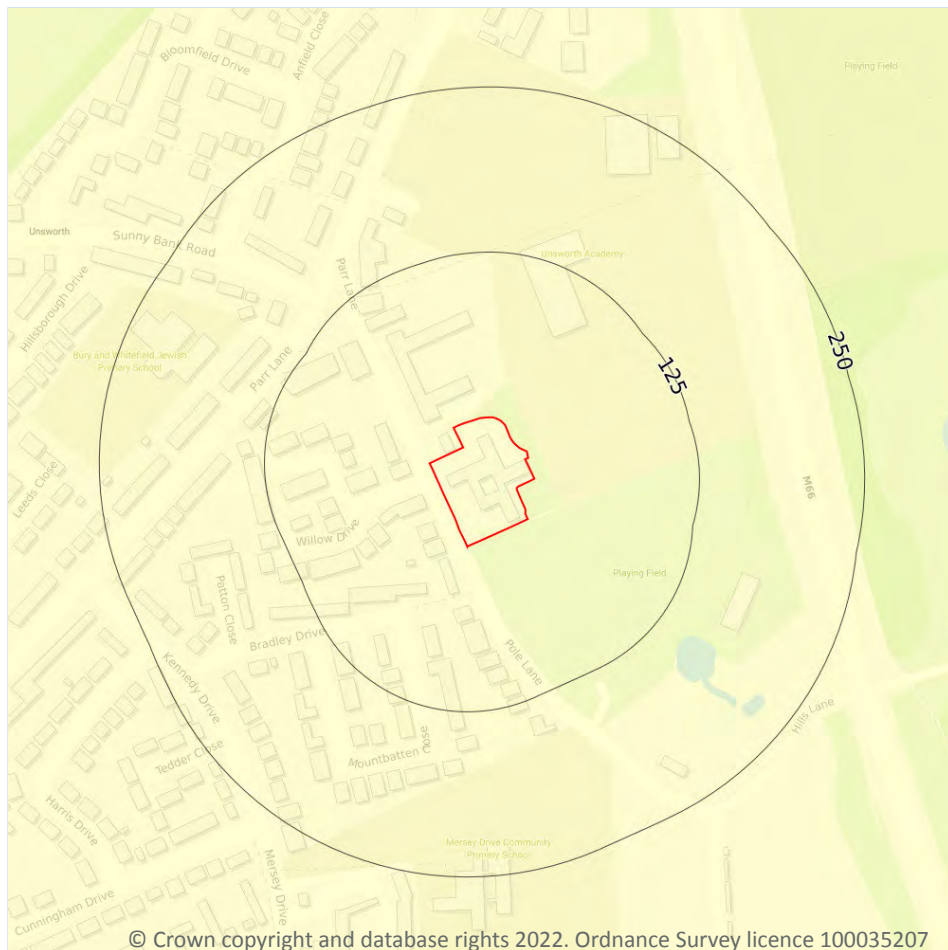
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Landslides map on **page 91**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Slope instability problems are not likely to occur but consideration to potential problems of adjacent areas impacting on the site should always be considered.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks



- Site Outline**
- Search buffers in metres (m)**
- ☐ No data
 - ☐ Negligible
 - ☐ Very low
 - ☐ Low
 - ☐ Moderate
 - ☐ High

17.6 Ground dissolution of soluble rocks

Records within 50m

1

The potential hazard presented by ground dissolution, which occurs when water passing through soluble rocks produces underground cavities and cave systems. These cavities reduce support to the ground above and can cause localised collapse of the overlying rocks and deposits.

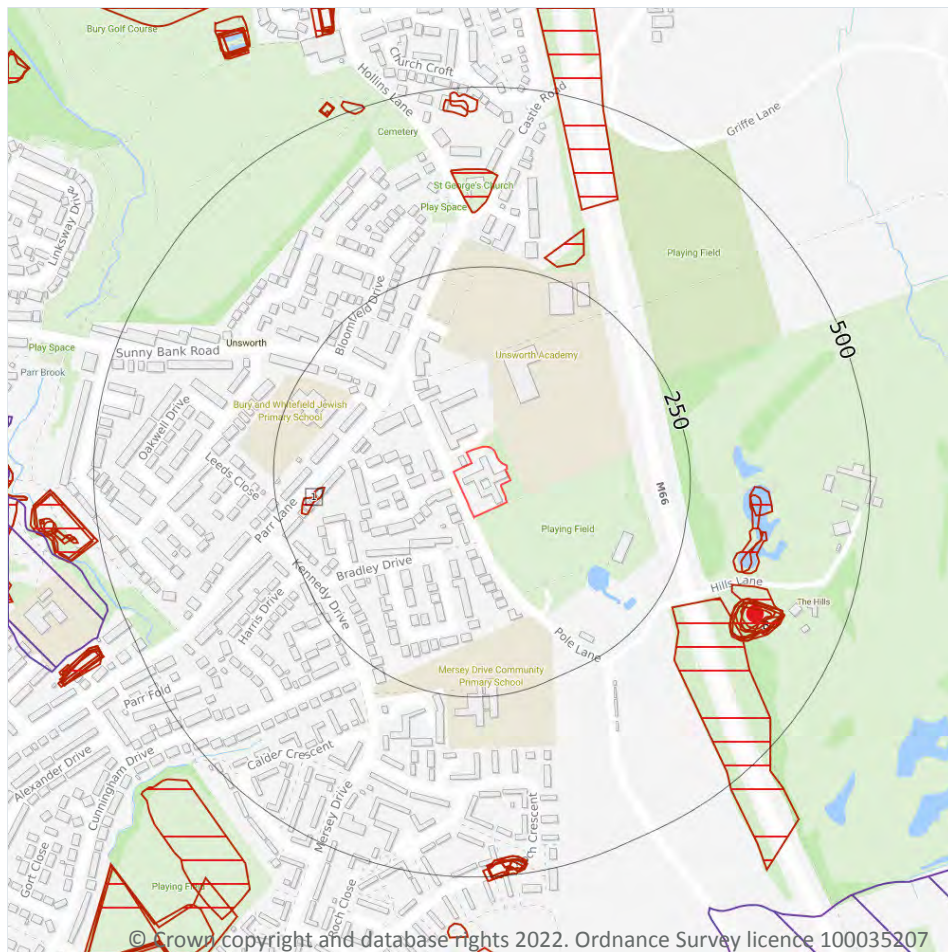
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks map on **page 92**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Soluble rocks are either not thought to be present within the ground, or not prone to dissolution. Dissolution features are unlikely to be present.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



18 Mining, ground workings and natural cavities



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Natural cavities (Area)
- Natural cavities (Point)
- BritPits
- Surface ground workings
- Underground workings
- Historical Mineral Planning Areas
- Mining Cavities
- Non Coal Mining
- Sporadic underground mining of restricted extent possible
- Localised small scale underground mining possible
- Small scale mining possible
- Underground mining known or likely within or in close proximity
- Underground mining known within or in very close proximity

18.1 Natural cavities

Records within 500m

0

Industry recognised national database of natural cavities. Sinkholes and caves are formed by the dissolution of soluble rock, such as chalk and limestone, gulls and fissures by cambering. Ground instability can result from movement of loose material contained within these cavities, often triggered by water.

This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.

18.2 BritPits

Records within 500m

1

BritPits (an abbreviation of British Pits) is a database maintained by the British Geological Survey of currently active and closed surface and underground mineral workings. Details of major mineral handling sites, such as wharfs and rail depots are also held in the database.

Features are displayed on the Mining, ground workings and natural cavities map on **page 93**

ID	Location	Details	Description
B	377m SE	Name: The Hills Gravel Pit Address: Whitefield, BURY, Lancashire Commodity: Sand & Gravel Status: Ceased	Type: A surface mineral working. It may be termed Quarry, Sand Pit, Clay Pit or Opencast Coal Site Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

18.3 Surface ground workings

Records within 250m

1

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that involved ground excavation at the surface. These features may or may not have been subsequently backfilled.

Features are displayed on the Mining, ground workings and natural cavities map on **page 93**

ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
1	181m W	Pond	1891	1:10560

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

18.4 Underground workings

Records within 1000m

0

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that indicate the presence of underground workings e.g. mine shafts.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.



18.5 Historical Mineral Planning Areas

Records within 500m

0

Boundaries of mineral planning permissions for England and Wales. This data was collated between the 1940s (and retrospectively to the 1930s) and the mid 1980s. The data includes permitted, withdrawn and refused permissions.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

18.6 Non-coal mining

Records within 1000m

0

The potential for historical non-coal mining to have affected an area. The assessment is drawn from expert knowledge and literature in addition to the digital geological map of Britain. Mineral commodities may be divided into seven general categories - vein minerals, chalk, oil shale, building stone, bedded ores, evaporites and 'other' commodities (including ball clay, jet, black marble, graphite and chert).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

18.7 Mining cavities

Records within 1000m

0

Industry recognised national database of mining cavities. Degraded mines may result in hazardous subsidence (crown holes). Climatic conditions and water escape can also trigger subsidence over mine entrances and workings.

This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.

18.8 JPB mining areas

Records on site

0

Areas which could be affected by former coal and other mining. This data includes some mine plans unavailable to the Coal Authority.

This data is sourced from Johnson Poole and Bloomer.

18.9 Coal mining

Records on site

1

Areas which could be affected by past, current or future coal mining.



Location	Details
On site	The site is located within a coal mining area as defined by the Coal Authority. A Consultants Coal Mining Report is recommended to further assess coal mining issues at the site. This can be ordered directly through Groundsure or your preferred search provider.

This data is sourced from the Coal Authority.

18.10 Brine areas

Records on site	0
-----------------	---

The Cheshire Brine Compensation District indicates areas that may be affected by salt and brine extraction in Cheshire and where compensation would be available where damage from this mining has occurred. Damage from salt and brine mining can still occur outside this district, but no compensation will be available.

This data is sourced from the Cheshire Brine Subsidence Compensation Board.

18.11 Gypsum areas

Records on site	0
-----------------	---

Generalised areas that may be affected by gypsum extraction.

This data is sourced from British Gypsum.

18.12 Tin mining

Records on site	0
-----------------	---

Generalised areas that may be affected by historical tin mining.

This data is sourced from Groundsure.

18.13 Clay mining

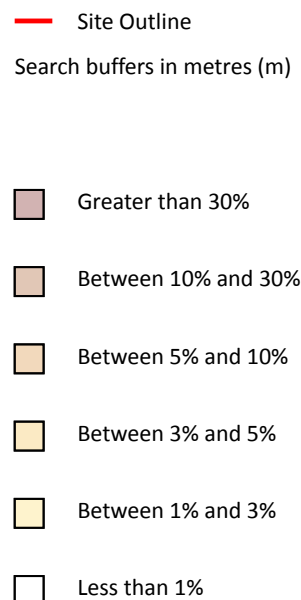
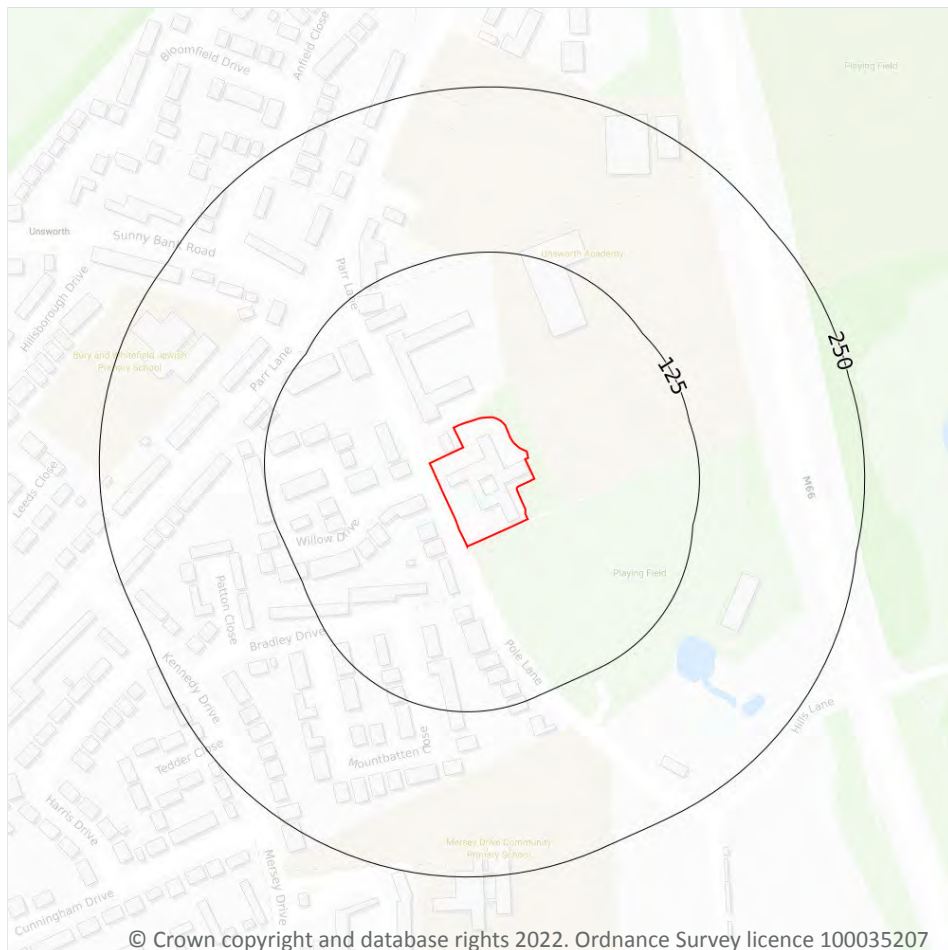
Records on site	0
-----------------	---

Generalised areas that may be affected by kaolin and ball clay extraction.

This data is sourced from the Kaolin and Ball Clay Association (UK).



19 Radon



19.1 Radon

Records on site

1

Estimated percentage of dwellings exceeding the Radon Action Level. This data is the highest resolution radon dataset available for the UK and is produced to a 75m level of accuracy to allow for geological data accuracy and a 'residential property' buffer. The findings of this section should supersede any estimations derived from the Indicative Atlas of Radon in Great Britain. The data was derived from both geological assessments and long term measurements of radon in more than 479,000 households.

Features are displayed on the Radon map on **page 97**

Location	Estimated properties affected	Radon Protection Measures required
On site	Less than 1%	None**

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and Public Health England.



20 Soil chemistry

20.1 BGS Estimated Background Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

4

The estimated values provide the likely background concentration of the potentially harmful elements Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Lead and Nickel in topsoil. The values are estimated primarily from rural topsoil data collected at a sample density of approximately 1 per 2 km². In areas where rural soil samples are not available, estimation is based on stream sediment data collected from small streams at a sampling density of 1 per 2.5 km²; this is the case for most of Scotland, Wales and southern England. The stream sediment data are converted to soil-equivalent concentrations prior to the estimation.

Location	Arsenic	Bioaccessible Arsenic	Lead	Bioaccessible Lead	Cadmium	Chromium	Nickel
On site	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	90 - 120 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
On site	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	90 - 120 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
25m E	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	40 - 60 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
25m NE	15 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	40 - 60 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

20.2 BGS Estimated Urban Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

0

Estimated topsoil chemistry of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc and bioaccessible Arsenic and Lead in 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These estimates are derived from interpolation of the measured urban topsoil data referred to above and provide information across each city between the measured sample locations (4 per km²).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



20.3 BGS Measured Urban Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

0

The locations and measured total concentrations (mg/kg) of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc in urban topsoil samples from 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These are collected at a sample density of 4 per km².

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



21 Railway infrastructure and projects

21.1 Underground railways (London)

Records within 250m	0
---------------------	---

Details of all active London Underground lines, including approximate tunnel roof depth and operational hours.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

21.2 Underground railways (Non-London)

Records within 250m	0
---------------------	---

Details of the Merseyrail system, the Tyne and Wear Metro and the Glasgow Subway. Not all parts of all systems are located underground. The data contains location information only and does not include a depth assessment.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

21.3 Railway tunnels

Records within 250m	0
---------------------	---

Railway tunnels taken from contemporary Ordnance Survey mapping.

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

21.4 Historical railway and tunnel features

Records within 250m	0
---------------------	---

Railways and tunnels digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping as scales of 1:1,250, 1:2,500, 1:10,000 and 1:10,560.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

21.5 Royal Mail tunnels

Records within 250m	0
---------------------	---

The Post Office Railway, otherwise known as the Mail Rail, is an underground railway running through Central London from Paddington Head District Sorting Office to Whitechapel Eastern Head Sorting Office. The line is 10.5km long. The data includes details of the full extent of the tunnels, the depth of the tunnel, and the depth to track level.



This data is sourced from Groundsure/the Postal Museum.

21.6 Historical railways

Records within 250m

0

Former railway lines, including dismantled lines, abandoned lines, disused lines, historic railways and razed lines.

This data is sourced from OpenStreetMap.

21.7 Railways

Records within 250m

0

Currently existing railway lines, including standard railways, narrow gauge, funicular, trams and light railways.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey and OpenStreetMap.

21.8 Crossrail 1

Records within 500m

0

The Crossrail railway project links 41 stations over 100 kilometres from Reading and Heathrow in the west, through underground sections in central London, to Shenfield and Abbey Wood in the east.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

21.9 Crossrail 2

Records within 500m

0

Crossrail 2 is a proposed railway linking the national rail networks in Surrey and Hertfordshire via an underground tunnel through London.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

21.10 HS2

Records within 500m

0

HS2 is a proposed high speed rail network running from London to Manchester and Leeds via Birmingham. Main civils construction on Phase 1 (London to Birmingham) of the project began in 2019, and it is currently anticipated that this phase will be fully operational by 2026. Construction on Phase 2a (Birmingham to Crewe) is anticipated to commence in 2021, with the service fully operational by 2027. Construction on Phase 2b (Crewe to Manchester and Birmingham to Leeds) is scheduled to begin in 2023 and be operational by 2033.

This data is sourced from HS2 Ltd.



Data providers

Groundsure works with respected data providers to bring you the most relevant and accurate information. To find out who they are and their areas of expertise see <https://www.groundsure.com/sources-reference>.

Terms and conditions

Groundsure's Terms and Conditions can be accessed at this link: <https://www.groundsure.com/terms-and-conditions-jan-2020/>.



APPENDIX D

Mining Search Report

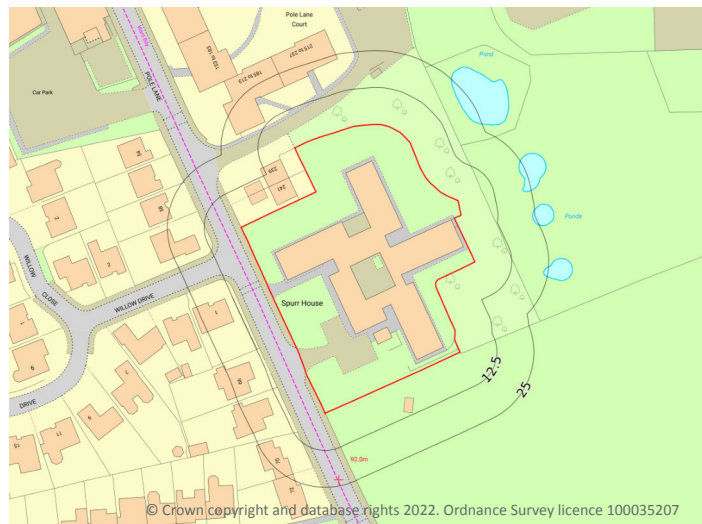
SPURR HOUSE, POLE LANE, BURY, BL9 8QL

Professional opinion

Inc. integrated mine entry interpretive assessment



Site plan



Search results



1. Past underground coal mining
Not identified



2. Present underground coal mining
Not identified



3. Future underground coal mining
Not identified



4. Shafts and adits (mine entries)
Not identified



5. Coal mining geology
Not identified



6. Past opencast coal mining
Not identified



7. Present opencast coal mining
Not identified



8. Future opencast coal mining
Not identified



9. Coal mining subsidence claims
Not identified



10. Mine gas emissions
Not identified



11. Emergency Call Out incidents
Not identified



12. Withdrawal of support
Not identified



13. Working facilities orders
Not identified



14. Payments to copyhold owners
Not identified



Cheshire Brine
Not identified

Coal mining (CON29M) assessment

We consider the property to be acceptably free from coal mining related risk. No further action is required with regards to past coal mining.

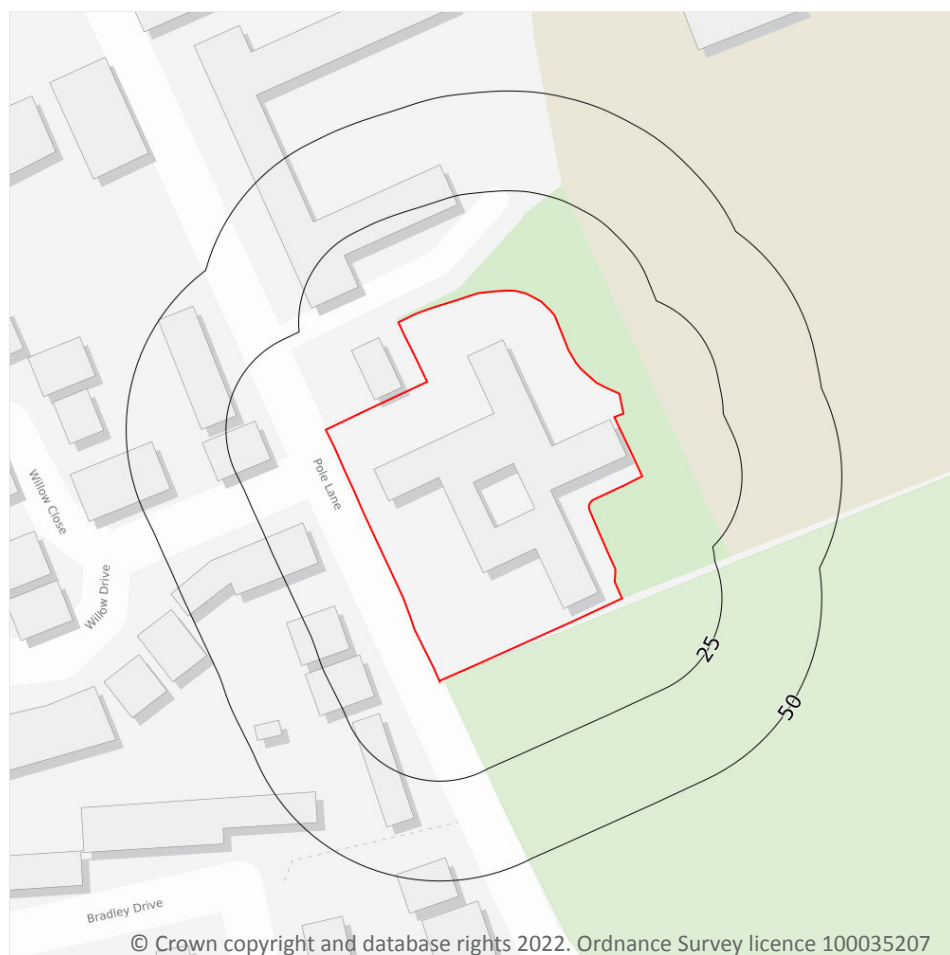


Coal mining

CON29M reports are a requirement for conveyancing and are recommended throughout the official Coal Mining Reporting Area. This is the area within which it is deemed prudent to clarify the risk presented by coal mining, using the questions laid out in the Law Society's CON29M form. The need for a CON29M does not always translate to an identification of risk, and reports will often be assessed as free from risk or 'Passed' even though they are within the official Coal Mining Reporting Area.



Coal mining (CON29M)



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Mine entries
 - Adits
 - Shafts
 - Calculated 'zone of influence'
- Subsidence claims
 - Awaiting decision
 - Rejected
 - Admitted
 - Deferred
 - Settled
 - Withdrawn
- Probable shallow coal mine workings
- Coal outcrops
- Past shallow coal mine workings

Coal mining (CON29M)

The map above shows relevant, mappable hazards identified that could constitute a risk to the property. It does not necessarily show all features or potential issues identified in this report. Further details of any features shown indicating the location of Mine Entries or Subsidence Claims can be found in the relevant sections of this report (4 and 9 respectively).

Responses to the Law Society CON29M Coal Mining search enquiries are produced using official Coal Authority data and the expert interpretation of Groundsure. This report is prepared in accordance with The Law Society CON29M (2018) Guidance Notes. Additional interpretation and calculation of mine entry zones of influence has also been carried out by Groundsure using Coal Authority and British Geological Survey data.

Please read this report carefully, and in particular any sections flagged with an amber 'i'.



The Law Society

These enquiries are The Law Society CON29M (2018) Coal Mining search enquiries and are used with permission of The Law Society. The Law Society CON29M Coal Mining search enquiries are protected by copyright owned by The Law Society of 113 Chancery Lane, London WC2A 1PL. The Law Society has no responsibility for information provided in response to CON29M (2018) Coal Mining search enquiries within this report or otherwise.

1. Past underground coal mining



Is the property within the zone of likely physical influence on the surface of past underground coal workings?

- The property does not lie within the potential zone of influence of any recorded underground coal workings.

2. Present underground coal mining



Is the property within the zone of likely physical influence on the surface of present underground coal workings?

- The property does not lie within the boundary of an underground site from which coal is being removed by underground methods.

3. Future underground coal mining



(a) Is the property within any geographical area for which the Coal Authority is determining whether to grant a licence to remove coal by underground methods?

- The property does not lie within the boundary of an underground site for which the Coal Authority is determining whether to grant a licence to remove coal by underground methods.

(b) Is the property within any geographical area for which a licence to remove coal by underground methods has been granted?

- The property does not lie within the boundary of an underground site for which a licence to remove coal by underground methods has been granted.

(c) Is the property within the zone of likely physical influence on the surface of planned future underground coal workings?

- The property does not lie within the zone of likely physical influence on the surface of planned future underground workings.

(d) Has any notice of proposals relating to underground coal mining operations been given under section 46 of



the Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991?

- No notices have been given under Section 46 of the Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991 stating that the land is at risk of subsidence.

4. Shafts and adits (mine entries)



Are there any shafts and adits or other entries to underground coal mine workings within the property or within 20 metres of the boundary of the property?

- No coal mine entries are recorded to lie within 20 metres of the property.

5. Coal mining geology



Is there any record of any fault or other line of weakness due to coal mining at the surface within the boundary of the property that has made the property unstable?

- No damage arising from geological faults or other lines of weakness activated by coal mining are recorded within the property.

6. Past opencast coal mining



Is the property situated within the geographical boundary of an opencast site from which coal has been removed in the past by opencast methods?

- The property does not lie within the boundary of an opencast site from which coal was removed by opencast methods.

7. Present opencast coal mining



Is the property within 200 metres of the boundary of an opencast site from which coal is being removed by opencast methods?

- The property does not lie within 200 metres of the boundary of an opencast site from which coal is being removed by opencast methods.

8. Future opencast coal mining



(a) Is the property within 800 metres of the boundary of an opencast site for which the Coal Authority are determining whether to grant a licence to remove coal by opencast methods?



- The property does not lie within 800 metres of the boundary of an opencast site for which the Coal Authority are determining whether to grant a licence to remove coal by opencast methods.

(b) Is the property within 800 metres of the boundary of an opencast site for which a licence to remove coal by opencast methods has been granted?

- The property does not lie within 800 metres of the boundary of an opencast site for which a licence to remove coal by opencast methods has been granted.

9. Coal mining subsidence claims



(a) Has any damage notice or claim for alleged coal mining subsidence damage to the property been given, made or pursued since 31st October 1994?

- We have no evidence of a damage notice or subsidence claim for the property or within 50m of the property since 31st October 1994.

(b) In respect of any such notice or claim has the responsible person given notice agreeing that there is a remedial obligation or otherwise accepted that a claim would lie against them?

- Not applicable.

(c) In respect of any such notice or acceptance has the remedial obligation or claim been discharged?

- Not applicable.

(d) Does any current "Stop Notice" delaying the start of remedial works or repairs affect the property?

- There are no current Stop Notices delaying the start of remedial works or repairs to the property.

(e) Has any request been made under Section 33 of the 1991 Act to execute preventive works before coal is worked, which would prevent the occurrence or reduce the extent of subsidence damage to any buildings, structures or works and, if yes, has any person withheld consent or failed to comply with any such request to execute preventive works?

- There is no record of a request that has been made to carry out preventive works before coal is worked under Section 33 of the Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991.

NB. Records of damage notices or subsidence claims before 31st October 1994 are excluded from The Coal Authority data from which this search is compiled.

10. Mine gas emissions



Does the Coal Authority have record of any mine gas emission within the boundary of the property being reported that subsequently required action by the Authority to mitigate the effects of the mine gas emission?

- No mine gas emissions are recorded within the boundary of the property.

11. Emergency Surface Hazard Call Out incidents



Have the Coal Authority carried out any work on or within the boundaries of the property following a report of an alleged hazard related to coal mining under the Authority's Emergency Surface Hazard Call Out procedures?

- **No Emergency Surface Hazard Call Out procedures are recorded against the property.**

12. Withdrawal of support



(a) Does the land lie within a geographical area in respect of which a notice of entitlement to withdraw support has been published?

- **The property does not lie in an area where the right to withdraw support has been granted.**

(b) Does the land lie within a geographical area in respect of which a revocation notice has been given under section 41 of the Coal Industry Act 1994?

- **The property does not lie within a geographical area in which a revocation notice has been given under section 41 of the Coal Industry Act 1994.**

13. Working facilities orders



Is the property within a geographical area subject to an order in respect of the working of coal under the Mines (Working Facilities and Support) Acts 1923 and 1966 or any statutory modification or amendment thereof?

- **The property is not in an area where a court order has been issued.**

14. Payments to owners of former copyhold land



(a) Has any relevant notice, which may affect the property, been given?

- **The property does not lie within former copyholder land.**

(b) If yes, has any notice of retained interests in coal and coal mines been given?

- **No notices of retained interests in coal and coal mines been given.**

(c) If yes, has any acceptance notice or rejection notice been served?

- **No acceptance or rejection notices have been served.**

(d) If any such acceptance notice has been served, has any compensation been paid to a claimant?

- **No compensation has been paid to a claimant.**

CON29M notes and guidance

This report is prepared in accordance with The Law Society Guidance Notes 2018; under which all replies to these enquiries are made. Groundsure's Terms and Conditions are applicable at the time the report was produced.

Property owners have the benefit of statutory protection (under the Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991). This contains provision for the making good, to the reasonable satisfaction of the owner, of physical damage from disused coal mine workings including disused coal mine entries. A leaflet setting out the rights and obligations of either the Coal Authority or other responsible persons under the 1991 Act can be obtained by telephoning 0345 762 6848. Further information can be found on their website:

www.groundstability.com.

The Coal Authority, regardless of responsibility and in conjunction with other public bodies, provide an emergency call out facility in coalfield areas to assess the public safety implications of mining features (including disused mine entries).

The Coal Authority emergency telephone number at all times is 01623 646333.

Responses to The Law Society CON29M (2018) Coal Mining Search enquiries and associated findings and recommendations relating to coal mining risk have been provided by Groundsure Ltd. Groundsure Ltd have additionally provided information relating to the Cheshire Brine Compensation Area, and have compiled all information into this report.

Queries should be made of Groundsure Ltd on 0844 415 9000, or via email: info@groundsure.com.

CON29M report limitations

This CON29M (2018) Coal Mining Report has been carried out with reference to all available official Coal Authority licensed data, an extensive collection of abandoned mine plans, maps and records. From this material, we have endeavoured to provide as accurate a report as possible. Any and all analysis and interpretation of licensed Coal Authority data in this report is made by Groundsure

The information provided in this report by Groundsure Ltd has been compiled in response to The Law Society CON29M (2018) Coal Mining search enquiries. The scope of the assessment is limited to interpretation of past, present and future extraction of coal, and does not consider the impact from non-coal mining hazards and/or natural ground stability hazards. The Law Society's Guidance Notes 2018 recommends separate enquiries to the appropriate sources are made with regard to other minerals.

The Report is created by a remote investigation and reviews only information provided by the client (address and site location boundaries) and from the databases of publicly available and/or licensable information that enable a desk-based assessment of the Site. The Report does not include a Site Investigation, nor does Groundsure Ltd make additional specific information requests of the regulatory authorities for any relevant information they may hold.

This report is concerned solely with the Site searched and should not be used in connection with nearby properties, as only known coal mining features that could potentially have a direct influence upon the Site searched are considered relevant; other features present in the general area may have been omitted for ease of reference.

This report is confidential to the client, the client's legal advisor and the client's Mortgage lender, as defined in the Groundsure terms & conditions, and as such may be used by them for conveyancing or related purposes. Groundsure has no liability toward any person or organisation not party to commissioning this report. This report or any part of it is not permitted to be reproduced, copied, altered or in any other way distributed by any other person or organisation.

Additional mine entry assessment is based on and limited to the data supplied by the Coal Authority at the time of production. In order to determine whether a property is within the likely zone of influence of a disused coal mine entry the following is considered: the actual or plotted position of the mine entry, its known or assumed diameter and the thickness of superficial deposits above rockhead. Where these figures are not known, assumptions based on established estimations have been made.

CON29M report licensing

This report contains Data provided by the Coal Authority. Any and all analysis and interpretation of Coal Authority Data in this report is made by Groundsure and is in no way supported, endorsed or authorised by the Coal Authority. The use of the data is restricted to the terms and provisions contained in this report. Data reproduced in this report may be the copyright of the Coal Authority and permission should be sought from Groundsure Ltd prior to any re-use.

The Law Society CON29M Coal Mining search enquiries are protected by copyright owned by The Law Society of 113 Chancery Lane, London WC2A 1PL.

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This report may contain public sector information licensed under the Open Government Licence v3.0.

This report may contain plans and records held by the Coal Authority and made publicly available at the time of inspection which may include British Geological Survey and Ordnance Survey data.

Conveyancing Information Executive and our terms & conditions

IMPORTANT CONSUMER PROTECTION INFORMATION

This search has been produced by Groundsure Ltd, Sovereign House, Church Street, Brighton, BN1 1UJ. Tel: 08444 159 000. Email: info@groundsure.com. Groundsure adheres to the Conveyancing Information Executive Standards.

The Standards

- Conveyancing Information Executive Members shall act in a professional and honest manner at all times in line with the Conveyancing Information Executive Standards and carry out the delivery of the Search with integrity and due care and skill.
- Compliance with the Conveyancing Information Executive Standards will be a condition within the Conveyancing Information Executive Member's Terms and Conditions.
- Conveyancing Information Executive Members will promote the benefits of and deliver the Search to the agreed standards and in the best interests of the customer and associated parties.

Complaints Advice

If you have a query or complaint about your search, you should raise it directly with the search firm, and if appropriate ask for any complaint to be considered under their formal internal complaints procedure.

If you remain dissatisfied with the firm's final response, after your complaint has been formally considered, or if the firm has exceeded the response timescales, you may refer your complaint for consideration under The Property Ombudsman scheme (TPOs). The Ombudsman can award up to £5,000 to you if the Ombudsman finds that you have suffered actual financial loss and/or aggravation, distress or inconvenience as a result of your search provider failing to keep to the Standards.

Please note that all queries or complaints regarding your search should be directed to your search provider in the first instance, not to TPOs.

COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE: If you want to make a complaint, we will:

- acknowledge it within 5 working days of receipt
- normally deal with it fully and provide a final response, in writing, within 20 working days of receipt
- liaise, at your request, with anyone acting formally on your behalf

Complaints should be sent to:

Operations Director, Groundsure Ltd, Sovereign House, Church Street, Brighton, BN1 1UJ. Tel: 08444 159 000. Email: info@groundsure.com If you are not satisfied with our final response, or if we exceed the response timescales, you may refer the complaint to The Property Ombudsman scheme (TPOs): Tel: 01722 333306, E-mail: admin@tpos.co.uk We will co-operate fully with the Ombudsman during an investigation and comply with their final decision.

Groundsure's Terms and Conditions can be viewed online at this link: <https://www.groundsure.com/terms-and-conditions-jan-2020/>

Important consumer protection information

All of the advice and reports that Groundsure produces are covered by a comprehensive Remediation Contribution policy to ensure customers are protected, see <https://www.groundsure.com/remediation> for full details.

Data providers

Groundsure works with respected data providers to bring you the most relevant and accurate information in your report. To find out who they are and their areas of expertise see <https://www.groundsure.com/sources-reference>.

Coal Mining Report Insurance Policy



Coal Mining Report Insurance Policy

The Schedule

Policy Number: The Reference contained in the **Coal Mining Search Report**

Premium: £1.40 inclusive of Insurance Premium Tax at 12%

Property: The property which is the subject of the **Coal Mining Search Report**

Limit of Indemnity: £100,000 increasing by 10% compound per annum on each anniversary of and for the first 10 years following the **Commencement Date**

Commencement Date: The date of the **Coal Mining Search Report**

You/Your:

1. A purchaser of the **Property**
2. A lender providing a **Mortgage** in connection with a purchase of the **Property**
3. A lender providing a **Mortgage** by way of a re-mortgage of the **Property**

Definitions

Where a word is defined below or in the schedule it shall carry the same meaning wherever it appears in bold text in this policy

Insured Use: The continued use of the **Property** as a single house or flat or a single commercial premises

Market Value: The value as determined by a surveyor appointed by agreement between **You** and **Us** or (in default of agreement) the President for the time being of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors

Mortgage: A mortgage or charge secured on the **Property** by an institutional mortgage lender

Coal Mining Search Report: The coal mining search report attached to this policy

Search: An official search comprising a search in form CON29M (2018) being mining searches relating to coal and brine in the area in which the **Property** is situated

We/Our/Us:

Zurich Insurance plc. A public limited company incorporated in Ireland. Registration No. 13460. Registered Office: Zurich House, Ballsbridge Park, Dublin 4, Ireland. UK Branch registered in England and Wales Registration No. BR7985. UK Branch Head Office: The Zurich Centre, 3000 Parkway, Whiteley, Fareham, Hampshire PO15 7JZ.

Zurich Insurance plc is authorised by the Central Bank of Ireland and authorised and subject to limited regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority. Details about the extent of our authorisation by the Financial Conduct Authority are available from us on request. Our FCA Firm Reference Number is 203093.

Communications may be monitored or recorded to improve our service and for security and regulatory purposes.

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Your Policy

This is a legal document and should be kept in a safe place.

This policy is an agreement between **You** and **Us** and cover is provided subject to the payment of the **Premium**.

You must read this policy and its conditions, exclusions, schedule and any endorsements as one contract. Please read all of them to make sure that they provide the cover **You** require. If they do not, please contact **Us** or **Your** insurance adviser who arranged the policy for **You**.

When **You** take out and make changes to the cover provided by this policy, **You** must take reasonable care to ensure that **You** accurately answer any questions which **We** ask of **You** and that any information **You** give **Us** is accurate. If **You** are taking out this policy for purposes which are mainly related to **Your** trade, business or profession, **You** must also let **Us** know about all facts which are material to **Our** decision to provide **You** with insurance. Failure to meet these obligations could result in this policy being invalidated, a claim not being paid, or an additional premium being charged.

Fair presentation of the risk

a) At inception of this policy and also whenever changes are made to it at **Your** request **You** must:

- i) where **You** have taken out this policy for purposes which are wholly or mainly related to **Your** trade, business or profession, disclose to **Us** all material facts in a clear and accessible manner and not misrepresent any material facts, and
- ii) where **You** have taken out this policy for purposes which are wholly or mainly unrelated to **Your** trade, business or profession, take reasonable care not to misrepresent any material facts.

b) If **You** do not comply with clause a) of this condition **We** may:

- i) avoid this policy which means that **We** will treat it as if it had never existed and refuse all claims where any non-disclosure or misrepresentation by **You** is proven by **Us** to be deliberate or reckless in which case **We** will not return the premium paid by **You**; and
- ii) recover from **You** any amount **We** have already paid for any claims including costs or expenses **We** have incurred.

c) If **You** do not comply with clause a) of this condition and the non-disclosure or misrepresentation is not deliberate or reckless this policy may be affected in one or more of the following ways depending on what **We** would have done if **We** had known about the facts which **You** failed to disclose or misrepresented:

- i) if **We** would not have provided **You** with any cover **We** will have the option to:
 1. avoid the policy which means that **We** will treat it as if it had never existed and repay the premium paid; and
 2. recover from **You** any amount **We** have already paid for any claims including costs or expenses **We** have incurred
- ii) if **We** would have applied different terms to the cover **We** will have the option to treat this policy as if those different terms apply. **We** may recover any payments made by **Us** on claims which have already been paid to the extent that such claims would not have been payable had such additional terms been applied
- iii) if **We** would have charged **You** a higher premium for providing the cover **We** will charge **You** the additional premium which **You** must pay in full.

d) If any insured person, other than **You**, is responsible for a misrepresentation or failure to make a fair presentation of the risk, **We** will invoke the remedies available to **Us** under this condition as against that particular person as if a separate insurance contract had been issued to them leaving the remainder of the policy unaffected.

NB: For the purposes of the duty of disclosure stated in paragraphs a) i) and ii) above the content of the **Coal Mining Search Report** will be deemed to satisfy **Your** disclosure obligations.

Cover

1. **You** are in the process of purchasing the **Property** relying on the **Coal Mining Search Report** and/or
2. **You** (being a lender) have agreed to provide a **Mortgage** in connection with **Your** borrower's purchase or re-mortgage of the **Property** relying on the **Coal Mining Search Report**.

We will pay the following losses sustained by **You** arising out of the **Property** being affected by any matter which would have been revealed by a **Search** had one been carried out on the date of the **Coal Mining Search Report** but which was not revealed by the **Coal Mining Search Report**:

1. any reduction in **Market Value** of the **Property** calculated at the date **You** become aware of the matter(s) and/or loss in connection with a **Mortgage** as a result of such reduction.
2. all other costs and expenses including out of court settlement costs incurred by **Us** or by **You** with **Our** prior written agreement.

Waiver of Breach of Policy Condition

We will not exercise **Our** right to avoid **Our** liability to **You** in respect of loss where **You** have inadvertently breached any term or condition of the policy provided that such breach does not prejudice **Our** rights and remedies under the policy or otherwise directly or indirectly result in or increase the amount of any loss.

Protection for Mortgagees and Successors in Title

We will not avoid **Our** liability to make a payment to **You** solely because another person breaches the terms and conditions of this policy, provided such breach was not committed on **Your** behalf or with **Your** agreement, and **We** will invoke the remedies available to **Us** under the Policy as against that other person as if a separate insurance contract had been issued to them leaving the remainder of the policy unaffected.

Joint Insured

Any party insured under this policy standing in the relation of parent company, subsidiary company, associated company, branch office or joint venture partner to each other will be deemed to be joint insured for the purposes of this policy and jointly liable and responsible for any breach of any terms and conditions of this policy. If there is any inconsistency between this clause and any other term of this policy, this clause shall prevail.

Exclusions

We will not pay for any:

1. amount in excess of the **Limit of Indemnity**.
2. loss which would be recoverable under a household buildings insurance policy.
3. loss arising from any matter that **You** were aware of at the **Commencement Date**.
4. loss if the **Property** is used for any purpose other than the **Insured Use**.

Claims Conditions and How to Claim

1. **You** must:

- i) give **Us** written notice as soon as possible of any potential or actual claim or any circumstances likely to result in a claim. Please provide the policy number, **Your** name, the full address of the **Property** and a brief description of the incident that has occurred. Notifications should be sent to: Speciality Lines Claims Team, Zurich Insurance, 8th Floor, 70 Mark Lane, London, EC3R 7NQ. Email: claims@uk.zurich.com, Enquiry line: telephone 0207 648 3523
- ii) pass all court documents and/or other communications to **Us** as soon as possible after receipt
- iii) not deal with, make any admission of liability or attempt to settle a claim without **Our** prior written agreement.
- iv) agree to and carry out at **Our** expense all things necessary to minimise any loss.
- v) provide all information and assistance that **We** may require to help defend and settle the claim.

2. **We** are entitled to:

- i) decide how to settle or defend a claim and may carry out proceedings in the name of any person insured under this policy, including proceedings for recovering any claim.
- ii) pay to **You** at any time, an amount equal to the **Limit of Indemnity** or any lower amount for which the claim can be settled, after deduction of any sum already paid. **We** may then give up control of and have no further liability in connection with the claim.

3. If **We** admit liability for a claim but there is a dispute as to the amount to be paid the dispute will be referred to an arbitrator. The arbitrator will be appointed jointly by **You** and **Us** in accordance with the law at the time. **You** may not take any legal action against **Us** over the dispute before the arbitrator has reached a decision.

4. If **You** or anyone acting on Your behalf:

- a) makes a fraudulent or exaggerated claim under this policy; or
- b) uses fraudulent means or devices including the submission of false or forged documents in support of a claim whether or not the claim is itself genuine; or
- c) makes a false statement in support of a claim whether or not the claim is itself genuine; or
- d) submits a claim under this policy for loss or damage which **You** or anyone acting on **Your** behalf or in connivance with **You** deliberately caused; or
- e) realises after submitting what **You** reasonably believed was a genuine claim under this policy and then fails to tell **Us** that **You** have not suffered any loss or damage; or
- f) suppresses information which **You** know would otherwise enable **Us** to refuse to pay a claim under this policy

We will be entitled to refuse to pay the whole of the claim and recover any sums that **We** have already paid in respect of the claim.

If any fraud is perpetrated by or on behalf of an insured person and not on behalf of **You** this condition should be read as if it applies only to that insured person's claim and references to this policy should be read as if they were references to the cover effected for that person alone and not to the policy as a whole.

5. If any claim is covered by any other insurance, **We** will not pay for more than **Our** share of that claim.

6. The most **We** will pay for any loss (or all losses in the aggregate), including costs and expenses agreed by **Us** is the **Limit of Indemnity**. Once **We** have paid a loss or losses equal to the amount of the **Limit of Indemnity**, **We** will have no further liability under this policy.

General Conditions

1. Neither **You** (nor anyone acting on **Your** behalf) must disclose the existence of this policy to any other party except **Your** legal and other professional advisers, prospective purchasers, lessees and tenants of the **Property**, their respective mortgagees, legal and other professional advisers.
2. In the UK the law allows both **You** and **Us** to choose the law applicable to the contract. This contract will be subject to the relevant law of England and Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland, the Isle of Man or the Channel Islands depending upon the Property address stated in the Schedule. If there is any dispute as to which law applies it will be English law. The parties agree to submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the English courts.
3. Notwithstanding any other terms of this policy **We** will be deemed not to provide cover nor will **We** make any payment or provide any service or benefit to **You** or any other party to the extent that such cover, payment, service, benefit and/or any business or activity of **Yours** would violate any applicable trade or economic sanctions law or regulation.

Cancellation Clause

If **You** have taken out this policy for purposes which are wholly or mainly unrelated to **Your** trade, business or profession, **You** may cancel this policy within 14 days of receiving the policy by writing to **Us** and in such event **We** may, at **Our** discretion, charge **You** for the time that **You** have been on cover. Any refund will be made to the party who paid the premium. If **You** do cancel, **You** may be in breach of the terms of **Your** mortgage or the terms of the contract for the sale of **Your** property. If **You** are in doubt, **You** may wish to seek legal advice prior to cancellation.

Fair Processing and Complaints Procedure Our Complaints Procedure

Our commitment to customer service

We are committed to providing a high level of customer service. If you feel we have not delivered this, we would welcome the opportunity to put things right for you.

Who to contact in the first instance

Many concerns can be resolved straight away. Therefore in the first instance, please get in touch with your usual contact at Zurich or your broker or insurance intermediary, as they will generally be able to provide you with a prompt response to your satisfaction.

Contact details will be provided on correspondence that we or our representatives have sent you.

Many complaints can be resolved within a few days of receipt

If we can resolve your complaint to your satisfaction within the first few days of receipt, we will do so. Otherwise, we will keep you

updated with progress and will provide you with our decision as quickly as possible.

Next steps if you are still unhappy

If you are not happy with the outcome of your complaint, you may be able to ask the Financial Ombudsman Service to review your case.

We will let you know if we believe the ombudsman service can consider your complaint when we provide you with our decision. The service they provide is free and impartial, but you would need to contact them within 6 months of the date of our decision.

More information about the ombudsman and the type of complaints they can review is available via their website www.financial-ombudsman.org.uk.

You can also contact them as follows:

Post: Financial Ombudsman Service, Exchange Tower, London, E14 9SR

Telephone: 08000 234567 (free on mobile phones and landlines)

Email: complaint.info@financial-ombudsman.org.uk

If the Financial Ombudsman Service is unable to consider your complaint, you may wish to obtain advice from the Citizens Advice Bureau or seek legal advice.

The Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS)

We are covered by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS) which means that you may be entitled to compensation if we are unable to meet our obligations to you. Further information is available on www.fscs.org.uk or by contacting the FSCS directly on 0800 678 1100.

How we use your information

Who controls your personal information

This notice tells you how Zurich Insurance plc ('Zurich'), as data controller, will deal with your personal information. Where Zurich introduces you to a company outside the group, that company will tell you how your personal information will be used.

You can ask for further information about our use of your personal information or complain about its use in the first instance, by contacting our Data Protection Officer at: Zurich Insurance Group, Tri-centre 1, Newbridge Square, Swindon, SN1 1HN or by emailing the Data Protection Officer at GBZ.General.Data.Protection@uk.zurich.com.

If you have any concerns regarding our processing of your personal information, or are not satisfied with our handling of any request by you in relation to your rights, you also have the right to make a complaint to the Information Commissioner's Office. Their address is: First Contact Team, Information Commissioner's Office, Wycliffe House, Water Lane, Wilmslow, SK9 5AF.

What personal information we collect about you

We will collect and process the personal information that you give us by phone, e-mail, filling in forms, including on our website, and when you report a problem with our website. We also collect personal information from your appointed agent such as your trustee, broker, intermediary or financial adviser in order to provide you with the services you have requested and from other sources, such as credit reference agencies and other insurance companies, for verification purposes. We will also collect information you have volunteered to be in the public domain and other industry-wide sources. We will only collect personal information that we require to fulfil our contractual or legal requirements unless you consent to provide additional information. The type of personal information we will collect includes; basic personal information (i.e. name, address and date of birth), occupation and financial details, health and family information, claims and convictions information and where you have requested other individuals be included in the arrangement, personal information about those individuals.

If you give us personal information on other individuals, this will be used to provide you with a quotation and/or contract of insurance and/or provision of financial services. You agree you have their permission to do so. Except where you are managing the contract on another's behalf, please ensure that the individual knows how their personal information will be used by Zurich. More information about this can be found in the 'How we use your personal information' section.

How we use your personal information

We and our selected third parties will only collect and use your personal information (i) where the processing is necessary in connection with providing you with a quotation and/or contract of insurance and/or provision of financial services that you have requested; (ii) to meet our legal or regulatory obligations; or (iii) for our 'legitimate interests'. It is in our legitimate interests to collect

your personal information as it provides us with the information that we need to provide our services to you more effectively including providing you with information about our products and services. We will always ensure that we keep the amount of information collected and the extent of any processing to the absolute minimum to meet this legitimate interest. Examples of the purposes for which we will collect and use your personal information are:

1. to provide you with a quotation and/or contract of insurance;
2. to identify you when you contact us;
3. to deal with administration and assess claims;
4. to make and receive payments;
5. to obtain feedback on the service we provide to you;
6. to administer our site and for internal operations including troubleshooting, data analysis, testing, research, statistical and survey purposes;
7. for fraud prevention and detection purposes.

We will contact you to obtain consent prior to processing your personal information for any other purpose, including for the purposes of targeted marketing unless we already have consent to do so.

Who we share your personal information with

Where necessary, we will share the personal information you gave us for the purposes of providing you with the goods and services you requested with the types of organisations described below:

associated companies including reinsurers, suppliers and service providers;
introducers and professional advisers;
regulatory and legal bodies;
survey and research organisations;
credit reference agencies;
healthcare professionals, social and welfare organisations; and
other insurance companies

Or, in order to meet our legal or regulatory requirements, with the types of organisations described below:

regulatory and legal bodies;
central government or local councils;
law enforcement bodies, including investigators;
credit reference agencies; and
other insurance companies

How we use your personal information for websites and email communications

When you visit one of our websites we may collect information from you such as your email address or IP address. This helps us to track unique visits and monitor patterns of customer website traffic, such as who visits and why they visit.

We use cookies and/or pixel tags on some pages of our website. A cookie is a small text file sent to your computer. A pixel tag is an invisible tag placed on certain pages of our website but not on your computer. Pixel tags usually work together with cookies to assist us to provide you with a more tailored service. This allows us to monitor and improve our email communications and website. Useful information about cookies, including how to remove them, can be found on our websites.

How we transfer your personal information to other countries

Where we transfer your personal information to countries that are outside of the UK and the European Union (EU) we will ensure that it is protected and that the transfer is lawful. We will do this by ensuring that the personal information is given adequate safeguards by using 'standard contractual clauses' which have been adopted or approved by the UK and the EU, or other solutions that are in line with the requirements of European data protection laws.

A copy of our security measures for personal information transfers can be obtained from our Data Protection Officer at: Zurich Insurance Group, Tri-centre 1, Newbridge Square, Swindon, SN1 1HN, or by emailing the Data Protection Officer at GBZ.General.Data.Protection@uk.zurich.com.

How long we keep your personal information for

We will retain and process your personal information for as long as necessary to meet the purposes for which it was originally

collected. These periods of time are subject to legal, tax and regulatory requirements or to enable us to manage our business.

Your data protection rights

You have a number of rights under the data protection laws, namely:

- to access your data (by way of a subject access request);
 - to have your data rectified if it is inaccurate or incomplete;
 - in certain circumstances, to have your data deleted or removed;
 - in certain circumstances, to restrict the processing of your data;
 - a right of data portability, namely to obtain and reuse your data for your own purposes across different services;
 - to object to direct marketing;
 - not to be subject to automated decision making (including profiling), where it produces a legal effect or a similarly significant effect on you;
 - to claim compensation for damages caused by a breach of the data protection legislation.
- if we are processing your personal information with your consent, you have the right to withdraw your consent at any time.

We will, for the purposes of providing you with a contract of insurance, processing claims, reinsurance and targeted marketing, process your personal information by means of automated decision making and profiling where we have a legitimate interest or you have consented to this.

What happens if you fail to provide your personal information to us

If you do not provide us with your personal information, we will not be able to provide you with a contract or assess future claims for the service you have requested.

Fraud prevention and detection

In order to prevent and detect fraud we may at any time:

- check your personal data against counter fraud systems
- use your information to search against various publicly available and third party resources
- use industry fraud tools including undertaking credit searches and to review your claims history
- share information about you with other organisations including but not limited to the police, the Insurance Fraud Bureau (IFB), other insurers and other interested parties.

If you provide false or inaccurate information and fraud is identified, the matter will be investigated and appropriate action taken. This may result in your case being referred to the Insurance Fraud Enforcement Department (IFED) or other police forces and fraud prevention agencies. You may face fines or criminal prosecution. In addition, Zurich may register your name on the Insurance Fraud Register, an industry-wide fraud database.

Claims history

We may pass information relating to claims or potential claims to any relevant database. We and other insurers may search these databases when you apply for insurance, when claims or potential claims are notified to us or at time of renewal to validate your claims history or that of any other person or property likely to be involved in the policy or claim.

This helps to check information provided and prevent fraudulent claims.

APPENDIX E

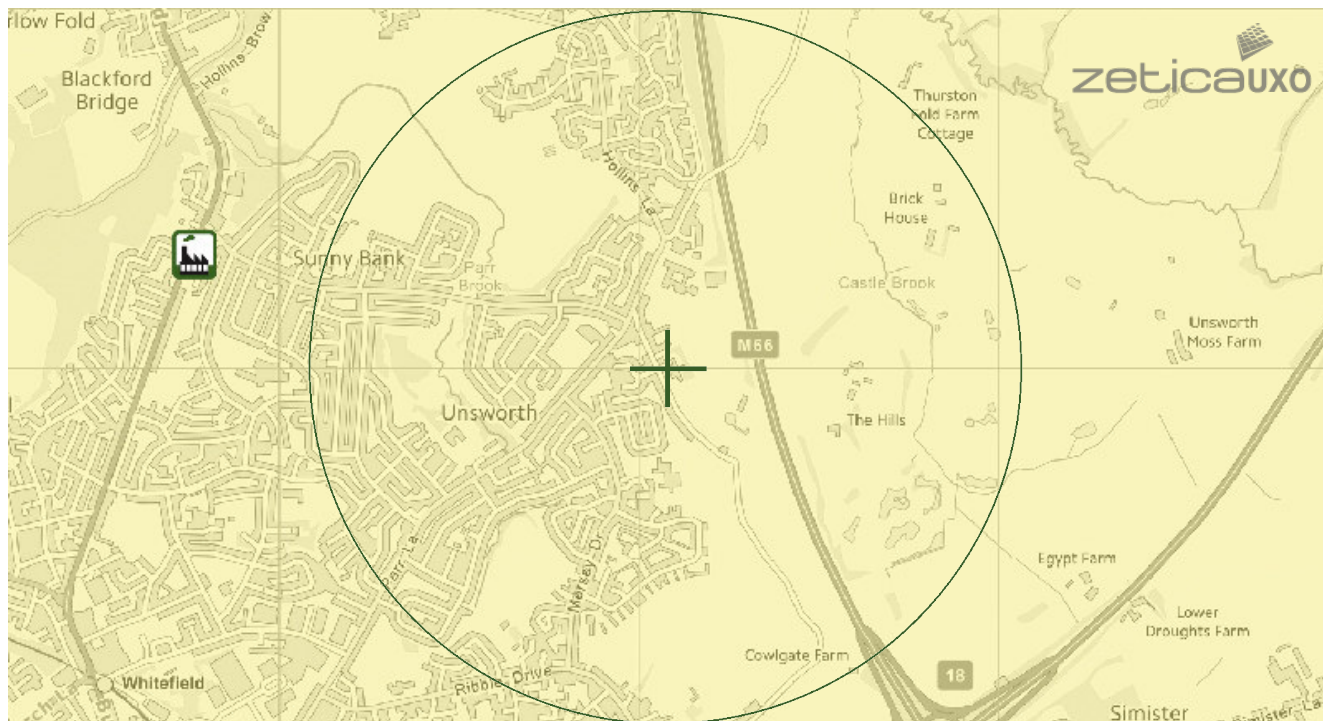
UXO Screening Map

UNEXPLODED BOMB RISK MAP



SITE LOCATION

Location: BL9 8QL,
Map Centre: 382087,407003



LEGEND

- High:** Areas indicated as having a bombing density of 50 bombs per 1000acre or higher.
- Moderate:** Areas indicated as having a bombing density of 15 to 49 bombs per 1000acre.
- Low:** Areas indicated as having 15 bombs per 1000acre or less.

- military
- industry
- UXO find
- transport
- dock
- Luftwaffe targets
- utilities
- Bombing decoy
- other

How to use your Unexploded Bomb (UXB) risk map?

The map indicates the potential for Unexploded Bombs (UXB) to be present as a result of World War Two (WWII) bombing.

You can incorporate the map into your preliminary risk assessment* for potential Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) for a site. Using this map, you can make an informed decision as to whether more in-depth detailed risk assessment* is necessary.

What do I do if my site is in a moderate or high risk area?

Generally, we recommend that a detailed UXO desk study and risk assessment is undertaken for sites in a moderate or high UXB risk area.

Similarly, if your site is near to a designated Luftwaffe target or bombing decoy then additional detailed research is recommended.

More often than not, this further detailed research will conclude that the potential for a significant UXO hazard to be present on your site is actually low.

Never plan site work or undertake a risk assessment using these maps alone. More detail is required, particularly where there may be a source of UXO from other military operations which are not reflected on these maps.

If my site is in a low risk area, do I need to do anything?

If both the map and other research confirms that there is a low potential for UXO to be present on your site then, subject to your own comfort and risk tolerance, works can proceed with no special precautions.

A low risk really means that there is no greater probability of encountering UXO than anywhere else in the UK.

If you are unsure whether other sources of UXO may be present, you can ask for one of our **pre-desk study assessments (PDSA)**

If I have any questions, who do I contact?

tel: +44 (0) 1993 886682

email: uxo@zetica.com

web: www.zeticauxo.com

The information in this UXB risk map is derived from a number of sources and should be used in conjunction with the accompanying notes on our website: (<https://zeticauxo.com/downloads-and-resources/risk-maps/>)

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It is important to note that this map is not a UXO risk assessment and should not be reported as such when reproduced.

*Preliminary and detailed UXO risk assessments are advocated as good practice by industry guidance such as CIRIA C681 'Unexploded Ordnance (UXO), a guide for the construction industry'.

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